

School of Biosciences

Biotechnology Course Handbook

2016-2017

Please note that all of the information given in this Student Course Handbook was correct at the time of going to press; Schools reserve the right to amend course structures or information and amend, substitute or withdraw modules detailed in this publication. Comments or feedback on the contents of this handbook are welcome, and will be used in the revised edition for 2017-2018. Any comments concerning this publication should be addressed to Kathy Wilson (Programme Manager) at the Sutton Bonington Campus or e-mail Kathy.Wilson@Nottingham.ac.uk.

This handbook is available in alternative formats. Please contact Kathy Wilson by emailing <u>Kathy.Wilson@Nottingham.ac.uk</u> or the Student Services Centre at the Sutton Bonington Campus to request an alternative format.

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1 Dates for Your Diary

Term dates

Autumn Term

Monday 26 September 2016 - Friday 16 December 2016

Spring Term

Monday 16 January 2017 - Friday 7 April 2017

Summer Term

Monday 8 May 2017 - Friday 23 June 2017

Semester dates

Autumn Semester

Monday 26 September 2016 - Saturday 28 January 2017

Spring Semester

Monday 30 January 2017 - Friday 23 June 2017

Exam dates

Autumn Semester

Monday 16 January 2017 to Saturday 28 January 2017 – including Saturday 21 January 2017

Spring Semester

Monday 22 May 2017 to Saturday 10 June 2017 – including Saturday 27 May and Saturday 3 June 2017

Late summer resits

Monday 21 August 2017 to Wednesday 30 August 2017 – excluding Saturday 26 August 2017

2 Course Handbook

This Manual is designed to give you all the information you need to allow you to progress your studies at Nottingham. It describes the various procedures and practices that are in place which are designed to help you achieve your goals. From time to time these have to be changed to meet new requirements put upon us by the University and changes are also made based on student opinion. Therefore at any time if you have a positive suggestion, which can bring about some improvement in what we do, please bring these to the attention of the Student Guild who are represented on a number of School Committees.

3 The School of Biosciences

The School of Biosciences is part of the Faculty of Science and is based mainly on the Sutton Bonington campus; the BSc/MSci Environmental Science and BSc Environmental Biology degrees are located at the University Park campus.

The School of Biosciences has over 80 academic members of staff, 895 undergraduate students and about 550 research and taught postgraduate students. Academic staff are allotted to one of 5 Divisions which reflect specific areas of teaching and research; Agricultural and Environmental Sciences, Animal Sciences, Food Sciences, Nutritional Sciences and Plant and Crop Sciences.

You can find full and detailed information about the School and its staff on our Website – www.nottingham.ac.uk/Biosciences

4 Advice

One of the first people you will meet is your Personal Tutor. Your Personal Tutor will be a member of academic staff with whom you have regular meetings, sometimes as part of a group. Your Tutor is there to give you help and support in person as well as guidance in academic matters. You should make every effort to establish a good relationship. Your Tutor will provide you with advice and details of your exam performance so it is essential that you discuss your progress, in confidence, with him/her at regular intervals.

Here are a few pieces of free advice; they come from fellow undergraduate students and from academic staff who helped us prepare this document.

- Most lecturers teach at a faster pace than you may be used to from school or college.
- Develop good note taking skills early in your university career.
- Lectures are progressive, i.e. each one builds on the last. Missing lectures is therefore dangerous, as is ignoring things that you didn't fully understand at the time.
- Module Conveners may issue a book list. Check with academic staff and 2nd and 3rd year students which are the most valuable to buy. You may not be able to afford them all. Books on your reading lists can be borrowed from the Libraries.
- You should expect to work outside of class time. This may include reading, rewriting your notes, doing coursework, writing reports, etc.
- Don't be afraid of asking questions in lectures. Lecturers like to know that students are
 following what they are saying. The question you ask may be exactly what other students
 were wondering but were afraid to ask. Most lecturers will provide opportunities for
 questions. You can also ask for help outside of lecture time.

- Don't be afraid to approach staff for help. Their offices are accessible to you and they have telephones and email. They are busy people but a large part of their work involves dealing with students. Please see "office hours" section for further details of how to make appointments with academic staff.
- Make use of their time, advice, experience and expertise.
- Remember that activities continue after the exams and that you are required to remain at the University until the end of each semester.
- Never hesitate to see the lecturer if you are having difficulty with his / her module or don't understand why you were given a particular mark
- Handing in coursework late means losing marks. 5% will be lost for every working day late.
- The School has a Learning Community Forum with staff and student representatives from each year. Use this system to make constructive comments about your course.
- If you become ill and have to miss more than a couple of days, or a coursework deadline, or if your performance in an exam is affected, go to see your tutor and complete an Extenuating Circumstances Form and on the website:
 http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/assessmentandawards/extenuating-circumstances-policy-and-procedures.aspx
- Missing an exam for any reason is extremely serious and should be avoided if at all
 possible. Let your Tutor know IMMEDIATELY and complete an extenuating circumstances
 form available as above.
- Check your email daily and Moodle updates; otherwise you may miss vital information.

5 Student Commitment

Students are expected to access their e-mail accounts regularly as this is the main means of communication. Please do not use any other personal email account which you may have for communication within the University. If you do, you risk losing out on important information

You are required to:

- **Read** this handbook and other documents referred to so that you are clear about the structure of your degree course and what is expected of you.
- **Abide** by University Ordinances, Regulations and other codes of practice (e.g. Computing, Safety etc.).
- Read **notices** placed on official notice boards, these provide an important primary channel of general communication and may advertise such information as rearrangements to the teaching timetable.

It is wise to carry a diary in which to note appointments with tutors, module conveners, course diary, etc.

6 Your School and Your Studies

Teaching Staff - Lecturers are responsible for teaching components of modules and for setting and marking assignments and examinations.

Each module has a **Convener** who is responsible for its organisation. At the start of the module, the Convener will issue to each student a document describing its aims, content, objectives, transferable skills, methods of assessment, dates for submission and return of coursework and penalties for late submission. Students will be given coursework turnaround details. S/he will also conduct a feedback exercise at the end of the module to gauge student opinion.

Each course has a **Course Director**, responsible for overseeing its structure and smooth running. The Course Director ensures balance between modules and liaises regularly with other staff to ensure that appropriate teaching and learning are provided. The **Course Directors** are directly responsible to the **Assistant Pro-Vice-Chancellor for Teaching and Learning** for ensuring that all levels of the teaching management structure operate efficiently. They should be notified of any significant problems. **Heads of Division** are ultimately responsible for the services provided by their staff.

The **Assistant Pro-Vice-Chancellor for Teaching and Learning** overseas the organisation and management of teaching across the School.

The **Semester 1 Tutor** is responsible for maintaining a balance of work between the core Semester 1 modules. S/he appoints student representatives and holds meetings at which any matters which students may wish to raise can be discussed. Don't be afraid to make your views known!

A list of the staff who hold these positions are included in this handbook (see Staff Roles section). Students should feel able to approach any of them with concerns they may have about aspects of their education. Your Personal Tutor can advise you and make the appropriate contacts.

7 Staff Roles

Role In School	Staff Member	Location See key at end of table	Tel	Email @nottingham. ac.uk
Head of School	Prof Simon Langley- Evans	МВ	16139	Simon.Langley- Evans
Director of Operations	Dr Sarah Johnson	МВ	16000	Sarah.Johnson
PA to Head of School and School Manager (Academic Administration)	Ms Susan Blencowe	МВ	16010	Susan.Blencowe
Sutton Bonington Programme Manager	Ms K J Wilson	Barn	16002	Kathy.Wilson
Sutton Bonington Manager	Miss Helen Wells	Barn	86504	Helen.Wells
4-Year Degree Tutor (Euro. Cert.)	Rachel Jessop	BBSB	16162	Rachel.Jessop
Marketing Manager	Ms Helen Rotherforth	MB	16607	Helen.Rotherforth
Sutton Bonington Programme Administration	Mrs Gill Fox	Barn	86501	Gillian.Fox
IT Support Officer	Mr Dave Walters	JCG	16511	Dave.Walters
U21 Co-ordinator	Rachel Jessop	BBSB	16162	Rachel.Jessop
Sutton Bonington Administrator	Mrs E Staves	Barn	86504	Elena.Staves
Sutton Bonington Senior Administrator	Mrs L Eaves	Barn	86508	Linda.Eaves

Building Locations

BBSB = Bioenergy and Brewing Science Building GB = Gateway Building

MB = Main Building

SL = South Lab Building

SO = School Office, Main Building
JCG = James Cameron Gifford Library

Heads of Division	Name	Building See key at end of table	Tel	Email @nottingham. ac.uk
Animal Sciences	Prof P Garnsworthy	SL	16065	Phil.Garnsworthy
Agricultural and Environmental Sciences	Prof S Mooney	GB	16257	Sacha.Mooney
Food Sciences	Prof Tim Foster	FS	16246	Tim.Foster
Nutritional Sciences	Prof Andy Salter	NL	16120	Andy.Salter
Plant and Crop Sciences	Prof M Holdsworth	PCS	16323	Mike.Holdsworth

Key Roles	Name	Building	Tel	Email @nottingham. ac.uk
Warden Bonington Hall	Dr I Hardy	SL	16052	Ian.Hardy
Senior Tutors	Prof M R Luck Dr L Bailey	SL	16309 16255	Martin.Luck Liz.Bailey
Semester 1 Tutor	Dr K Pyke	PCS	13216	Kevin.Pyke
Exam. Officer	Dr M Elmes	NL	16183	Matthew.J.Elmes
Study Abroad Co-ordinator	Dr Marcus Alcocer	NL	16103	Marcus.Alcocer
Biosciences Director of Learning and Teaching	Dr Fiona McCullough	NL	16118	Fiona.Mccullough
Malaysia School Coordinator	Dr Marcus Alcocer	PCS	16013	Marcus.Alcocer
Industrial Placement Officers & School Placement Officers	Dr J Wayte Rachel Jessop	BioB	16171 14380	Judith.Wayte Rachel.Jessop

Building Locations

BioB = Bioenergy Building FS = Food Sciences

GB = Gateway Building

NL = North Lab

PCS= Plant and Crop Sciences SL = South Lab Building

Course Directors	Name	Building See key at end of table	Tel	Email @nottingham. ac.uk
Agriculture Agricultural and Crop Science Agricultural and Environmental Science Agricultural and Livestock International Agricultural Science	Prof P Wilson	SL	16075	Paul.Wilson
Animal Science	Dr D Sweetman	SL	16019	Dylan.Sweetman
Applied Biology & Biotechnology	Dr Nagamani Bora (Mani)	PCS	TBC	Nagamani.Bora
Environmental Biology	Dr Ruth Blunt	Gateway Building, SB, or B47, Life Sciences, UP	16288	Ruth.Blunt
Environmental Science	Dr Ruth Blunt	Gateway Building, SB, or B47, Life Sciences, UP	16288	Ruth.Blunt
Food Science & Nutrition and Food Science	Dr D Gray	FS	16147	David.Gray
Microbiology	Dr J Hobman	FS	16166	Jon.Hobman
Master of Nutrition and Dietetics	Dr F McCullough	NL	16118	Fiona.Mccullough
Nutrition	Dr P Jethwa Dr J Majewicz	NL NL	16604 16106	Preeti.Jethwa Jon.Majewicz
Plant Science	Dr Kevin Pyke	PCS	13216	Kevin.Pyke

Building Locations

FS= Food Sciences Building

GB = Gateway Building

NL = North Lab Building

PCS= Plant and Crop Sciences SL = South Lab Building

8 Academic Staff and Locations

Name	Room	Telephone	Divisions*
		Number	
Dr R Alberio	B223, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6304	AS
Dr M Alcocer	49E, 2 nd Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6103	NS
Dr R Anand-Ivell	B216, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6298	AS
Mrs A Avery	49D, North Laboratory Building	0115 951 6238	NS
Dr E Bailey	C21, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6255	AES
Dr M Bell	B228, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6056	AES
Ms M Benlloch Tinoco	A18 Biosciences. Main Building	0115 951 6146	МВ
Prof M J Bennett	C06, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 3255	PCS
Dr A Bishopp	A15, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6108	PCS
Dr R Blunt	B47, Life Sciences Building or C18 Gateway Building	0115 951 3238	AES
Dr N Bora	B06, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6011	PCS
Dr J Brameld	43, 1st Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6133	NS
Prof M Broadley	A05, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6382	PCS
Dr K Brown	B30a, Food Science Building	0115 951 6509	FS
Dr N Chapman	306, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6082	PCS
Dr L Coneyworth	58, 2nd Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6124	NS
Prof I F Connerton	B28, Food Sciences Building	0115 951 6119	FS
Dr D Cook	C04, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6245	FS
Prof N Crout	C19, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6253	AES
Prof C E R Dodd	B30, Food Science Building	0115 951 6163	FS
Dr S Egan	C21 School of Veterinary Medicine and Science	0115 951 6659	VS
Dr M Elmes	53, 2nd Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6183	NS
Dr I Fisk	A28, FS Building	0115 951 6037	FS
Dr R Ford	C03, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6685	FS
Prof T Foster	B29, FS Building	0115 951 6246	FS
Dr M J Foulkes	312, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6024	PCS
Dr R G Fray	C33, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6371	PCS
Dr A P French	C08a, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6108	PCS
Prof P C Garnsworthy	B203, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6065	AS
Dr Z Gonzalez- Carranza	C11, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6335	PCS
Dr N Graham	C30, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6681	PCS
Dr D Gray	A29, FS Building	0115 951 6147	FS
Dr D Greetham	A20 Food Science	0115 951 6578	FS
Prof S E Harding	A15, The Limes	0115 951 6148	FS
Dr I Hardy	C26, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6052	AES
Dr J Harris	C18, Vet School	0115 951 6316	AS
Dr K Harris-Adams	C311, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6066	AES
Dr P J Hill	B21, FS Building	0115 951 6169	FS
Dr J L Hobman	B22, FS Building	0115 951 6166	FS
Prof M J Holdsworth	301B, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6046	PCS
Prof J Hort	C10, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6222	FS

Rachel Jessop	C05, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6162	FS
Dr P Jethwa	55, North Laboratory Building	0115 951 6604	NS
Miss J Kearns	30, 1st floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6756	NS
Prof I P King	C21, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6372	PCS
Dr J King	C26, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 3205	PCS
Dr B Lomax	C24, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6258	AES
Prof M R Luck	B207, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6309	AS
Dr S Lydon	C08, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6289	PCS
Dr J Majewicz	37, 1st floor, North Laboratory Building	0115 951 6106	NS
Dr G Mann	B208, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6326	AS
Dr J Margerison	B209 South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6301	AS
Dr S Mayes	301C, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 8062	PCS
Dr F S W McCullogh	26,1st Floor, North Laboratory Building	0115 951 6118	NS
Dr K Mellits	B26, FS Building	0115 951 6172	FS
Dr K M Millar	B67, Vet School	0115 951 6303	AS
Prof S Mooney	C31, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6257	AES
Dr E H Murchie	301C, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6082	PCS
Dr A Murton	49H, 2nd Floor, North Laboratory Building	0115 823 6592	NS
Dr T Parr	53A, 2nd Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6128	NS
Miss J Pearce	49G, 2nd Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6105	NS
Dr C Powell	C02, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6191	FS
Dr S Price	CO8 Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg	0115 951 6742	FS
Dr K Pyke	C09, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 3216	PCS
Dr D Quain	C08 BABS	0115 951 6160	FS
Dr C Raaff	26 North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6121	NS
Dr S Ramsden	308, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6078	AES
Dr R Ray	303, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6094	PCS
Dr C E D Rees	B23, FS Building	0115 951 6167	FS
Prof K Ritz	C22 Gateway Building	0115 951 6288	AES
Dr T P Robbins	C27, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6329	PCS
Dr A Rosenthal	A24 Food Sciences	0115 951 6038	FS
Prof A M Salter	32A, 1st Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6120	NS
Dr D Scott	B19, FS Building	0115 951 6221	FS
Prof G Shaw	C29, The Gateway Building	0115 951 3206	AES
Dr C Siettou	C304 South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6306	AES
Prof K D Sinclair	B210, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6053	AS
Dr M S Sjogersten	C27, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6239	AES
Dr D L Sparkes	330, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6074	PCS
Dr D Stekel	C20, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6294	AES
Dr C Stevenson	A57, Vet School	0115 951 6055	AS
Dr R Stoger	B232, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6232	AS
Miss R Stow	40, 1st floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6170	NS
Dr A Swali	A20, Ground Floor, FS Bldg	0115 951 6578	FS
Dr R Swarup	C31, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6284	PCS
Dr D Sweetman	B234, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6019	AS
Dr J A Swift	57a, Second Floor, North Lab	0115 951 6178	NS

	School of Veterinary Medicine and		
Dr R Tarlington	Science	0115 951 6273	VS
Dr M Taylor	52, 2nd Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 95 16104	NS
Dr A Waterfall	B224, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6307	AS
Dr S Welham	24, North Laboratory Building	0115 951 6129	NS
Dr D Wells	C07, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 6108	PCS
Dr H West	C28, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6268	AES
Mrs E Weston	A22, FS Building	0115 951 6146	FS
Dr G White	B227, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6068	AS
Dr K Whitehead	28A, 1st Floor, North Laboratory Bldg	0115 951 6136	NS
Prof P Wilson	332, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6075	AES
Prof Z A Wilson	A03, Plant Sciences Building	0115 951 3235	PCS
Prof J Wiseman	B205, South Laboratory Building	0115 951 6054	AS
Dr B Wolf	A27, Ground Floor, FS Bldg	0115 951 6134	FS
Dr S Young	C25, The Gateway Building	0115 951 6256	AES

*Divisional codes

AES Agricultural & Environmental Sciences

AS Animal Sciences

BBS Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg

FS Food Sciences MB Main Building

NS Nutritional Science

PCS Plant and Crop Sciences

VS School of Veterinary Medicine and Science

9 Course Structure, Organisation and Choosing Your Modules

The Academic Year

The academic year at Nottingham is based on 2 semesters (autumn and spring) spread over three terms.

The following definitions might be helpful to you:

- Credits indicate a quantity of assessed learning. They contribute to a cumulative indication
 of modules which a student has completed. One credit equates to approximately 10 hours
 of study.
- A **Module** is a specified programme of study which is self-contained and attracts a specified number of credits. Examinations are held at the end of most modules. A ten credit module accounts for approximately 100 hours of your time, of which usually no more than 40 hours will be spent in the lecture room or laboratory
- A Course of Study is a set of modules satisfying the requirements for a particular degree and attracting 320 credits for an Ordinary Bachelor degree and 360 credits for an Honours degree.
- The levels in a course of study leading to an Honours degree are as follows

 Year 1 (120 credits) 	Level 1
 Year 2 (120 credits) 	Level 2
 Year 3 (120 credits) 	Level 3

And for a Master of Nutrition and Dietetics or MSci degree

• Year 4 (120 credits) Level 4

Credits achieved in Year 1 are for progression purposes only and will not contribute to the final degree classification.

- A **semester** is a division of the academic year. It consists of twelve weeks of teaching, coursework and revision, plus two (Autumn Semester) or four (Spring Semester) weeks of assessment and consultation.
 - Note: Although each academic year is divided for teaching purposes into two semesters, there is still a three-term pattern of attendance, with breaks at Christmas, Easter and during the summer.
- A year is period of study consisting of an Autumn Semester followed by a Spring Semester.
 Assessment may be by means of written examination papers, oral examinations or coursework. Progression and/or degree classification are based on the outcome of the assessment
- A **mark** module a numerical indication of the quality of the assessed work completed by a student in each. Marks awarded are subject to the approval of the Board of Examiners and are ratified by an External Examiner.

Choosing optional modules*

At module advisory days you will be asked to complete a module registration form that details your chosen optional modules for ALL PERIODS, i.e. for modules totalling 120 credits. All entries must include the module code. **All optional choices must be approved and signed by your Course Director.** You will have an opportunity at the beginning of the Autumn/Spring Semesters (the "Two week change of mind period") to make adjustments to your choices for that semester; you will also need to check that there are no timetable clashes.

Your choice of modules must normally total 60 credits per semester, and in any event not less than **50 credits** or more than **70 credits** per semester. To determine how a Full Year module contributes to the number of credits in a given semester, check the semester credit split for that module in the Module Catalogue modulecatalogue.nottingham.ac.uk/Nottingham

IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY to see that your combination of modules accords with the Regulations for your course and teaching timetable. Failure to do so could prevent you from progressing to the next year of the course or from graduating.

Once you have chosen your optional modules and they have been approved, IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY to ensure that you read the Declaration, sign the form and hand it to School Office staff. After that date changes to Full Year and Autumn Semester choices will not be allowed. Failure to hand in the form by the date displayed may lead to incorrect examination entries and records.

*There are some courses in Year 1 where there are no optional modules; however this information is useful for Years 2 and 3.

Modules outside Biosciences

If you wish to register for an optional module from outside the School of Biosciences, you should write the module details on your Module Entry Form and obtain a signature in the "Agreed" box from the School that offers the module, as confirmation that the offering School accepts your registration (or email and provide email confirmation).

A complete list of modules within the University can be found in the Catalogue of Modules at modulecatalogue.nottingham.ac.uk/Nottingham

10 Biotechnology

Course Manager: Dr Nagamani Bora

Contact details: e: nagamani.bora@nottingham.ac.uk or t: 0115 951 6011

Qualifying Year (Year 1)

Compulsory

Students must take all modules in this group

Code	Title	Credits	Taught
D211F3	The Biosciences and Global Food Security	10	Autumn
D211P1	Genes and Cells: 1	10	Autumn
C112P1	Plant Science	10	Spring
D212P3	Applied Genetics	10	Spring
D212Z5	Introductory Physiology	20	Spring
D21BF7	The Physiology of Microbes	20	Full Year
D21BG1	Biosciences Tutorials (Academic Development) and Foundation	20	Full Year
D21BN2	Biochemistry – The Building Blocks of Life	20	Full Year

Year 2

Compulsory

Students must take all modules in this group

Code	Title	Credits	Taught
D223N6	Principles of Immunology	10	Autumn
D223P0	Molecular Biology and the Dynamic Cell	20	Autumn
D224G1	Professional Skills for Bioscientists	20	Spring
D224P8	Molecular Pharming and Biotechnology	20	Spring

Restricted

Students must take 50 credits from this group

Code	Title	Credits	Taught
C72341	Principles of Gene Function	10	Autumn
D223A7	Applied Animal Science	20	Autumn
D223F6	Bacterial Biological Diversity	10	Autumn
D223F7	Virology	10	Autumn
D223P9	Applied plant physiology: from cell to crop	20	Autumn
C12461	Microbial Biotechnology	10	Spring
D224E4	Computer Modelling in Science: Introduction (UP)	20	Spring
D224F9	Analysis of Bacterial Gene Expression	10	Spring
D224P7	Plant Pests and Diseases	20	Spring
D224Z6	Principles of Animal Health and Disease	10	Spring
D223N8	Principles of Animal Nutrition	10	Spring

Year 3

Compulsory

Students must take all modules in this group

Code	Title	Credits	Taught
D23PRO	Undergraduate Research Project	40	Full Year

Restricted

Students must take 80 credits from this group

Code	Title	Credits	Taught
C13569	Fundamental and Applied Aspects of Plant Genetic Manipulation	10	Autumn
C13594	Gene Regulation	10	Autumn
C135E9	Computer Modelling in Science: Applications	20	Autumn
C135P2	Molecular Plant Pathology	10	Autumn
C135P3	Basic Introduction to Omic Technologies	10	Autumn
D235F1	The Microflora of Foods	20	Autumn
D235F5	Molecular Microbiology and Biotechnology	20	Autumn
D235P2	Plant Cell Signalling	10	Autumn
D235Z1	Biotechnology in Animal Physiology	10	Autumn
D235Z5	Applied Bioethics 1: Animals, Biotechnology and Society	10	Autumn
F13CBE	Chemical Biology and Enzymes	10	Autumn
C136E6	Environmental Biotechnology	10	Spring
D236A3	Current Issues in Crop Science	10	Spring
D236F5	Rapid Methods in Microbial analysis	10	Spring
D236F6	Microbial Fermentation	10	Spring
D236M1	Virology and Cellular Microbiology	10	Spring
D236P3	Plant Disease Control	10	Spring
D236P4	Sex, Flowers and Biotechnology	10	Spring
D236Z6	Applied Bioethics 2: Sustainable Food Production, Biotechnology and the Environment	10	Spring
D236Z8	Epigenetics and Development	10	Spring
N13330	Technology Entrepreneurship in Practice	10	Spring
D23BA7	Genetic Improvement of Crop Plants	20	Full Year
D23BN3	Molecular Nutrition	20	Full Year

11 Table of Modules

Revised 20/08/2016

Semester 1 followed by year 1 students in autumn session 2016/17

		\mid														
<u>e</u>	Agr	Agric (Production) (E	Agric (Business)	іАВМ	Ag & C	Ag & LS	Ani Sci	Biotech	Dietetics	Env Biol	Env Sci	Food Sci	Microbio	Nutrition	Nutri and Food Sci	Plant Sci
Code																
D21BG1	10 of	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20				10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20
D211F3	10	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10			10	10	10	10	10
D21BN2	10 of	10 of 20			10 of 20			10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20				
D211P1	10	0			10	10	10	10	10				10	10		10
D211A2	10	0	10	10		10	10									
D21BN1						10 of 20	10 of 20		10 of 20			10		10 of 20	10 of 20	
D211A3			20	20												
D21BF3													10 of 20			
D21BF7								10 of 20					10 of 20			
Dietetics Tutorial (academic Development) D21BN6									5 of 10							
D21BN5									5 of 10							
D211F4												10			10	
D21BF1												10 of 20		10 of 20	10 of 20	
D21BF7																
D21BN4									10 of 20					10 of 20		
C111E1										20	20					
C111E5											20					
C11EEB										10 of 20						
C11BE1										10 of 20	10 of 20					
D212E4											10 of 20					
C11LOE										10 of 20						
C81SOC													10			
F11MCW													10			
D212P5		\dashv			10											10

NB Modules in semesters 2 - 6 may have pre-requisite modules. It is your responsibility to ensure you are taking the appropriate pre-requisites for later modules. Module choices are subject to timetabling constraints. It is therefore important to check the timetable and pre-requisites when making your module choices.

Black sections: core Grey Sections: recommended options (UP) = Module based at University Park

		Agric (Production)	Agric (Business)	іАВМ	Ag & C	Ag & LS	Ani Sci E	Biotech I	Dietetics	Env Biol	Env Sci	Food Sci	Microbiol	Nutrition	Nutri & Food Sci	Plant Sci
General	Module No															
Biosciences Tutorials (Academic Development) and Foundation Scien	D21BG1	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20 1	10 of 20				10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20
Biochemistry – The Building Blocks of Life	D21BN2	10 of 20			10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20 1	10 of 20	10 of 20			10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20	10 of 20
Applied Genetics	D212P3					10	10	10					10			10
Introduction to Nutrition	D21BN1					10 of 20	10 of 20		10 of 20			10 of 20		10 of 20	10 of 20	
The Physiology of Microbes	D21BF7						T	10 of 20					10 of 20			
Microbes and You	D21BF3												10 of 20			
Food Materials and Ingredients	D21BF1											10 of 20		10 of 20	10 of 20	
Contemporary Agricultural Systems	D212A2	10	10	10	10	10				10	10	10			10	
The Ecology of Natural and Managed Ecosystems	D211E5	20	20	20	20						20					20
Introduction to Dietetics	D21BN5								5 of 10							
Dietetics Tutorials (academic development	D21BN6								5 of 10							
Introduction to Health Behaviours	D21BN4								10 of 20					10 of 20		
Grassland Management	D212A1	10	10	10	10	10				10	10					10
Microbial Physiology	D212F7											10				
Physiology for Food Scientists	D212F9														10	
Introductory Physiology	D212Z5						20	20	20					20		
Dissertation in Environmental Science (UP)	C11BE1									10 of 20	10 of 20					
Life on Earth	C11L0E									of						
Evolution, Ecology and Behaviour	C11EEB									10 of 20						
Integrated Agri-Food Markets and Marketing	D212A3		20	20												
Managing Tourism & the Environment: Conflict or Consensus (UP)	N12122										10					
Environmental Science and Society	D212E4									10 of 20	10 of 20					
The Anthropology of Human Ecology (UP)	AA1017									10	10					
Microorganisms and Disease (UP)	C51201									10			10			
Plant Science (UP)	C112P1	10			10			10		10	10					10

NB Modules in semesters 2 - 6 may have pre-requisite modules. It is your responsibility to ensure you are taking the appropriate pre-requisites f Module choices are subject to timetabling constraints. It is therefore important to check the timetable and pre-requisites when making your module choices.

Black sections: core Grey Sections: recommended options (UP) = Module based at University Park

12 Timetable Information

Academic Year 2016-2017 Week Pattern for the UK CAMPUS

Teaching starts Thursday 29 September 2016 (if your modules are taught on either

a Thursday or Friday)

a Thursday or Frid			, ,
Syllabus Plus	Teaching	Week	Comments
Timetable Week	Week	Commencing	
1	1	26/09/2016	Registration/Induction
2	2	03/10/2016	Autumn Semester
3	3	10/10/2016	Autumn Semester
4	4	17/10/2016	Autumn Semester
5	5	24/10/2016	Autumn Semester
6	6	31/10/2016	Autumn Semester
7	7	07/11/2016	Autumn Semester
8	8	14/11/2016	Autumn Semester
9	9	21/11/2016	Autumn Semester
10	10	28/11/2016	Autumn Semester
11	11	05/12/2016	Autumn Semester
12	12	12/12/2016	term finishes Friday 16/12/16
13	Vacation	19/12/2016	Christmas
14	Vacation	26/12/2016	Christmas
15	Vacation	02/01/2017	Christmas
16	Vacation	09/01/2017	Christmas
17	Assessment	16/01/2017	Assessment
18	Assessment	23/01/2017	Assessment
19	1	30/01/2017	Spring Semester
20	2	06/02/2017	Spring Semester
21	3	13/02/2017	Spring Semester
22	4	20/02/2017	Spring Semester
23	5	27/02/2017	Spring Semester
24	6	06/03/2017	Spring Semester
25	7	13/03/2017	Spring Semester
26	8	20/03/2017	Spring Semester
27	9	27/03/2017	Spring Semester
28	10	03/04/2017	Spring Semester (ends 07/04//17)
29	Vacation	10/04/2017	Easter (Good Friday 14/04/17)
30	Vacation	17/04/2017	Easter (Easter Monday 17/04/17)
31	Vacation	24/04/2017	Easter
32	Vacation	01/05/2017	Easter
33	11	08/05/2017	Spring Semester
34	12	15/05/2017	Revision/Assessment
35	Assessment	22/05/2017	Assessment
36	Assessment	29/05/2017	Assessment
37	Assessment	05/06/2017	Assessment
38	-	12/06/2017	-
39	-	19/06/2017	term finishes Friday 23/06/17
40		26/06/2017	
41		03/07/2017	
42		10/07/2017	
43		17/07/2017	
44		24/07/2017	
45		31/07/2017	
46		07/08/2017	
47		14/08/2017	
.,	<u> </u>	, 00, 201,	

48	Assessment	21/08/2017	Re-sit Period
49	Assessment	28/08/2017	Re-sit Period
50		04/09/2017	
51		11/09/2017	
52		18/09/2017	

13 Teaching Methods

Lectures

Throughout your university career, you will find that lectures are the most common method of teaching. It is most important for you to ensure that you have a set of good clear notes based on the lectures **and** your own reading. As you progress through the second and third years of your degree, you will be expected to do increasing amounts of reading; it is therefore useful to develop your reading skills during your first year. Teaching of some modules is complemented by the use of teaching software.

Hints and tips for making the most effective use of the teaching and learning opportunities available to you are provided in *Study Skills Guide* given to all students at the beginning of their first year).

NB books which should be purchased will be identified at the start of teaching - you are advised not to buy any books prior to this unless otherwise indicated in the recommended reading lists at the end of each module synopses.

Practical Classes

Course requirements may require you to take practical classes. These may involve laboratory experiments or observations and analysis of data obtained during the sessions. Practical sessions provide an opportunity to learn and develop additional skills in techniques, observation and analysis. Practical classes also provide an opportunity to extend your knowledge of topics not covered in lectures. For each practical course you will receive a laboratory manual or collection of schedules which will expand on the learning experience of the course.

Some large first year classes are taught simultaneously in adjacent laboratories. Consult the class lists posted on the notice boards to identify the laboratory you will work in. For each practical class, at least one member of academic staff will always be in attendance. S/he will be accompanied by postgraduate students who work as demonstrators. In some cases, technicians may also be present to assist. The teaching team is present in the laboratory to aid your learning experience, so please seek their help as much as you need, and ensure you carry out your work safely, with no harm to yourself or other students. Practical classes provide a valuable opportunity for you to get to know the academic staff in a less formal way and for them to help you. These classes frequently provide an excellent opportunity for you to raise questions from the lecture course with the member of staff and deal with problems you may have.

For all practical classes, you **MUST WEAR** a suitable full-length laboratory coat, which must be buttoned at all times. You will be given a lab coat and safety glasses during Week 1 and advised about any other items you need to purchase. You **MUST** also **WEAR** safety glasses at all times unless advised to the contrary by an academic member of staff.

Safe working and good laboratory practices are essential in the laboratory environment and all laboratory exercises must be formally assessed under the regulations of COSSH. Details of these assessments are noted in the laboratory manual or schedule to draw your attention to specific hazards and the requirements of safe practice. During the introduction to a practical class, the member of staff in charge will give a verbal statement on safety issues.

Food and drink **MUST NOT** be taken into the laboratory.

Assessed Work

Many modules have an element of student-centred learning, especially in Parts I (Year 2) and II (Year 3) of your course. The work involved in these is assessed and forms part of the overall mark for the module. The proportion of the mark allotted to coursework is identified in each module description. Penalties are applied for late submission of coursework (5% per working day), unless there are extenuating circumstances and appropriate documentation is provided. In general, modules in the School of Bioscience use electronic submission of coursework through Moodle as the means of submission.

IT Training

IT is increasingly important as a basis of learning, communication and the preparation of your work e.g. dissertation, BSc project thesis and laboratory reports. It is important that you develop/improve your IT skills as you progress through your course.

Computer-aided Learning (CAL)

Several modules include computer-based teaching material, quizzes, exercises, simulations. In order to use these, you must be registered on the School of Biosciences Network. You may be assessed on some of these packages while using them or in the form of a conventional write-up. You should be prepared to take notes as you work through material on computers.

14 Assessment, Progression, Compensation and Reassessment

The University Undergraduate Course Regulations apply to all the School's BSc, MSci and MNutr degrees.

The regulations can be found at:

 $\underline{www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/studyregulations/studyregulationsfor} \underline{undergraduatecourses.aspx}$

You should note that:

- The pass mark for a module is 40%.
- Progression and Compensation (BSc): You don't need to pass all modules in order to progress to the next stage of your course. Compensation of failed modules can be achieved in the following ways – if you have:
 - (a) passed modules worth at least 80 credits and have a weighted average for the stage of at least 40% with no module marks of less than 30%;

or

(b) passed modules worth at least 100 credits and have a weighted average for the stage of at least 50%.

or

(c) passed modules worth at least 90 credits, have marks of 30% or more in modules worth at least 110* credits, and have a weighted average for the stage of at least 45%.

Progression and Compensation (MNutr): At the Part I, Part II and Part III stage, no core module can be compensated with the exception of optional modules for which university regulations apply. In addition, students must obtain at least 35% in both the examination and coursework components of these modules, although a mark between 35% and 39% in either the examination or coursework may be compensated by the other component of assessment.

Progression (MSci): At the end of Part I, students on the MSci degree must achieve an overall average of 55% at first sit in order to progress to Part II.

• **Reassessment:** If you do not reach the criteria for progression at the end of stage of study, you have a right to one re-assessment in each failed module. The form of reassessment is normally the same as for the first sit, with some exceptions (for example some MCQ papers are sometimes replaced with essay-style papers). For modules which are assessed by both coursework and exam, the School of Biosciences requires that, if the module has been failed overall, then you must be reassessed in the examination element of that module, even if that component of assessment has been passed.

In addition, if you have failed the coursework overall (of a module which is assessed by both coursework and examination) you may elect to resubmit remedial coursework. However, if you have passed your coursework overall, you are not entitled to resubmit either the whole coursework or any failed component within your coursework assessments. If you wish to take up the option of remedial coursework, you must make contact with the appropriate module convener (or his/her representative) **within 7 days** of the date of the letter notifying you that you have failed to progress. The module convener will give you a title and submission date for the coursework. Any remedial coursework must be submitted before the start of the August examination period.

However, individual module conveners have the right to set earlier deadlines at the time of setting the coursework.

Please note: for modules which have both an examination and coursework component, it is not possible for you to be reassessed by resubmitting coursework alone; you are required to retake the examination, even if this element of the module has been passed.

This policy allows students to maximise their chances of passing the module after reassessment. In Part I (and Part II [Master of Nutrition]), the ORIGINAL marks are carried forward for degree classification purposes. However, reassessment marks may be considered by the examining boards if the candidate is on the borderline between degree classes.

- **Progression after reassessment**: For progression purposes, the higher or highest of the marks obtained in each module (at first attempt or upon re-assessment) are considered and the progression and compensation regulations applied accordingly.
- **Marking Schemes:** see appendices 1-6.
- **Progression Charts:** see appendix 6 and can be viewed at http://goo.gl/N492mp
- BSc Degree Candidates

Award of an Honours degree is dependent on completion and submission of a final year project.

When the overall Part I / Part II mark has been computed, it is rounded to provide a single overall integer mark before any degree classification is assigned. Subject to the exception of borderline candidates and those with extenuating circumstances, who may be awarded a higher degree classification, students shall be awarded the class of degree with their overall mark. The classes of honours degree are as follows:-

- First Class average of 70%+
- Second Class (Division 1) average of 60-69%.
- Second Class (Division II) average of 50-59%.
- Third Class average of 40-49%.

The standardised weighting for the stages of a Bachelor degree will be 33/67 for Parts I and II respectively, and the standardised weighting for an Integrated Master's degree (undergraduate) will be 20/40/40 for Parts I, II and III respectively

Borderline Profiling

Classification borderlines will be based on the overall rounded average mark (credit and stage weighted). Borderline overall averages will be as follows:

2:1-1st 68, 69 2:2-2:1 58, 59

3rd-2:2 48, 49

A student should be given the higher class if either of the following criteria are met:

- Half or more of the final stage credits are in the higher class;
- Half or more of the final and penultimate stage credits are in the higher class

Further Reading

Full details of regulations can be viewed on the UoN Quality Manual page at http://goo.gl/qoQPi3

15 Extenuating Circumstances

Policy regarding extensions to coursework on grounds of Extenuating Circumstances, Disability or Specific Learning Difficulties Summary:

- 1) Extensions to coursework will not normally be given unless the student has a specific recommendation from the School's Extenuating Circumstances Committee, or Academic/Disability Support.
- 2) Extensions will not normally be given as a result of short-term illness of less than 7 days unless the module convenor agrees this.
- 3) Students with Academic/Disability referrals allowing the option for coursework extension may arrange for a short extension to coursework submission with the module convener, on the basis of particular circumstances, without the need to apply for extenuating circumstances.
- 4) Students with approved extenuating circumstances may be granted an extension to coursework submission of usually no more than 21 calendar days.

Full details of the school's implementation of University policy is below. Meeting deadlines is an important part of working life. It is important that students develop time management skills and the ability to meet deadlines before undertaking work placements or entering the workforce on graduation. Coursework deadlines are normally set at the start of the module by the module convenor¹, and clearly stated in module documents/introductory teaching sessions. This gives students the opportunity to identify periods of high workload within each semester and plan their time accordingly. Whilst course teams will try to adapt deadlines to avoid coursework 'hotspots', deadlines are set as appropriate for each individual module and it is the student's responsibility to plan their time accordingly.

Extensions to coursework deadlines can be given in limited circumstances – for example, if students have extenuating circumstances, disability or specific learning difficulties. These are dealt with in the following way.

- Extensions to coursework will not be given to students unless they have a specific recommendation from Academic/Disability Support, the School's Extenuating Circumstances (ECs) committee or the module convenor (see below).
- Students with specific recommendations from Academic/Disability Support may request one extension in advance of the deadline, giving justification for why they need it. Students should not expect to be offered an extension, and it is acceptable for the Module Convenor not to allow one, if it is not possible within the module structure for example, if the work is subject to a very tight marking turn-around period, such as laboratory practical write-ups. In these circumstances, students should be given notice in advance of the deadline that no extensions can be allowed. If the module convenor feels that an extension is appropriate, the following extension lengths, which have been endorsed by Academic Support, will be followed:

Length of Coursework

Up to 2,500 words (or equivalent) 2,500- 5,000 words (or equivalent) Final Year Dissertation

Extension

Maximum of 2 calendar days 2-4 calendar days Maximum of 5 calendar days

¹ Where this guidance refers to "module convenor" this can also be taken to include coursework marker/other academic contributor to the module where this person is not the module convenor.

Any further extension would normally only be given on the basis of approved extenuating circumstances.

Any unapproved late submissions will have marks deducted as outlined in the Quality Manual (5% for each working day).

Students who submit coursework late as a result of illness or other circumstances lasting more than 7 days should discuss this with the module convenor or their personal tutor and should submit an EC form in advance of the submission deadline and evidence within 7 days of the submission deadline. If evidence is not available at the time that the form is submitted, it can be submitted within 14 days of the EC form submission. This documentation will be considered via the normal EC process (see: http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/assessmentandawards/extenuating-circumstances-policy-and-procedures.aspx

• If ECs are accepted, an extension to the submission will be agreed and any marks that have been deducted for late submission will be reinstated.

Any extension (within a teaching semester) for students with ECs will not normally be for more than 21 calendar days, to ensure that all coursework is submitted prior to the coursework return date. Any submission after the return date will not be accepted but a student may be given a first sit opportunity if they have approved ECs.

16 Plagiarism and Paraphrasing

Plagiarism and Paraphrasing

This section is also covered in the Study Skills book. It draws upon information available at the following University Web sources together with guidance from staff in the School of Biosciences. As work is now submitted electronically through Turnitin, be aware the plagiarism is readily-detected.

USEFUL ADVICE FOR STUDENTS

One good method to avoid plagiarism is to make notes from material you have read and construct your essay / report, in your own words, from these notes. It is tempting (and easy) to copy and paste, but this is unacceptable and constitutes an academic misconduct. It is also poor practice to construct a draft by copying and pasting material from multiple sources, with the intention of then paraphrasing the resulting document. Apart from the fact that the end-product may be disjointed, the paraphrasing is often incomplete and the work submitted may contain elements of plagiarised material. It is, however, acceptable to include relevant figures and tables from published work, as long as you acknowledge their source by citing the primary reference for them.

To make a specific point, there may be rare occasions when you have may to quote an author verbatim; this is acceptable if you put the quotation in inverted commas and give the source, but you should have a good reason why you can't put the material in your own words.

USEFUL WEBSITES

Academic integrity and plagiarism

http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/studyingeffectively/writing/plagiarism/index.aspx

Quality Manual

http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/assessmentandawards/academic-misconduct.aspx

Studying Effectively

http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/studyingeffectively/home.aspx

DEFINITION OF AN ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT

Any activity or behaviour by a student which may give that student, or another student, an unpermitted academic advantage in a summative assessment is considered to be an act of academic misconduct and unacceptable in a scholarly community. Such action(s) will be considered under the University's Regulations on Academic Misconduct and this may lead to a penalty being imposed

DEFINITION OF PLAGIARISM

The following definition of plagiarism appears in the University Quality Manual:

Plagiarism: representing another person's work or ideas as one's own, for example by failing to follow convention in acknowledging sources, use of quotation marks etc. This includes the unauthorised use of one student's work by another student and the commissioning, purchase and submission of a piece of work, in part or whole, as the student's own.

Note: A proof-reader may be used to ensure that the meaning of the author is not misrepresented due to the quality and standard of English used, unless a School/Department policy specifically prohibits this. Where permitted, a proof-reader may identify spelling and basic grammar errors. Inaccuracies in academic content should not be corrected nor should the structure of the piece of work be changed; doing so may result in a charge of plagiarism.

Work in any year of study which is not undertaken in an Examination Room under the supervision of an invigilator (such as dissertations, essays, project work, experiments, observations, specimen collecting and other similar work), but which is nevertheless required work forming part of the degree, diploma or certificate assessment, must be the student's own and must not contain plagiarised material.

Possible **penalties** for an academic misconduct including plagiarism are:

- a) No marks to be awarded in relation to the specific material which is the subject of the act constituting an academic misconduct (thus leading to a reduced overall mark for the piece of course work, dissertation, examination question or examination script in which the specific material appears)
- b) Award a mark of zero for the entire piece of course work, dissertation, examination question or examination script in which the academic misconduct has occurred
- c) Award a mark of zero for the entire module in which the academic misconduct has occurred
- d) Award a mark of zero for all the assessments in the semester (even where this will lead to a reduction in degree class). In the case of year-long modules, this penalty may affect both semesters
- e) Award a mark of zero for the whole year (even where this will lead to a reduction in degree class)
- f) Require the student to take reassessments (as a result of being awarded zero marks) in the following session before being allowed to progress or complete their course
- g) require the student to register with the University and enrol on modules in which they need to take reassessments (as a result of being awarded zero marks) in the following session before being allowed to progress or complete their course
- h) Terminate the student's course
- i) Withdraw the award of a degree or other qualification from, and issue an amended transcript to, a former student of the University
- j) Full details of possible School and University penalties can be found at: www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/assessment/academicmisconduct.aspx

ACADEMIC MISCONDUCT

Any activity or behaviour by a student which may give that student, or another student, an unpermitted academic advantage in a summative assessment is considered to be an act of academic misconduct and unacceptable in a scholarly community. Such action(s) will be considered under the University's Regulations on Academic Misconduct and this may lead to a penalty being imposed.

Here is a range of cheating behaviours:

- 1. False citation (i.e. attributing work to the wrong source)
- 2. Plagiarism
- 3. Using unauthorised sources or notes in examinations or tests
- 4. Dishonestly obtaining material or information prior to examinations
- 5. Copying from other students
- 6. Permitting other students to copy your work
- 7. Soliciting work from others (e.g. individuals, 'editors' or essay banks etc)
- 8. Submitting your own previously assessed work without acknowledgement (auto plagiarism)

Unauthorised Collaboration, or Collusion, occurs where:

Collusion: cooperation in order to gain an unpermitted advantage. This may occur where students have consciously collaborated on a piece of work, in part or whole, and passed it off as their own individual efforts or where one student has authorised another to use their work, in part or whole, and to submit it as their own.

Note: Legitimate input from University tutors or approved readers or scribes is not considered to be collusion.

Fabrication may take various forms but is essentially concerned with manufacturing aspects of the work produced. For example, the insertion of made-up information, data, sources, quotes, anecdotes or analysis would all amount to fabrication

Recycling or unauthorised, multiple submissions.

The multiple submission by a student of their own material is not, in itself, considered as academic misconduct. Submission of material that has been submitted on a previous occasion for a different summative assessment is, however, unlikely to be academically appropriate. The merit of such material will therefore be a matter of academic judgement and it may attract fewer (or no) marks than would have been the case if it had not been assessed previously

Note:

Plagiarism is regarded as a serious academic misconduct by the University and will be penalised accordingly. Plagiarism can be easily identified by entering suspect passages into search engines. Specialist search engines (e.g. Turnitin) are available to check all submitted work against previously published sources, including coursework submitted by students in the current or previous years. The School of Biosciences uses Turnitin to assist academic staff detect plagiarism; students are required to submit all coursework in electronic form to facilitate automatic on-line detection of plagiarism.

All BSc Research Projects must be submitted electronically to be checked by Turnitin along with the necessary hard copies (see Guidelines for BSc Research Projects).

If a student is required to attend an Academic Misconduct interview within the School for any suspected academic misconduct his/her tutor will be informed of this, together with the Head of School (or nominee), module convenor (or nominee) and the School Manager for Academic Administration (or nominee.

GUIDANCE TO HELP YOU AVOID COMMITTING PLAGIARISM

- 1. You are allowed to use information from other people's work provided you acknowledge the source. This can apply to a statement, Table or Figure. The best way of doing this for Tables and Figures is to add: "After Smith (1988)" or "Modified from Smith (1988)", and include the reference in your reference list.
- 2. If you are discussing something somebody else has said, you can say, for example: Smith (1987) claimed that coral reefs in the Pacific were damaged by high temperatures in 1975. Or: It has been claimed that high temperatures in 1975 damaged coral reefs in the Pacific (Smith, 1975).
- 3. It is rarely necessary to quote previous work directly and you should try to avoid doing this. If quotation is unavoidable, you should put the passage in quotation marks, e.g. Smith (1980) described the outcome of unprecedented high temperatures on coral reefs as: "A disaster for the marine communities in the coastal regions of the Indo-Pacific", and then stated that: "The phenomenon appears to be due to unprecedented high temperatures".

For information on paraphrasing see 8 and 9 below.

- 4. Authors should be cited in text either as: Smith (1975), Smith and Allen (1978), Allen (1987, 1989), or as (Smith, 1975; Smith and Allen, 1978; Allen 1987, 1989). Note that these are in chronological, not alphabetic order. When more than two authors are quoted, this should be in the form Allen *et al.* (1993) in the text, but the reference given in your reference list should contain the names of all the authors. Do not use numerically cited or ordered references.
- 5. In your "References" or "Literature cited" section, the following style (authors, date, title, journal, volume number, page numbers; called the "Harvard" style) should be used and references should be listed alphabetically.

Provided you are consistent, you may also use any other accepted style - see journals in the library – unless instructed otherwise by the member of staff setting the coursework.

Smith, A. J. and Allen, N. B. (1986). Temperatures and coral reefs. *Journal of the Marine Biological Association* 86: 101-123.

Smith, A. J., Jones, K. L. and Allen, N. B. (1988). Death of corals due to high temperatures. *Thermal Biology* 27: 19-34.

If the source is only available electronically or is being published "ahead of print", give the DOI number in your reference.

Some electronic journals do not use page number

6. For books, the following style (author, title underlined or in italics, publisher, place of publication) applies:

Allen, N. B. (1992). Coral Reef Biology. Blackwells, London.

- 7. For chapters in edited volumes, the following style (author, date, title of chapter, title of book underlined or in italics, editors, page numbers, publisher, place of publication) applies:
 - Smith, A. J. (1987). Temperature and bleaching in corals. In: *Coral Reef Biology* (N. B. Allen and C. K. Hodges, eds.), pp. 65-90. Clumber Press, New York.
- 8. **Paraphrasing**, i.e. verbatim or almost verbatim restatement of a passage is a form of plagiarism frequently used in essays and dissertations. The following is paraphrased from C. H. Gordon, P. Simmons and G. Wynn (date unknown). *Plagiarism What It Is And How To Avoid It*. University of British Columbia.

Students often ask "How much do I have to change a sentence to be sure I'm not plagiarising?" If you have to ask, you are probably about to commit plagiarism! There is no set number of words that you need to change or add to make a passage your own – the originality must come from the development and expression of your own ideas.

Original work demands original thought. You should try and separate your ideas from those of others. If you use another author's conclusions then acknowledge them. If you come to the same conclusions as another author you should still acknowledge them. Once a piece of work is complete, look at each part and ask yourself if the ideas expressed are entirely your own, and whether the general language or choice of words is your own. If the answer to either is "no" the work should be credited to the original author.

9. Examples

9.1 Original

From Smith (1992):

The author has found that corals respond to high temperatures by expelling their zooxanthellae. This causes them to go white, a phenomenon known as "bleaching." Such corals soon become covered in algae, which makes it difficult for new coral planulae to settle and start a new colony (Davies, 1980). The phenomenon of bleaching is similar to the effect of a crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) attack where the polyps are digested by enzymes secreted onto the colony surface (Brown, 1990). As Jones (1972) found, *A. planci* poses a severe threat to corals in the Indo-Pacific. The recent occurrence of high numbers of these starfish on reefs has been correlated to run-off from land which contains high levels of plant nutrients (Jones, 1986). The subsequent increase in the number of algae apparently enhances the survival of the filter-feeding larvae of the starfish.

To include this text verbatim in your own work, without placing the entire paragraph in quotation marks and acknowledging Smith (1992) (see 3 above) would constitute plagiarism.

9.2 Paraphrased version

Paraphrased from Smith (1992):

Smith (1992) has found that corals respond to high temperatures by expelling their zooxanthellae. This phenomenon, known as "bleaching", causes them to go white. Such

corals quickly become covered in algae and this makes it difficult for new coral planulae to settle and begin developing a new colony (Davies, 1980). Bleaching is similar to the effect of a crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) attack. Brown (1990) note that this is where the polyps are digested by enzymes secreted onto the colony surface. Jones (1972) found that *A. planci* may be a severe threat to corals in the Indo-Pacific. Recently high numbers of these starfish on reefs has been correlated to run-off from land with high levels of plant nutrients (Jones, 1986). The increase in the number of algae apparently enhances the survival of the filter-feeding larvae of the starfish.

To include this text in your own work, even with the initial acknowledgment Smith (1992) would constitute plagiarism since it reads as if only the first sentence is taken from Smith, and the rest of the references (Davies, Brown and Jones) have been sourced and read by you and that the development and expression of the text is your own original work.

9.3 Unacknowledged version (i.e. submitting this as if it were your own thoughts or work)

The presence of high numbers of crown-of-thorns starfish (*Acanthaster planci*) on reefs has been connected to run-off from land containing high levels of plant nutrients. This causes an increase in the number of algae which results in better survival of the filter-feeding larvae of the starfish. The starfish kills corals by secreting digestive enzymes onto their surfaces. *A. planci* poses a severe threat to corals in the Indo-Pacific and their effect is similar to that caused by "bleaching", a phenomenon caused by high temperatures which results in zooxanthellae being expelled. Subsequently the dead corals become covered in algae which makes it difficult for a new colony to start.

To include this text verbatim in your own work, would constitute plagiarism since there is no acknowledgment of Smith (1992).

9.4 Acceptable version (based on information from Smith, reading the cited references yourself and drawing upon other work)

Smith (1992) quoted Jones (1972, 1986) in suggesting that the crown-of-thorns starfish poses a threat to corals in the Indo-Pacific, and that their recent upsurge may be due to an increase in plant food levels caused by an input of nutrients from land. Brown (1990) found that these multi-armed starfish killed corals by everting their stomachs onto the coral colony surface and secreting an enzyme to digest the tissues externally. The resulting "bleaching" effect is similar to that which occurs when corals are exposed to high temperatures and the zooxanthellae are expelled (Smith, 1992). Davies (1980) found that the settlement of algae on the colony surface made it difficult for new coral larvae to settle and, although fish often grazed the algae continually, he found they could not keep these under control. Recent studies have shown that plagues of crown-of-thorns starfish may be a natural phenomenon, as the fossilised remains of previous outbreaks have been found in rocks millions of years old (Cromer, 1994).

To present your work like this would not constitute plagiarism.

Note that all the references and authors used in this document with the exception of Gordon *et al.* are fictitious.

PLEASE CONSULT YOUR TUTOR IF YOU ARE STILL IN DOUBT ABOUT PLAGIARISM

17 Personal Academic Development

This table sets out the goals that you should strive for as you progress through your degree. If you can achieve these you will be well prepared for the diverse opportunities that lie ahead

	Qualifying year Year 1	Part I Year 2	Part II Year 3
Learning experience	 Establish a strong factual base Learn the basics of the scientific method and develop a questioning approach 	 Link knowledge from diverse sources and develop an ability to relate information Develop a critical and analytical approach to information 	 Develop the ability to handle complex information Evaluate information and synthesise ideas Develop a creative approach to problem solving
Skills acquired	 Cope with varying lecture styles Make effective use of library and IT facilities Acquire basic laboratory skills 	 Consolidate information skills with extensive use of library and IT Enhance practical skills Enhance presentation skills Organise study and manage time to meet deadlines Appreciate the importance and value of team work 	 Develop a mature approach to study Exhibit strong self-discipline and commitment Clearly articulate knowledge and understanding Respect the views of others and engage in reasoned argument
Developing independence	Learn to combine teacher-driven study with work based on individual initiative	 Make independent use of library and other information resources Acquire experience in a range of learning styles 	 Take responsibility for self-learning Demonstrate individual style and flair Exhibit professionalism and ownership of subject

18 Academic Tutoring

Academic tutoring is the support which the school provides to students in addition to formal teaching. It is complementary to the University's central support services and pastoral care provision.

The objectives of Academic Tutoring are to:

- Help you acquire the necessary study skills to pursue your studies successfully.
- Address problems of lack of knowledge and understanding of the subject.
- Address any problems with aspects of a module or your studies in general.
- Provide you with an overview of your academic progress at module and programme level.
- Assist you in making academic choices e.g. module enrolments, programme pathways.
- Provide assessment feedback to help you improve your future performance.
- Contribute to the acquisition of key employability skills.
- Assist and encourage you to gain employment or continue your education after you graduate.

The School takes its responsibility for academic tutoring very seriously and provides the following to ensure that you are properly supported:

- One-to-one meetings with your personal tutor for personal development, pastoral support and guidance (e.g. on module choices).
- Meetings with course directors for module guidance, either informally or at module enrolment days.
- Tutorials/seminars within modules comprising your degree programme.
- Provision of specific credit-bearing academic tutoring and study skills modules D21BG1:
 Biosciences Tutorials (Academic Development) and Foundation and, C11BE1 Dissertation
 in Environmental Science and also through skills embedded in other academic modules
 including project and dissertation modules.
- Drop-in support sessions for mathematics and statistics.
- Written feedback on assessments including;
 - individual written or verbal feedback on coursework and mark allocation based on a transparent marking scheme,
 - generic feedback one week after exam results,
 - constructive comments provided by markers through individual appointments with module conveners
 - students' evaluation forms collated from students' comments, available through Moodle.
- Student led-seminars.
- Peer support groups, including mentoring.
- 'Office hours' system for appointments with module coordinators/tutors.
- A flexible and comprehensive virtual learning environment (Moodle).
- Links to central support services e.g. Academic Support, the Counselling Service and the Student Services Centre.
- Assistance and guidance on academic administrative matters through the school office.
- Encouragement to make use of central on-line study skills resources e.g. 'Study Skills' www.nottingham.ac.uk/studyingeffectively
- Assistance with personal support or guidance from the School Senior Tutors.

School of Biosciences Tutoring Statement

The full Biosciences tutoring statement can be found in appendix 8 and at http://goo.gl/dPpFjU Students are encouraged to read the statement.

19 Attendance Monitoring

Students must attend all teaching activities necessary for the pursuit of their studies, undertake all associated assessments and attend meetings and other activities as required by their School or the University. Where students face difficulty in attending sessions or undertaking assessments and examinations, it is their responsibility to inform their School of this fact and to provide a satisfactory explanation. Please see http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/registrationattendanceandstudy/regulations-governing-attendance-and-engagement.aspx for further details on attendance regulations at the University.

Two weeks is considered a significant period of absence and students are encouraged to consider interrupting their studies if they will miss this length of time. See for further details on voluntary interruption of studies.

The School will consider all extenuating circumstances relevant to attendance and engagement with a student's studies. Students should make the School aware of any extenuating circumstances as soon as possible to ensure full support can be provided and any alternative arrangements such as coursework extensions can be applied within the approved timescales. See the Quality Manual http://goo.gl/yX4aTC or further details on extenuating circumstances.

Individual Schools and Departments have systems in place to monitor attendance during the academic year. Example includes taking registers in lectures, monitoring coursework submission and tutorial attendance, etc. Unauthorised absences are reported to Academic Services and recorded as appropriate. Where students are absent without authorisation, to the point that it is not possible to continue with the course, Academic Services will write to the student stating that they will be deemed to have withdrawn from the University and their student record will be amended to show that they have withdrawn.

Students who are identified to be poorly engaging with their studies or poorly attending teaching activities will be asked to meet with the Student Experience and Support Officer or their Personal Tutor.

Where required the University will report non-attendance and poor attendance to appropriate authorities including the UK Border Agency and Student Finance.

20 Complaints and Appeals Procedures

Details of the University's Complaints and Appeals Procedure can be found at: http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/assessmentandawards/academic-appeals-policy-and-procedure.aspx

The procedure regarding a complaint concerning your course is that in the first instance you should contact the lecturer concerned. If the matter cannot be resolved, the next points of contact would be:

- Module Convener
- Course Director
- Teaching Manager
- Head of Division
- Head of School
- Student Year Representative (names are on the Learning Community Forum notice board together with the Module Convener)

Students are encouraged to involve their Personal Tutors at any stage, whether the matter of concern is of an academic or personal nature. Students also have the right to bring matters of concern before Learning Community Forum.

21 Industry Placements

As an undergraduate student in the School of Biosciences, the vast majority of you can undertake an optional industry placement, between years two and three of your degree, extending your degree to a four year programme.

The year-long placement is open to you if you are studying one of the following degree programmes:

- BSc Agriculture
- BSc Integrated Agricultural Business Management with Industrial Placement Award ¹
- BSc Agricultural and Crop Science
- BSc Agricultural and Livestock Science
- BSc International Agricultural Science ²
- BSc Animal Science
- BSc Biotechnology
- BSc Environmental Science
- MSci Environmental Science ³
- BSc International Environmental Science ²
- MSci International Environmental Science ^{2 3}
- BSc Environmental Biology
- BSc Food Science
- BSc Microbiology
- BSc Nutrition
- BSc Nutrition and Food Science
- BSc Plant Science

You apply for placements during your second year. The School Placement Team help and support you by organising a range of employer presentations on campus, sending email alerts of placement opportunities, running drop-in sessions and one-to-one meetings, and providing online resources.

Further information, profiles of student experiences and useful links can be found here: www.nottingham.ac.uk/biosciences/placements

If you have any questions or want to find out more, contact the School of Biosciences Placement Team, Dr Judith Wayte and Mrs Rachel Jessop, on biosciplacements@nottingham.ac.uk

¹ If you are studying BSc Integrated Agricultural Business Management with Industrial Placement award, then a year long industrial placement during year 3 is built into the 4 year degree programme.

² If you are studying a degree with an international pathway where you study abroad at the University of Sydney for your second year, you can still undertake an industrial placement. You will need to apply for your placement whilst studying in Sydney. You should be aware that some companies will require you to attend an interview/assessment centre in person, whereas

others will be more flexible and will be able to interview you remotely. You can work together with the School Placement Team by email from Sydney.

³ If you are studying for an MSci degree course, adding a year in industry will mean that the total length of your degree course is 5 years. If you are an international student on an MSci degree course studying in the UK on a Tier 4 visa, and you wish to undertake a year in industry, you need to be aware of the following:

- Once you have secured an industrial placement, you will need to change degree course and apply for a visa extension.
- You may need to make your application for a visa extension from overseas.

The maximum length of time you can study in the UK on a Tier 4 visa at undergraduate level is 5 years. An MSci course with a year in industry is therefore at the maximum length, so if you were to fail one or more modules, you would not have the opportunity of resitting a year in the UK.

If you have any questions or want to find out more, contact the School of Biosciences Placement Team, Dr Judith Wayte and Mrs Rachel Jessop, on biosciplacements@nottingham.ac.uk

21.1 Year Out and Erasmus

The School of Biosciences has established an ERASMUS programme of Student Exchange with a number of European Institutions in France, Germany and Spain.

All students taking honours degrees in the School (except MNutr) are able to take an additional Certificate in European Studies (normal entry requirement is at least a grade B in the second language that the student intend to improve at GCSE level). The Certificate consists of an additional year over and above your 3-year BSc degree programme and commences after the second year in September of Semester 5 and concludes at the end of Semester 6. You will then re-join the normal 3-year programme at the beginning of Semester 7.

Students entering the School need to apply to take the Certificate following a meeting which outlines the principles of the Certificate. Once the application is confirmed, students must submit their application in writing to the School Office.

Students taking the Certificate follow preliminary language training during Year 2 (Part I) by taking 10 credits of French, German or Spanish languages (held in the Language Centre, University Park) and 50 credits of Science modules in each of semesters 3 and 4. In Semester 5 and 6; students will be on placement in an academic Institution in another European country where they will follow courses, including language modules in both of the semesters in placement; the courses must be taken in the language of the chosen Country. Students will also need to complete a European Placement module during semester 5 and 6.

The ERASMUS programme is on an exchange basis. Thus it is suggested that students make contact with ERASMUS students within the School who are from the host University together with those Biosciences students who were at the host University in the previous year. Both these contacts can be invaluable in providing assistance and information.

Further information about the scheme is available from Ms Elena Staves (Student Services Centre, a10, The Barn) or Rachel Jessop (C05, Bioenergy and Brewing Science Bldg, SB).

SUPPLEMENTARY REGULATIONS FOR THE EUROPEAN CERTIFICATE

In addition to the normal progression rules for undergraduate study, the following progression rules apply to the European Certificate element.

Part I candidates achieving a mark of 50% or more in each of the Autumn and Spring Semester language modules will progress to the language module in the Autumn of the year of the Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences). Part I candidates achieving a mark of 40-49% in the Autumn and/or Spring Semester language module(s) will normally be advised to discontinue with the Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences). Candidates achieving a mark of less than 40%, at first attempt, in the Autumn and/or Spring Semester language module(s) will be advised to discontinue with the Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences). If, after reassessment, candidates do not achieve a mark of at least 50% in the Autumn and/or Spring Semester language module(s) they may not continue with the BSc with a Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences).

The above regulations as specified for candidates obtaining marks at first attempt. Candidates on the year of the Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences) between Part I and Part II who obtain a mark of less than 40% in the language module cannot progress onto placement in the following semester. Such candidates are offered the opportunity either:

- to transfer to the equivalent 3-year BSc degree without European Studies at the start of the next academic year and thus do not take any further language modules.
- 2) to be reassessed in the Autumn Semester language module in the August / September reassessment period.

If, after reassessment, a mark of 50% or more is achieved candidates may re-join the Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences) in the following academic year. If a mark of less than 50% is achieved at reassessment candidates will be offered 1) above.

In order to proceed to Part II of the degree BSc with a Certificate in European Studies (Biosciences) candidates must attain pass marks in assessments related to the European Year. Candidates who fail to attain satisfactory marks in the assessment undertaken during the European Year shall be offered the opportunity to transfer to the 3-year equivalent BSc degree without European Studies.

Candidates who fail to achieve the criteria for progression onto the three year equivalent degree without European Studies shall not be permitted to continue on this degree but may be offered the opportunity to transfer to the Ordinary degree.

MARKING SCHEME FOR THE EUROPEAN YEAR

European Placement Module:

Fifty percent of the mark correspond to the attendance and assessment of the courses taken abroad. The other fifty percent correspond to one scientific review, one cultural essay and one translation (see below for information).

50%: Attendance and assessment of courses taken abroad.

50%: Essays and translations.

Activity Type	Information	Length	Weighting
Attendance and	Students must attend	Not applicable	50%
assessment of	and sit the exams		
courses abroad	abroad		
Essay 1	Scientific review	4000 words	17%
Essay 2	Culture research paper	4000 words	16%
Translations	Science into English	10 * 400 words	17%

21.2 Studying Outside the UK

Malaysia Campus

Students on the BSc Biotechnology, BSc Agricultural and Crop Science, BSc Nutrition, BSc/MSci Environmental Science, BSc Environmental Biology and BSc Plant Science courses may have the opportunity to study for one semester or full academic year at our Malaysia Campus as part of their three-year degree programme. All teaching at our Malaysia Campus is in English and the modules and exams are very similar to those in Nottingham. Students from the UK campuses pay a reduced tuition fee during their time abroad and living costs in Malaysia are lower than in the UK.

See link: www.nottingham.edu.my/index.aspx

Universitas 21

Nottingham is a founder member of Universitas 21 which is a global alliance of key universities. You will be able to apply to spend one semester (the first of your second year) studying in one of our partner institutions (including Australia, China, Korea, Mexico, North America, New Zealand, Singapore). Competition for these placements is high but the rewards are considerable.

Find out more about study abroad opportunities at www.nottingham.ac.uk/internationalstudents/exchanges/index.aspx

Interested? What to do next

Don't miss the Study Abroad Fair, organised by the International Office, which will take place in November 2016. Here, you will learn about all the study abroad options open to you and how to apply. You will also be able to meet with students who have already studied at overseas campuses.

Interested students are advised to find the Study Abroad Team on Facebook to be kept updated with deadlines and events at: www.facebook.com/UoNStudyAbroad and the International Office website:

www.nottingham.ac.uk/internationalstudents/exchanges/index.aspx

22 Channels of Communication

Dissemination of information is an on-going process during the academic year; this will come from both the School Office and academic staff. We use several ways to give out information.

- **Email** Email is the normal means of communication to individuals or class groups; your tutor and module conveners will email regularly and it is also a good way for you to contact academic staff. However, this and other media should not detract from personal meetings, which are necessary for the communication of several matters including the conveyance and discussion of examination.
- Moodle Moodle is the online learning environment across the University. The resource
 allows you to access lecture notes, find links to external learning resources, access selftest exercises and assessments, participate in online learning activities, submit
 assignments and collaborate on group projects. You can log in using your University
 username and password the day after you have completed your registration online.
 w: moodle.nottingham.ac.uk
- **The Student Portal** The Portal is a central part of the University's communication system for staff and students. Make sure you have access to it at: https://goo.gl/dFwTwP
- **Social Media -** The University of Nottingham uses the latest technology to bring Nottingham to life and to ensure that you can experience and interact with the University community at any time, see: www.nottingham.ac.uk/connect/nottinghamconnect.aspx
- **Blue Castle website** students can view their marks, progression status and final award information electronically at: https://goo.gl/txm85c

23 Students/Staff Consultation

The courses you are taking have evolved over a number of years and incorporate many features arising from student feedback and evaluation. Each department has its own procedures for allowing students to participate in the evaluation and future development of courses.

Broadly, two channels exist:

- feedback evaluations which enable you to comment on the content, style and objectives of modules; we urge you to take the time and effort to complete these so you and future students can play a role in improving our teaching
- The Learning Community Forum (LCF) consists of course representatives of undergraduate students and teaching staff who discuss a wide range of academic and non-academic matters. Anyone who has comments, criticisms or suggestions that they wish to be discussed should contact one of the representatives, whose names will be notified to you during the first semester. Minutes of the Learning Community Forum will be made available electronically.
- The Student Guild also elects student representatives to the School Board and other School committees. If you want to influence academic procedures in the School and University on behalf of your fellow students, you must join the Guild first.

24 Students' Access to Academic Staff policy

Appointments for meetings with staff should be requested by students by email or in person (by phone or office notice board). Requests by email can be made at any time. Staff should respond to such requests by email within two working days (both during term and outside term-time). Staff are not obliged to send their responses outside of normal working hours, nor during official University holidays, nor when on vacation. They should put out-of-office messages on their emails during vacations and respond within two working days upon return.

Following a request, appointments should be arranged with the student at a mutually convenient time, normally to be held within three working days of the request.

Once an appointment has been made, both the staff member and the student are expected to honour the appointment. Should either be unable to attend they should email to cancel prior to the meeting.

Staff have the option of restricting their availability to students to particular days or times of day (other than in emergencies). In this case, they will communicate their preferred availability to their tutees and to other students they see on a regular basis.

25 Quality Assurance

The primary aim of the University of Nottingham is to sustain and improve the high quality of its provision as one of the leading research-led universities in the United Kingdom. It is also committed to providing a learning environment of the highest quality for students, in which first class teaching is underpinned by excellent research. The School of Biosciences endeavours to maintain these goals in the Biosciences, where relevant in collaboration with other schools, in the following ways:-

- by recruiting motivated students with a proven record of high level of learning;
- by providing a broad education across the discipline;
- enabling the development of an analytical and critical appreciation of scientific ideas and problem solving;
- providing a learning experience enriched by an active research environment;
- enabling the development of independent learning and skills for a wide range of careers within and outside the biological sciences;
- to ensure that students receive appropriate support and guidance in their academic development and career planning;
- to identify and support the academic and pastoral needs of individual students;
- to provide a flexible, effective and adequately resourced learning environment, and
- to maintain and improve teaching and learning through effective management structures in line with the University Quality Manual.

As part of an ongoing process of improving quality, some of our teaching facilities have been recently refurbished and modernised. We look to our students to help us maintain these areas in good condition for the benefit of future generation.

26 Coursework and Examination Feedback

Feedback is provided in three main forms on i) assessed coursework, ii) examination performance and iii) general aspects of each module. In addition to individual marks given for assessed coursework in each module, you will receive an overall module mark and the end of each semester and a full set of module marks will be made available to you through Blue Castle (https://bluecastle.nottingham.ac.uk). Your module marks are confidential and not shown to other students. Individual mark components (e.g. coursework marks) are also confidential; the only exception to this is when you receive a mark for a piece of 'group work' in which all members of your group receive the same mark. The sections below provide further details about feedback.

Coursework Feedback

Coursework feedback is normally provided through written comments on your work. For many pieces of coursework, a cover sheet will be returned with your work to explain the mark received and give advice on how your work could be improved. For other pieces of non-examination assessed work, it may not be feasible to provide written comments on your work, for example, a group oral presentation; in such cases, feedback may be provided verbally or by email. Feedback for other assessed work e.g. laboratory practicals, may be provided in other ways as appropriate to the assignment set. Whilst the manner by which you receive coursework may vary depending on the type of coursework set, the purpose of the feedback is to provide a mark for the work together with constructive comments to help improve your performance in future assignments. If you wish to discuss your performance in any assessed work, you should contact the module convenor.

Module convenors will set a deadline by which you must submit coursework and a date when you can expect to receive feedback on your work. This information will be provided when the module convenor sets the piece of work. In normal circumstances, marked coursework and associated feedback should be returned to students within 21 days of the published submission deadline, i.e. students submitting work before the published deadline should not have an expectation that early submission will result in earlier return of work. See details www.nottingham.ac.uk/academicservices/qualitymanual/assessmentandawards/feedback-to-students.aspx

Examination Feedback

After each examination period, general examination feedback from each module will be posted on Moodle. This will include: i) feedback on examination questions where students' performance could be improved, ii) suggested strategies for improving performance in those questions and iii) general comments about examination technique. Students wishing to discuss their examination performance should contact the relevant module convenor(s)

General Feedback

A copy of the Module Report Form, which is a summary of the discussion/feedback with students at the end of each module, can be found within a folder for the module in Moodle. This feedback sheet is used by module convenors to identify which areas of the module students felt worked well, and others that could be improved; in the latter case, the module convenor will make appropriate academic adjustments to the module for the following academic session. The areas of feedback covered by the module report form follow the headings detailed in the Module Report Form.

The University's Quality Manual provides information on good practice for feedback on assessed work and what you can expect to receive as a student at the University of Nottingham – see http://goo.ql/DI1Ggo

27 Student Services/departments

27.1 Student Services Centre

The Student Services Centre can provide you with information and support throughout your student life. They are approachable, knowledgeable and most of all they are there to help. Student Services Centres are based at Sutton Bonington, University Park, QMC and Jubilee Campuses. Further details of support services to be given to you on arrival.

27.2 Libraries

The James Cameron-Gifford Library on SB Campus, together with Hallward Library (at UP), George Green Library (UP) and the Medical School Library (QMC and Derby) provide information on all subject areas covered by the School, plus study areas and computing facilities. The on-line catalogue (NUsearch) enables you to search for material held at all branches of The University of Nottingham library. Material from the other campuses can be obtained swiftly for you through the intersite delivery service. During Semester 1 you should attend an introductory lecture provided by the library's Teaching and Learning Support Team. This will be followed up by a tutorial providing an introduction to key resources and discussion on the critical interpretation of published materials as part of the Academic Development and Employability module.

Learning these basic information retrieval and evaluation skills is essential - you will need them for essays and projects throughout your course. As you progress, more specialised studies are undertaken and you must become familiar with the experimental data published in various journals. Acquaintance with published research provides the foundation for most final year research projects. You should not forget to read the more popular scientific press such as *New Scientist* or *Scientific American*, as well as those appropriate to your discipline.

The James Cameron-Gifford Library at Sutton Bonington has over 100 reading places, including quiet areas, bookable/non-bookable study rooms and a number of PCs (see below); it links with several of the Computer Rooms. The Library stock has been developed to support teaching and research in the Schools of Biosciences and Veterinary Medicine, and the library service also provides access to a wide range of databases, electronic journals, and e-books.

Your University Card is also used as a Library borrower's card, and is required for entry to the libraries at University Park campus.

The James Cameron-Gifford Library is open Monday to Friday 8.00 am 9.45 pm

Saturday 9.00 am - 4.45 pm Sunday 9.30 am - 4.45 pm

The library is open 24/7 during exam periods. More information can be found on our website at: www.nottingham.ac.uk/library

27.3 IT Facilities

Help and advice

Advice and information for new users of the IT facilities can be found on the University web pages – go to www.nottingham.ac.uk and search for 'Student Essentials'. Several on-line guides can be found, and many of them are available as hard copy booklets in the libraries.

Getting online

Your username and password will get you access to most of the services you will need during your time at the University. Make sure you set a strong password and *never* share your password with someone else. The University will *never* ask you to reveal your password, and you should be suspicious of any request to tell someone your password. Be sure to check your University email regularly, otherwise you may miss important information.

Computer rooms

There are a number of Information Services (IS) computer rooms on the Sutton Bonington campus which can be used by students, but some are also used for teaching classes. Please look out for notices stating times when the rooms are unavailable due to teaching bookings

There is a large (120 seat) computer room in the Gateway building (room A07); and smaller rooms in the Main Building (rooms B05, B08, B09, and B10). Further computers are available in the James Cameron Gifford Library, including some with large screens for collaborative or group work.

All IS Computer Room computers are set up in an identical manner, with the same selection of software installed or available (Windows, Microsoft Office, EndNote, PDF Creator; and a range of statistical, graphical and course-related software applications).

Computer loans

The JCG library counter offers a short-term laptop and tablet loan service, with loans restricted to use within the Library and Learning Hub areas only. Students may also make use of the Information Services Laptop Loan service, where longer-term loan periods are possible. This service operates from an office at University Park (Pope Building).

The Portal; and Virtual Learning Environment

The **Portal** (linked from the University's home page) is the main point of access for students, through which you can access most of the services you will need. From the Portal you can connect to your email service, module information, Library services, timetables, and other essential information. You can also connect to **Moodle**, which is the University's Virtual Learning Environment (VLE), and is where you will find course information, module documents, lecture notes, reading lists, assignments, etc.

Saving your files and backing up your data

It is the responsibility of each student to save their work safely and securely! Each student has 4GB of personal file storage available on the University's networked servers. This is available as the 'Home Drive' from any IS Computer Room computer, as well as via the web at files.nottingham.ac.uk.

Never save your work onto the hard drive of Computer Room computers – files will be deleted when you log off! Save files to the Home Drive or to an external device.

Any work done on your *own* computer should be backed up – either onto *at least* one external hard drive or onto one of a number of cloud storage options available widely.

Printing

Students can print from any IS computer to the University Print Service. Printing is held in a queue and can be printed off and collected at Print Service printers which are situated close to all IS computer rooms and in the libraries.

You can also print from your home computer, laptop or mobile device using the Mobile Print Service. Simply email your document to mobileprint@nottingham.ac.uk

Wireless

Good wireless coverage on the **eduroam** service should be available in all of the main teaching and social areas of the campus, and in some outdoor areas. In the halls of residence the wireless service is provided by the Hall management companies.

27.4 Accessibility

Teams supporting students with study support, disabilities, specific learning difficulties and long term health conditions are located in the Student Services Centre (SSC), in The Barn on Sutton Bonington Campus, in the Portland Building on University Park, and will be available on all of our other teaching sites.

We can assist with queries regarding:

- Support in making the transition to University, admissions and registration
- Liaison with your School or department about any impact your condition may have on the study elements of your course OR: assessments in relation to disability and dyslexia and recommendations to academic staff about reasonable adjustments in the learning, teaching and assessment environments
- access to alternative formats such as Braille and large print
- residential accommodation adapted study bedrooms
- accessible transport around and between our Nottingham campuses
- applying for Disabled Students' Allowances
- access to alternative formats such as Braille and large print
- access to specialist technology in libraries
- liaison with libraries for enhanced services such as extended loans
- timetabling arrangements

The Accessibility Team also provides support for students who wish to develop their strategies for academic writing and time management.

The Accessibility Team have online study resources which relate to almost all of the areas you cover in the guide, see

http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices/supportforyourstudies/academicsupport/studyresources/index.aspx

If you would like to contact us please phone the Student Services Centre on (0115) 951 3710

e: <u>disability-support@nottingham.ac.uk</u> <u>dyslexia-support@nottingham.ac.uk</u>

The University of Nottingham ACCESS Centre (UNAC), in the Student Services Centre, provides assessments for students who have applied for Disabled Students' Allowances.

Student Welfare Manager

The School also has a dedicated Student Welfare Manager, who provides a point of reference, advice and guidance for members of staff and students in the School about student disability issues and student support. The Welfare Manager is part of a large cross campus team of Student Welfare support managers and officers that meets regularly to share information and good practice. The Welfare Manager in Biosciences works closely with the Accessibility Team in working to ensure that all students are supported and advised appropriately and that there is equality of opportunity for all.

If you have any requirements or concerns talk in the first instance to your Welfare Manager – or contact your personal tutor.

School Welfare Manager

The Welfare Manager for the School of Biosciences is located in the Main Building. You will be meet your Welfare Manager during your induction and will be given further details on your arrival at university.

27.5 Careers and Employability Service

Careers and Employability Service

Many first year students think it is too early for them to start thinking about their future career, but in our experience it is never too early. By making the most of your time at university you can develop skills and build experiences that will be of interest to your future employers.

You could:

- join a **society** or **sports team**
- complete an Advantage Award module
- find a part-time job through Unitemps

For more information about the Advantage Award, Unitemps or other ways to make the most of university life you can visit our webpages www.nottingham.ac.uk/careers or speak to a member of the careers team.

Whether you have one or several career ideas or none at all, it is a good idea to start researching possible career options. There are a number of ways the Careers and Employability Service can help you to do this:

- Speak to a Careers Adviser. You can book a one-to-one appointment to discuss your career ideas or questions at Sutton Bonington Campus or at University Park.
- Meet employers on campus. Throughout term time there will be a range of different employers visiting Sutton Bonington Campus and University Park. While you're in your first year you can attend these events to find out about different industries and companies, which will help you with your career planning.
- CV Reviews. Whether applying for work experience, a summer internship or a part-time job you can have your own CV reviewed at Sutton Bonington Campus or University Park.

To book an appointment or CV review, or to book a place at an employer event or workshop visit: www.nottingham.ac.uk/careers/login

To find out about the workshops and events, check your university email to find your weekly Biosciences Careers bulletin. You can also follow @UoNCareers and @UoNBioscicareers on twitter.

If you have any questions or if you would like to find out more about The Careers and Employability Service, please do visit one of the careers offices:

- **Sutton Bonington Campus** Student Services Centre, The Barn, Sutton Bonington Campus
- **Science Faculty team** B08, Pope Building, University Park

28 Health, Safety & Security

- The research buildings are open to students from 08:30am until 18:00pm, Monday to Friday, except public holidays and University holidays. If for any reason you have to be in the building outside if these times, you must be supervised by an academic member of staff.
- There are lifts available in all teaching buildings for use by disabled students. The other use of the lifts is for movement of goods, and should not be used for other purposes.
- The School has its own Safety Handbook which is available on the web at http://goo.gl/UASVap

Fire

• Fire alarms in the teaching buildings are tested at a regular time (eg Wednesday at 10 am in the Main Building). In the event of fire in the building the alarm will sound continuously. In the event of this the lecturer in charge of your class will organise evacuation of the building to the relevant assembly point. Fire exits are clearly sign-posted. Re-entry into the building after a fire alarm is given by the Fire Monitor.

Safety

- Safety in the building, especially in the Laboratories is paramount. See further reference to this matter under 'Practical Classes'
- Practical classes are continuously supervised by an academic member of staff with the support of demonstrators and occasionally technicians. You should not enter a laboratory until a member of staff arrives.
- Suitable protective clothing must be worn for laboratory classes (see 'Practical Work').
- Defined procedures must be followed for the disposal of certain types of laboratory waste, such as syringes and syringe needles, broken glass, organic solvents and microbial cultures. Instruction on the correct disposal of these and other items will be given in practical classes.
- Safety in Fieldwork. Field Course safety information and the Code of Practice for students can be found at: http://goo.gl/IBS6EF

Accidents & First Aid

- For minor injuries, first aid boxes are available in all laboratories and certain offices. In such situations it is likely you can deal with such injury yourself.
- Where an injury is more serious a qualified 'First Aider' should be called. Names of First Aiders are listed on the School's web pages.
- If a 'First Aider' is not available or if further treatment is required, you will be taken to the Cripps Health Centre or A&E at Queens Medical Centre in extreme situations.
- All accidents, whatever their severity, must be reported on an accident report form
 available from the member of staff taking the class at the time of the accident and will
 supervise completion of the form.

Food & Drinks

 On no account should food and/or drink be taken into a laboratory, lecture theatre or computing rooms.

29 Modules

YEAR 1 MODULES

D211F3 The Biosciences and Global Food Security

Module Convenor: Dr Kevin Pyke Kevin.Pyke@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 1, Autumn Semester, 10 Credits

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 250

Target Students: Most first year students studying taking degrees in the School of Biosciences including, Nutrition, Biotechnology, and Food science, Animal Sciences, Plant Sciences,.

Availability to Exchange Students: Yes - if relevant in the first year

Pre-requisite(s): Normal entry requirements for School of Biosciences.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will define global food security as a concept and then examine various aspects thereof, including plant growth, evolution of crop crops, agriculture and crop production, agricultural systems and animal production, the food industry and sustainable nutrition.

Assessment details: There will be several pieces of assessment including a practical questionnaire to be filled in after the practical session, an online assessment for a self-study session (30 minutes), a multiple choice test in week 8 of the module covering all taught material up till then (one hour, 50 questions) and a final exam which will be performed online using ROGO (one hour).

- Practical questionnaire (3 pages) 500 words 10%
- An online assessment for a self-study session (30 minutes) 10%
- MCQ test -one hour 50 questions 10%
- ROGO exam one hour (70%)

Aims: To provide first year students with an overview of the issues of global food security and show them the level of complexity that exist in different parts of the food generation system, from plant and crop growth, agricultural systems, generating food stuffs and the environmental effects this process entails and sustainable nutrition.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- Review new technologies used to combat global food security.
- Describe the impact agriculture and food production has on the environment.
- Describe the challenges being faced in global food production in relation to your subject area.
- Develop professional skills to work safely in a laboratory situation.

D211P1 Genes and Cells: 1

Module Convenor: Dr Nicola Chapman Nicola.Chapman@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 1, Autumn Semester, 10 Credits

Expected Number of Students taking module: 300

Target Students: all year 1 students enrolled on a School of Biosciences degree

Lecture Programme: is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session.

Timetable Autumn 2016

Wednesday	Lecture 9 a.m.	Lecture 10 a.m.	Practical 11 a.m.
September 28 th	Genetics	Animal Cell	Genetics Practical
October 5 th	Genetics	Animal Cell	Genetics Practical
12 th	Genetics	Plant Cell Lecture	
19 th	Genetics	Plant Cell Lecture	Genetics Practical

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will start will examining the ultrastructure of the main cell types; eukaryotic (animal and plant) and prokaryotic; and viruses, along with the structure and function of the main organelles within cell type. An overview of cell growth and development will be outlined including the control of the cell cycle, mitosis and meiosis and cell differentiation. The module will then move into more molecular biology and genetic investigations, examining Mendelian laws of inheritance and gene expression.

Assessment:

Exam 1 75 1.5hr hour Rogo examination

Coursework 1 25 Online portfolio of practical work

Aims: This module is designed to give students a broad foundation in the basic functional units of life: cells. The first half of the module will cover the general cell ultrastructure of animal, plant and bacteria cells and also viruses as well as the major organelles essential for their function. A solid foundation in the growth and development of cells will be delivered focusing on mitosis, meiosis, cell division and differentiation. Basic genetic principles will be examined in the second half of the module looking at the Mendelian laws of inheritance and gene expression processes. Application of the basic theories will also be enhanced using practical sessions and workshops.

Learning outcomes:

- 1. Describe the ultrastructure of eukaryotic (animal and plant), prokaryotic cells and viruses outlining the structure and function of the main organelles.
- 2. Explain the growth and development of cells in relation to the cell cycle and cell differentiation.
- 3. Explain the regulation of gene expression in eukaryotic and prokaryotic cells highlighting the processes from DNA to protein and the sub-cellular units involved that each stage of the process.
- 4. Online Mendelian Law of Inheritance (using the correct terminology) and the factors that result in changes in populations
- 5. Report on several key molecular cell biology techniques examining the principles and functions of cell biology

C112P1 Plant Science

Module Convener: Dr Kevin Pyke <u>Kevin.Pyke@nottingham.ac.uk</u>

Module Details: Level 1 Spring Semester 10 credits.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 150

Target Students: Primarily available for students taking a degree in Biology, Biotechnology Environmental Science or Environmental Biology. Biotechnology and Exchange Students

Pre-requisite modules or other requirements: A level in Biology and Chemistry preferred

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Lectures will cover a variety of topics on modern plant science including plant morphology, photosynthesis and water movement, flowering and seed development biology, plant pathology, plant genetic transformation and the central role of the model organism *Arabidopsis thaliana* in plant science research. The module also has three practical sessions relating to the lecture material.

Example:

Week	SUBJECT	LECTURER
1	Plant Evolution and Plant Structure	KP
2	Photosynthesis KP/RF	
3	Flowering	ZW
4	Seed Development and Fruit ripening	KP
5	Water relations of plants	KP
6	Plants and Nutrients	МВ
7	Plant Pathology	Matt D
8	Arabidopsis and Plant Tissue culture	RS/MD
9	Practical 1	ZW/PC/KP/NG
10	Practical 2	ZW/PC/KP/NG
11	Practical 3	ZW/PC/KP/NG

Staff: KP – Kevin Pyke; RF – Rupert Fray; ZW – Zoe Wilson; MB – Martin Broadley; Matt D – Matt Dickinson; PC – Peter Crittenden; RS – Ranjan Swarup

Assessment:

Exam 1 75% 1 hour 30 mins examination Coursework 1 25% Coursework essay - 1000 words

Module Aims: To provide an introduction to the biology and importance of plants. Lectures will focus on plant form and function, highlighting the ways that genetics and studies on the model plant, *Arabidopsis*, have added to our understanding. Emphasis will also be placed on the ways plants adapt to their surroundings and the potential for use of biotechnology in plant improvement.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the process of plant evolution and place the Angiosperms in the context of different types of plants.
- 2. Discuss the cellular structure of plants, in particular seeds, leaves, flowers and roots and demonstrate an understanding of how these multicellular tissues are constructed.
- 3. Appreciate the importance of model plants such as Arabidopsis in the development of modern plant biology and demonstrate knowledge of how this plant's attributes have been exploited.
- 4. Recognize the importance of plant nutrition and the interaction with pathogens are crucial to plant growth and production
- 5. Develop professional skills in scientific information retrieval and to work safely in a laboratory situation.

Recommended reading:

Main Text:

Campbell NA, Reece JB and Mitchell LG (2011) Biology 9th International Edition

Secondary texts:

Raven Biology of Plants, Evert RF and Eichorn SE (2012)

All course material including PowerPoint lectures will be available on the web.

Lecturers on this course are members of the Plant and Crop Sciences Division, School of Biosciences, Sutton Bonington

(www.nottingham.ac.uk/biosciences/plantcrop/index.html)

D212P3 Applied Genetics

Module Convenor: Dr Zinnia Gonzalez-Carranza Zinnia.Gonzalez-

Carranza@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 1, Spring Semester, 10 Credits

Pre-requisite(s): D211P1 Genes and Cells: 1

Expected Number of Students taking module: 150

Target Students: D420 Agricultural and Livestock Science, D320 Animal Science, J700

Biotechnology, C501 Microbiology, C200 Plant Science

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module builds upon the material delivered in semester 1 in which within the core section running throughout the module students will further examine the gene structure, function and regulation and investigate how this knowledge can be applied in recombinant DNA technology through DNA sequencing and genetic engineering. Dependent on the enrolled course there are options on plant, animal and microbial genetics which will deliver specific lectures and practicals essential to that discipline, which will feed into modules delivered in the second and third years.

Timetable: Typically a mix of three one-hour timetabled sessions per week; alternated with one hour lecture and a practical session of 2 hours(Monday afternoon from 2 pm): eleven core lectures, and 8 specialist options, regular tutorials/examples classes, forty hours student led studies and revision. The timetable will be finalised at the beginning of the semester, and can be viewed at www.nottingham.ac.uk/timetable

Core Lecture Programme: Lecture programme is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session and in each of the specialist options.

- 1 Module introduction, Gene structure (ZHGC)
- 2 Introns (ZHGC)
- 3 Regulatory regions (ZHGC)
- 4 Genetic Variation (ZHGC)
- 5 Mutations (ZHGC)
- 6 DNA and Genome Sequencing (ZHGC)
- 7 Restriction Endonucleases (ZHGC)
- 8 Cloning of DNA (ZHGC)
- 9 Modern Vectors (ZHGC)
- 10 PCR (ZHGC)
- 11 in vitro mutagenesis (ZHGC)

Assessment:

Exam 75% 1.5 hour Rogo examination Coursework 1 25% Specialist option exercise

Aims: This module aims to build upon the basics of fundamental biological processes and examine areas of nucleic acid structure; DNA replication; mutation and repair; transcription and translation; control of gene expression. It will then apply the knowledge and explain how this is exploited in recombinant DNA technology; gene cloning, DNA sequencing and genetic engineering.

Specialist options within animal, plant and microbial spheres will allow for subject specific applications of genetic techniques and theories which form an underpinning knowledge base for subsequent modules.

Learning outcomes:

- describe the structures and functions of DNA and RNA and how they relate to the mechanisms of DNA replication and repair
- describe the modes of gene expression in prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells
- describe the basic methods of gene cloning and recombinant DNA technology
- explain the polymerase chain reaction and DNA sequencing

Recommended background reading:

- [1] Beebee, Trevor J. C. and Burke, Julian 1992. Gene structure and transcription. IRL Press.
- [2] Cassimeris, Lynne et al. 2011. Lewin's Cells. Jones and Bartlett Publishers.
- [3] Hartl, Daniel L. 2014. Essential genetics: a genomics perspective. Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- [4] Hartl, Daniel L. et al. 2012. Genetics: analysis of genes and genomes. Jones & Bartlett.
- [5] Watson, James D. 2007. Recombinant DNA: genes and genomes: a short course. Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press.

D212Z5 Introductory Physiology

Module Convenor: Dr Alan Waterfall Alan. Waterfall@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 1 spring semester, 20 credits

Note: This module is a pre-requisite for Year 2 module Physiology of Excitable

Tissues.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 200

Target Students: Biosciences

Summary of Content: This module will introduce the major physiological systems including the central nervous system, the respiratory system, the cardiovascular system, the renal system and the digestive system. In each case the gross structures and functions of the major organs will be outlined, and the functions of individual cell types will be described in the context of each system as a whole. Regulatory pathways, which integrate internal physiological responses with external influences will be investigated; basic principles of cell communication will be discussed in the context of cell-specific responses to developmental signals and environmental stresses. The topics covered will refer to genes, proteins and membranes, transport of molecules across membranes, nerve signalling and biorhythms. Examples from across the animal kingdom will be presented.

Timetable (provisional): This will consist of 2 lectures per week (5hrs) and 4(2 repeats) practical class (8hrs) and will be finalised at the start of the semester. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Teaching Programme (provisional):

Homeostasis 1 lecture (Dr Carl Stevenson)

Endocrine system 1 lecture (Dr Carl Stevenson, Prof Martin Luck)

Cellular communication 1 lecture (Dr Reinhard Stoger)

Cellular responses 2 lectures (Dr Dylan Sweetman, Dr Reinhard Stoger)

Nervous system 3 lectures (Dr John Harris, Dr Alan Waterfall)
Autonomic nervous system 1 practical repeated once (Dr John Harris,

Dr Alan Waterfall)

Cardiovascular system 2 lectures (Dr Alan Waterfall)
Respiratory system 2 lectures (Dr Reinhard Stoger)
Renal system 2 lectures (Dr Simon Welham)
Digestive system 2 lectures (Dr Simon Welham)

Pharmacology 1 Lecture (Dr TBC)

Reproductive system 1 lecture (Dr Ravinder Anand-Ivell)

Stem cell/developmental physiology 1 lecture (Dr Ramiro Alberio, Dr Dylan Sweetman

Teaching Staff:

Dr Reinhard Stoger, Dr John Harris, Dr Carl Stevenson, Dr Alan Waterfall, Dr Simon Welham, Dr Ravinder Anand-Ivell, Dr Ramiro Alberio, Dr Dylan Sweetman.

Assessment:

Exam 75% 2 hour examination

Coursework 1 25% MCQ questionnaire (60 questions) based on the lab practical

Aims: This module deals with the major physiological systems which are essential for life. The aim is provide students with basic information on form and function within the central nervous system, respiratory system, cardiovascular system, renal system and digestive system. In each case the gross structures and functions of the major organs will be outlined, and the functions of individual cell types will be described in the context of each system as a whole. This module will deal with animals from a functional standpoint including their reactions to the internal and external environments, reproduction and development. The aim of the course is to investigate how multilevel physiological processes ranging from environmental down to molecular, mediate organism function.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to:

- Name the major anatomical structures of the major organs systems
- Identify the function of the major organ systems at the cellular, organ and organism levels
- · Identify the basic rules of pharmacology and drug receptor interactions
- Recognise the interdependence of major physiological systems
- Identify the basic principles of cell communication
- Recognise cell-specific responses to developmental signals and environmental stresses.

D21BF7 The Physiology of Microbes

Module Convenor: Dr Cath Rees Cath.Rees@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 1, Full Year, 20 Credits

Co-requisite(s):

D211P1 Genes and Cells: 1 D212P3 Genes and Cells: 2

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 60

Target Students: BSc Microbiology, BSc Biotechnology and other related

biological sciences and Availability to Exchange Students.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will introduce students to the principles of bacterial and yeast cell structure and nutrition, covering the diverse ways by which these microbes obtain energy. The module will cover both practical and theoretical elements of microbial growth and survival, including the processes of adaption and strategies that they have evolved to allow them to occupy selected environmental niches. Special emphasis is placed on the growth and identification of microbes and analysis data from microbiological experiments. Twenty x one-hour lectures at approximately two per week throughout the semester; five 3-hour practicals and five 1-hour practicals (results and subculture sessions) held in alternate weeks.

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 40% 1.5 hour MCQ questions and short answer maths questions Coursework 1 10% Plotting growth curves and determination of growth rate Coursework 2 50% Laboratory reports - 900 words plus graphs

Aims: To provide students with knowledge of yeast and bacterial cell structures and growth which will form a foundation upon which much of the higher level microbiology courses are based. In addition students will be introduced to the concepts of homeostasis in single cells and the adaptations required to achieve this when the external environment changes. This underpin this students will be introduced to the adaptations that single cells can undertake, such as motility and chemotaxis, sporulation and other responses to environments through changes in patterns of gene expression. Students will be taught how culture and identify microbes and how to process data commonly used in microbiological experimentation. Students will be trained in the basic practical methods required for all microbiological laboratory work.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will have knowledge of: • Principles of microbial nutrition covering the diverse processes by which yeast and bacteria obtain energy. • Practical and theoretical elements of microbial growth and knowledge of yeast and bacterial cells structures. • Strategies

microorganisms have evolved to allow them to occupy selected environmental niches, including motility, sporulation and adaptive gene regulation. In addition students will gain experience of: • Experimental approaches to investigating microbial populations. • Processing and presenting data from microbiological experiments • Basic sterile technique, cell culture and methods used to identify microbes.

D21BG1 Biosciences Tutorials (Academic Development) and Foundation Science

Module Convenors: Prof Matt Dickinson Matthew.Dickinson@nottingham.ac.uk, Dr Dov Stekel@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Detail: Level 1, Full Year new module, 20 credits

Pre-requisite(s): Biosciences Tutorials (Academic Development) and Foundation Science

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The content is as follows: The tutorials component is intended to enhance the transition into university and guide students through the academic expectations of their degrees. This part of the module is spread throughout the year and will include three generic sessions on 'study skills and plagiarism', 'study opportunities' and 'career and personal development', and a series of small group tutorials with the academic tutor to develop generic skills such as finding crucial information, oral presentation, data handling and presentation of results, preparation for examinations, and essay writing skills relevant to the Biosciences. The Foundation Science content has three elements: Chemistry, Maths & statistics and Physics. The Chemistry element will include: elements and periodic table; atomic structure and bonding; intermolecular attractions, chemical equilibrium; acids and bases, oxidation and reduction; rates of reaction; basic organic chemistry, isomerism, and rings. The Maths and Stats element will include: calculations, algebra, functions and relationships, powers, logarithms, descriptive statistics, significance, regression and presenting data. The Physics element will include: - units and dimensions; power, energy and heat; light and the electromagnetic spectrum; attenuation/absorption; and radioactivity. There is also an IT element, which interfaces with generic IT training for undergraduates provided within the University.

Assessment Details:

Coursework 1	25%	1500 word essay completed in the Autumn Semester
Coursework 2	12%	200 word quantitative exercise completed in the Spring Semester
Coursework 3	13%	300 word abstract of a scientific paper to be completed in the Spring semester
Inclass Exam 1 (Written)	25%	Chemistry tests (45 minutes)
Inclass Exam 2 (Written)	25%	Mathematics and statistics tests (45 minutes)

Aims: The aims of this module are twofold: The Tutorial elements are to enhance the academic and professional development of students via small group work within tutor groups. Working in small groups will encourage active participation and knowledge transfer. This part of the module should equip students with essaywriting, presentational skills (oral and written), critical interpretation of published materials, and other generic skills that should benefit them in modules throughout their degree. It will also provide an opportunity to learn and reflect on opportunities available to enhance their transition from University into the workplace. The

Foundation Science element will complement this by providing foundation level knowledge of mathematics, physics and chemistry for undergraduate students entering the School of Biosciences. The module aims to compensate for gaps in knowledge caused by differences in individual prior education and to ensure that all students have the basic knowledge of these key disciplines required to underpin their future studies in the School of Biosciences. The syllabus has been developed in conjunction with degree programme leaders across the School.

Learning Outcomes: • Recognise the significance of the core topics in foundation level physics, chemistry and mathematics to their future degree study in the Biosciences. • Understand a range of fundamental concepts in physics, maths and chemistry which form core knowledge for scientists of all disciplines. • Understand the importance of using the correct scientific units and be able to convert between different units of measurement (e.g. SI and non-SI units). • Manipulate mathematical equations and perform calculations designed to improve confidence in dealing with logarithms, exponentials, powers, scientific notation.....etc. • Recognise the basis of fundamental scientific equations, their interpretation and meaning. • Use Microsoft Excel at a basic level to analyse scientific data, enter formulae and plot graphs • Summarise key relevant information succinctly in an abstract. • Give examples of appropriate referencing styles for scientific reporting. • Identify an appropriate approach for solving a quantitative problem through background and collaborative research. • Review a given scientific topic in a written report.

D21BN2 Biochemistry-The Building Blocks of Life

Module Convenor: Dr Matt Elmes Matthew.Elmes@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Dr Matt Elmes (ME); Dr Marcos Alcocer (MA); Prof Andy Salter (AS); Dr Andy Murton (AM); Dr Simon Welham (SM); Dr Ranjan Swarup (RS); Dr Kevin Pyke (KP).

Module Details: Level 1 Autumn and Spring Semesters, 20 credits

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 250

Target Students: All School of Biosciences students in year 1

Availability to Exchange Students Yes - if relevant in the first year

Note: This module is a pre-requisite for D224N0 Nutrition, Metabolism and Disease, D223F0 Manufacture of Food (40 credit), D223N8 Principles of Animal Nutrition, D224A6 Endocrine Control Systems & D224G1 Professional Skills for Bioscientists

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module introduces - proteins, carbohydrates, lipids and nucleic acids. The structure and properties of these will be examined in relation to their function. Topics covered include proteins as structural elements and enzymes, lipids as components of cell membranes, carbohydrates as energy stores and nucleic acids as genetic information and genetic engineering. The process of protein synthesis in prokaryotes will be outlined. The nutritional roles of amino acids, carbohydrates and fats will also be considered briefly. The major metabolic pathways in the cell responsible for energy production (respiration) and biosynthesis of cellular components, including the major pathways of carbohydrate and lipid metabolism along with some aspects of thermodynamics will be covered. Photosynthesis and pathways responsible for the assimilation of nitrogen in plants and eventually animals, will be covered along with general nucleic acid metabolism. In addition general mechanisms for the control of cellular metabolism will also be discussed. The practical sessions are designed to introduce students to several key biochemical techniques. In the first semester this will introduce students to the use of spectroscopy and demonstrate two major separation techniques - chromatography and electrophoresis. The practical sessions in the second semester are designed to introduce the concept of sub-cellular fractionation, enzyme assays and metabolite quantification.

Lecture Programme (provisional):

Lectare 1 10	cetare i rogramme (provisionar).				
Week	Subject	Lecturers			
2	Nucleic acids - structure	ME			
3	Nucleic acids – Properties and Applications	AM			
4	Amino acids and protein structure	MA			
5	Practical	ME, MA,			
6	Practical	AM, ME			
7	Practical	MA, AM			
8	Protein synthesis	SW			
9	Amino acid metabolism	MA			
10	Nucleotide synthesis and metabolism	MA			
11	Nucleotide synthesis and metabolism	MA			
12	Enzymes	SW			

19	Bioenergetics and Respiration	ME, RS
20	Bioenergetics and photosynthesis	ME, KP
21	Bioenergetics	ME
22 23 24 25 26 31 32	Practical Practical Practical Practical Carbohydrates and lipids-structure Carbohydrates and lipids-structure Carbohydrates and lipids -functions Metabolic control	ME, MA, AM, ME MA, AM ME, AS, ME, AS ME, AS

Teaching Staff: Dr Matt Elmes (ME); Dr Marcos Alcocer (MA); Prof Andy Salter (AS); Dr Andy Murton (AM); Dr Simon Welham (SM); Dr Ranjan Swarup (RS); Dr Kevin Pyke (KP).

Coursework: One MCQ based online test and a practical report.

Assessment:

Exam 1 40% 1.5 hour MCQ exam

Coursework 1 20% MCQ moodle assessment

Coursework 2 40% Practical Write up in Spring

Aims: The aim of this module is to introduce students to the basic structure, properties and functions of the four key biological macromolecules namely- nucleic acids, proteins, carbohydrates and lipids. It also aims to introduce the basic metabolic pathways occurring in cells, such as respiration, photosynthesis and the biosynthetic pathways for the key macromolecules. In particular:

- 1. To provide a basis for the understanding of biochemical processes in living organisms.
- 2. To provide students with a basic understanding of the structure and key properties of all four major macromolecules.
- 3. To demonstrate to students how these properties are essential for the biological functions of the macromolecules.
- 4. To provide students with a basic understanding of the major biochemical pathways in cells and their control.
- 5. To demonstrate to students how these pathways are essential for the cell.
- 6. To demonstrate several key biochemical techniques for the separation and analysis of macromolecules and measurement of metabolic processes.

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge and Understanding – to learn of:

The structure, properties and functions of proteins, nucleic acids, lipids and carbohydrates.

Handle kinetic data and understand molarity.

Understand the basic principles of key techniques such as electrophoresis and spectrophotometry.

The major metabolic pathways such as respiration, photosynthesis, lipid and protein biosynthesis.

Bioenergetics and the role of energy in metabolism.

Understand the basic principles of key techniques used to study metabolism such

as enzyme assays.

Intellectual Skills – the ability to:

Analyse simple experimental data.

Handle simple mathematical concepts relevant to the biological sciences, such as molarity, calibration curves and kinetics.

Practical Skills – the ability to:

Accurately operate simple laboratory equipment, such as pipettes.

Collect and record data.

Work safely in the laboratory.

Transferable/key skills - the ability to:

Communicate experimental results clearly and concisely in a written form.

Work productively as an individual and as part of a team.

Manage time efficiently.

YEAR 2 MODULES

C12461 Microbial Biotechnology

Module Convenor: Professor SV Avery

School: Life Sciences, University Park

Module Details: Level 2

Spring, 120 credits

Pre-requisites: C41105 Microbiology or equivalent

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 100

Target Students: The course is designed for BSc/MSci Biology and Microbiology

students but not restricted to them.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The course will cover the key groups of eukaryotic and prokaryotic microorganisms relevant to microbial biotechnology, principles of GM and strain improvement in pro- and eukaryotes. Microbial biotechnology in the food industry, including dairy and alcohol products, organic acids. Relevance to agriculture, including biological control. The pharmaceutical industry, e.g. microbiological production of therapeutic entities. Microbial production of industrial ethanol and other biofuels. The impact of "omics", systems biology, synthetic biology and effects of stress on industrial microorganisms.

Further Activity Detail: The module is based on 10 morning sessions, one per week, amounting to 30h contact time. The coursework, revision and assessment comprises a total of 45h.

Assessment:

Exam 1 70% one 1.5 hr multiple choice exam

Coursework 1 30% Coursework 30% comprising submission of a power-

point presentation and accompanying notes.

Aims: The aim of the course is to describe the use of yeasts, filamentous fungi and bacteria in biotechnology as it relates to the food, agriculture, medicine and other industries. The course will demonstrate how an understanding of the biology and genetics of microorganisms allows their use as cell factories for the production, and models for the discovery, of enzymes and metabolites. The course will also explore how microbial activities themselves can be exploited in processes ranging from food production to biocontrol of disease-causing organisms. The course will cover the key types of product, metabolic pathways, their regulation at the gene level, and methods for strain improvement including the use of recombinant DNA technology for ameliorating product yield and the synthesis of new products. The impact of genomics and systems biology on microbial biotechnology will be presented.

Learning Outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding of

A2 (current trends and developments between Biology and other disciplines)

A3. (the importance of Biology in human health and disease and its relevance to biotechnology)

A4. (appropriate terminology, nomenclature and classification) and A5 (genetics). Other aspects are also relevant, e.g.A6, A7 and A10.

Intellectual Skills

the ability to critically analyse and interpret published information and data (B1) and think independently while giving due weight to the arguments of others (B2). Also, the course will help students to understand complex ideas and relate them to specific problems or questions (B3) and acquire substantial quantities of information systematically, process it effectively, and draw appropriate conclusions (B4).

Transferable Skills

the ability to communicate effectively in writing (D1), organise and manage your working time, schedule tasks, and meet deadlines (D3) an work productively with others (D7).

C72341 Principles of Gene Functions

Module Convenor: Dr SP Dawson

School: Life Science, University Park

Module Details: Level 2 Autumn, 10 credits

Pre-requisites: C71101 and C41202

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 5

Target Students: Available to students registered for the Single Honours degree in Neuroscience with Biochemistry and other students from outside the School. This module is not available for students on Biochmistry degrees.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module considers the following topics:

- 1. intracellular packaging of DNA
- 2. mechanism and regulation of replication, transcription and translation
- 3. theory and practice of gene cloning.

Assessment:

Exam 1 100% One 2 hour examination

Aims: The course aims to provide students with an advanced knowledge of the mechanism and regulation of gene expression, and methods of gene expression, and methods of gene cloning. Students will be able to present detailed descriptions of the processes of replication, transcription and regulation and how these are regulated; they will be able to describe how genes can be cloned and how gene libraries are produced; they will understand the use of gene libraries.

Learning Outcomes: Use of the libraries; Analysis of research data; IT and communication skills.

D223A7 Applied Animal Science

Module Convenor: Prof Kevin Sinclair Kevin.Sinclair@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Prof Phil Garnsworthy, Dr Steve Ramsden, Prof Julian Wiseman

Module Details: Level 2 Autumn; 20 credits

Pre-requisites: None

Co-requisites: None

Note: This module is a pre-requisite for D235A8 Companion Animal Science, D23BA1 Livestock Production Science for module in Part 2 (Final Year)

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Aims: The module will consider a wide range of subjects. The autumn semester will concentrate on Feed Evaluation: determining and expressing the energy-yielding and nutrient contents; energy and protein evaluation systems for ruminants and non-ruminants; micronutrients, essential fatty acids; principles of diet formulation; variability and processing of raw materials; feeding systems; feedstuff recognition; legislation. Growth of Farm Animals: relative growth rate, allometry, differential maturity of individual carcass components; application of principles to selection of genotype and nutrition. Farm Animal Welfare: concept of the 5 freedoms; applicability to commercial practice; diversity of systems intended to improve welfare. There will be one livestock visit, (one of pig, dairy, beef or sheep), which will be integrated into the teaching and learning assessments for this module. The module will cover Livestock Systems: Comparisons of systems of production for all major species of farm livestock; farm visit, integration of these different systems with each other and other enterprises on farms; fundamentals of grass growth and development, grass-animal interactions and forage conservation; general aspects of health and diseases in farm animals, livestock breeding, organic livestock systems, financial management, systems analysis and meat quality.

Activities: This module includes one visit to a local livestock farm which is a core element of the module. If you are a student with a disability, or have any mobility issues, you should discuss any specific needs you may have with the module convener at the point of registering for this module. The University will take all reasonable steps to ensure that any student with a disability can take this module.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- Describe the underlying principles of the processes and mechanisms of animal growth, development, production and utilisation.
- Acquire, interpret and critically analyse biological and/or management data and information derived from a variety of sources.
- Demonstrate a range of practical techniques and methodologies, together with appropriate procedures for data analysis and presentation.
- Collect and integrate several lines of evidence and apply them in a balanced manner to support an argument, taking ethical considerations into account where appropriate.
- Critically analyse, synthesise and summarise information drawn from various sources, including published research papers and reports.
- Analyse financial and other management information and use it in decision making.
- Process, analyse and present data using a variety of methods, including appropriate qualitative and quantitative techniques and packages.

Week	SUBJECT	LECTURER
2	Introduction, basic principles	JW
	Ruminant systems – Beef Cattle	KS
3	Non-ruminants – Pig/Poultry	JW
	Ruminant systems – Dairy Cattle	PG
4	Q/A session Non-ruminants	JW
	Ruminant Systems – Sheep	LS
5	Q/A session Ruminants	PG
	Organic Livestock Systems	MW
6	Systems analysis (Visit)	JW/KS
	Systems analysis (Visit)	
7	Q/A session Non-ruminants	JW
	Gross Margins (GM)	KS
8	Q/A session Ruminants; Diet Formulation	PG
	Dairy cow health	SVMS
9	Computer Class	JW/PG
	Grazing Management & Fodder	MW
10	Growth	JW
	Respiratory and Enteric Diseases	SVMS
11	Raw Materials in diets (Growth Q&A)	JW/PG
	Animal Breeding	KS/DairyCo
12	Animal Welfare	JW
	Meat quality + Module Review	JW

13-16	Vacation	
17-18	January Assessment	

Teaching Staff: Prof Kevin Sinclair (KS; Module convenor), Prof Phil Garnsworthy (PG), Dr Steve Ramsden (SR), Prof Julian Wiseman (JW)

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 70% One 3-hour paper

Coursework 1 10% Computer class write-up (500 words).

Coursework 2 20% Systems Analysis Project write-up (1000 words).

D223F6 Bacterial Biological Diversity

Module Convenor: Prof CER Dodd Christine.Dodd@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturer: Dr D Scott; Dr K Brown

Module Details: Level 2, Autumn Semester, 10 credits

Pre-requisites: D211P1 Genes and Cells I

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 40

Target Students: Compulsory for students taking Honours degree in Microbiology. Optional

for students taking Honours degree in Biotechnology.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module is designed to provide an understanding of the extent of prokaryote biological diversity. Following introductory lectures on microbial taxonomy and classification, students will undertake two student-centred exercises. The first will be the production of an essay on a chosen organism covering its taxonomy, biology and ecology. The second will be a group exercise to design a web site including the material collated for the essay. This will be presented to class members in a short group presentation. The web pages will be accessible by other students to aid student centred learning of other topics, which will be an essential element for the final examination. Examination will be by a preset essay topic.

Indicative Timetable for module

Lecture Programme: Approximately 7h of lectures within the first 3 weeks of the Semester

Non-Lecture Programme: Four hours of tutorials throughout the Semester.

Indicative Timetable for module

Week 1

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3	h	forma	al te	ach	ına

Introduction to the module	CERD
Classical bacterial taxonomy	CERD
Effect of plasmids on bacterial taxonomy	CERD

Week 2

2h formal teaching

Numerical taxonomy	CERD
Chemosystematics: cell walls and membranes	CERD
1h student centred learning – draft essay	

Week 3

Week 5	
3h formal teaching	
Chemosstematics: proteins and metabolic by-products	CERD
Chemosystematics: nuclear acids	CERD
I h class tutorial - Essay writing skills & Website exercise	CERD

Week 6

Essay submission

Week7 Computer rooms

3 h class tutorial Web-site workshop DS &KB

Week 8

3 h student centred work Group web-site meeting

Week 9

3 h student centred work Group web-site meeting

Week 10

3h Web site presentations CERD & DS & KB

Week 11

3 h student-centred learning based on web-sites

Week 12

3 h student-centred learning based on web-sites

Exam essay title released.

Practical assessment: There is no laboratory element to this module

Course assignment: The first exercise will be the production of an essay on a chosen organism covering its taxonomy, biology and ecology. The second exercise will be a group exercise to design a web site including the material collated for the essay which will be presented to other students in a short group presentation. The web pages will be accessible by other students to aid student centred learning of other topics, which will be an essential element for the final examination.

Assessment: Exam 1 50% 1 hour essay with a pre-set title; the web sites are a source material for this. Coursework 1 30% Essay - 2000 words. Coursework 2 20% Group web site -group exercise of up to 4 people who use their essay data to construct a web site. No set length.

Aims: There are three main aims: to give students a broader knowledge of bacterial biology; to provide training in literature searches on a defined topic and production of written synopses; to provide web design skills.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module students will be able to:

- 1 Comprehend the terminology and nomenclature used in microbial systematics and its underlying basis.
- 2 Critically analyse microbiological information derived from a variety of sources associated with specialist disciplines including physiology, interaction with the environment, genetics, molecular biology and biotechnology.
- 3 Synthesise and summarise information drawn from various sources to address a specific question and present this in a new format.
- 4 Work productively as an individual or as part of a team.

Recommended background reading: Brock, Biology of Microorganisms, 13th Edition

D223F7 Virology

Module Convenor: Dr Ken Mellits Ken. Mellits@nottingham.ac.uk

Capped Module at 45 - You will need permission from the module convenor to take this module unless it is compulsory for your course

Module Details: The module will provide an introduction to viruses and their interactions with their hosts (bacteria, plants and animals including humans). The structure of viruses, their significance including pathogenesis and molecular biology will be discussed. 10 credits

Pre-requisite module or other requirements: D211P1 Genetics and Cell biology

Note: This module is a pre-requisite for D236M1 Virology & Cellular Microbiology for module in Part 2 (Final Year)

Target Students: Compulsory for students reading degrees in Food Microbiology and Microbiology. Optional for students reading Animal Sciences, Biotechnology, Food Science and Plant Sciences.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will provide an introduction to viruses and their interactions with their hosts (bacteria, plants and animals including humans). The structure of viruses, their significance including pathogenesis and molecular biology will be discussed.

Lecturers:

Kristelle Brown **Brian Thomson** Ken Mellits Matt Dickinson Jon Ball

Will Irving

Cath Rees

Coursework: 30% of the module mark will be awarded for coursework, which includes a 1000 word essay and a short group presentation.

Assessment: Rest of assessment is: 20% based on a laboratory report which amounts to a 300 word essay, and 50% for a 1.5 hour examination.

Aims: To provide a basic understanding of viruses, their diversity, interaction with their hosts and pathogenesis.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module students will be able to:

- Describe viruses and their diversity, and the mechanism by which they invade cells and cause disease.
- Acquire, practical techniques associated with studying viruses, including but not limited to the ability to acquire, interpret, plot and critically analyse virological data and information
- Acquire basic Presentation skills including the ability to ask and respond to questions, in a group context.

Recommended reading: Fields Virology Third addition pt 1 and 2.

D223N6 Principles of Immunology

Module Convenor: Dr Marcos Alcocer Marcus.Alcocer@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Prof M Luck, Professor D Hannant (Special Professor) and invited

external lecturers

Module Details: Level 2, Autumn Semester, 10 credits

Pre-requisite: D21BN2 Biochemistry-The Building Blocks of Life

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 180

Target Students: All home and international students with an interest in animal and human

biology.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will concentrate on: The innate immune system; the adaptive immune system; MHC and antigen presentation; antibodies and antibody responses; immune-techniques; regulation of the immune responses; effector mechanisms of immune responses; immunity to infection; immunology of reproduction; and immunedeficiencies.

Lecture Programme: The lecture timetable is provisional. Details will be provided at the beginning of the module. Topics to be covered will include:

- 1 The innate immune system
- 2 The adaptive immune system
- 3 The response to injury
- 4 MHC and antigen presentation
- Antibodies and Antibody responses
- 5 6 Immunological techniques
- 7 Regulation of the immune responses
- 8 Effector mechanisms of immune responses
- 9 Vaccination and immunity to infection
- 10 Immunology of reproduction

Coursework: Coursework 1: a MCQ on-line exam.

Assessment: Exam, 70%, 1.5hour. Coursework 1, 30%

Aims: The module aims at introducing the students to: basic concepts of cellular and molecular immunology; current immune-techniques; modern concepts of immune-deficiency and hypersensitivities.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of the module students will be able to:

- Describe the main characteristics and features of the innate and adaptive immunesystem, their functions and how they relate to each other.
- Discuss the main events of the immune response when the body is infected by intra and extracellular parasites, essential components of many diseases.
- Analyse results from classical immune techniques that will help the reading and comprehension of scientific publications.
- Integrate the immune mechanisms and discuss current topics of animal and human diseases

Recommended background reading: Reading lists are provided by each staff member teaching in the module.

D223N8 Principles of Animal Nutrition

Module Convenor: Dr Jean Margerison <u>Jean.Margerison@nottingham.ac.uk</u>

Lecturers: Dr J Brameld, Dr M Elmes, Dr Tim Parr

Module Details: Level 2, **Spring Semester**, 10 credits

Pre-requisites: D21BN1 Introduction to Nutrition, D21BN2 Introductory Biochemistry

Note: This module is a pre-requisite for D23BN2 Animal Nutrition and D23BN3 Molecular Nutrition modules in Part 2 (Final Year)

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 50

Target Students: All students with an interest in animal nutrition and Exchange students.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: Dietary feed intake, energy, protein, water, macro and micronutrient requirements. Application of feed analysis and databases. Nutritional energetics and protein metabolism. Energy, protein and amino acid nutrition. Regulation of appetite and energy expenditure. Future nutrition based challenges.

Lecture Programme: The lecture timetable is provisional. Details will be provided at the beginning of the module. Topics to be covered will include:

- 1 Measuring nutrient content and energy in food (lectures)
- 2 Amino acid and Protein nutrition (lectures)
- 3 Regulation of Energy balance (lectures)
- 4 Energy models and calculations (lectures/ workshop)
- 5 Determining future nutritional challenges of the world (lectures and seminar)

Assessment: Exam 1 70% 1.5hour. Coursework 1 30%

Aims: To explain and illustrate the knowledge required to understand nutrition at an advanced level with 1) specific reference to Diet formulation and analysis, including Nutritional Energetics and Protein Nutrition. 2) To consider energy requirements of animals in different physiological/pathological states. 3) To consider protein and amino acid requirements of animals. 4) To understand the factors involved in regulating appetite and energy expenditure. 5) To understand the future nutritional challenges of the world.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to: • Describe principles underlying animal nutrition, energy and protein metabolism, and relate this knowledge to feed intake, energy, protein, water and mineral requirements of animals • Explain the regulation of energy balance and appetite • Evaluate the influence of dietary protein quality for ruminant and non-ruminant species • Discuss the principles of diet formulation and application of feed analysis and databases.

Recommended background reading: Reading lists are provided by each staff member teaching in the module

D223P0 Molecular Biology and the Dynamic Cell

Joint Module Convenors: Kevin Pyke (KP) _ and Ranjan Swarup (RS) ranjan.swarup@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 2 Autumn Semester, 20 Credit

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 70

Target Students: Biosciences and Life Sciences students. Availability to Exchange

Students.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: A detailed study of the core molecular processes that enable cells to function such as DNA biochemistry, gene expression, protein synthesis and degradation. These sessions will complement lectures on basic eukaryotic cell biology covering a range of organelles and cell structures including the nucleus, plastids, mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi bodies and secretion together with a consideration of cell differentiation.

(Provisional timetable)

Week		SUBJECT
	Session 1	An overview of the Cell and its nucleus (Nucleus) (KP)
1	Session2	Chromosome packaging, DNA replication and molecular basis of evolution (RS)
2	Session 3	RNA Synthesis, processing and export (RS) Protein synthesis, antibiotics, abnormal protein folding and human diseases (RS)
	Session 4	Regulation of Gene Expression I: Molecular switches, motifs, transcriptional activators, repressors, enhancers and insulators
3	Session 5	Regulation of Gene Expression II: Targeted Protein Degradation (ZW) Regulation of Gene Expression III: micro RNA, snRNA, siRNA and artificial microRNA (RF)
	Session 6	Methods of investigating Gene Expression including an overview of gene chips and new generation sequencing
	Session 7	Practical: Immuno detection (RS)
4	Session 8	Practical: in situ Immunolocalisation and Confocal demo (RS+KP)
5	Session 9	Regulation of Gene Expression IV: Long non protein coding RNA (RS) Epigenetics: DNA methylation, imprinting and chromatin remodelling (DS)
	Session 10	Mitochondrion, plastids (KP) Extra nuclear genomes: the plastid and mitochondria (KP)
	Session 11	The cytoskeleton I: IFs and MTs (KP) The cytoskeleton II: MFs and motors (KP)
6	Session 12	The endo membrane system I: ER and import (KP) The endo membrane system II: Golgi and
7	Session 13	Mitosis and Chromosome movement (KP) The Cell cycle - CDK's, cyclins and checkpoints (KP)
-	Session 14	Cell Differentiation (KP/RS) Programmed Cell
	Session 15	The endomembrane system-Secretion and uptake (KP+RS)

	Session 16	Practical (Vesicle trafficking and cell differentiation) (KP)
9	Session 15	Coursework poster session (ALL)
9	Session 16	Coursework poster session (ALL)
10	Session 19	20. Cell in a multicellular context covering cell to cell interactions and mechanisms of long and short distance signalling-Part I
10	Session 20	21. Cell in a multicellular context covering cell to cell interactions and mechanisms of long and short distance
1.1	Session 21	Poster Feedback, Examination Guidance and tutorial (KP+RS)
11	Session 22	Tutorial (KP+RS)

KP-Kevin Pyke; RS-Ranjan Swarup; ZW-Zoe Wilson; RF-Rupert Fray; DS-Dylan Sweetman

Coursework: Two pieces of coursework: one poster and one Lab report and questionnaire.

Assessment:

Exam 1 (60%) 2 hour examination

Coursework 1 (15%) Poster

Coursework 2 (25%) Practical report and questionnaire (2000 words)

Aims: This module aims to teach students about the basic molecular processes that underpin the function of eukaryotic cells and to describe how different organelles within the cell function, with an emphasis on the dynamic nature of cell biology.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to: 1. Explain the mechanisms of key molecular processes taking place within cells associated with DNA, RNA and protein synthesis 2. Distinguish different molecular mechanisms regulating gene expression within cells, 3. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the molecular and cellular components of Eukaryotic cells and their function and how cellular components are integrated into cellular function. 4. Appreciate the use of modern imaging technology and marker molecules in elucidating cellular function and recognise the highly dynamic nature of rapidity of cellular function. 5. Demonstrate intellectual skills to evaluate critically molecular and cell biology research papers 6. Develop professional skills in scientific information retrieval and to work safely in a laboratory situation.

D223P9 Applied Plant Physiology: from cell to crop

Module Convenors: Drs Erik Murchie (EM) Erik.Murchie@nottingham.ac.uk

Other teaching staff: Dr Kevin Pyke (KP), Dr Rupert Fray (RF), Dr Neil Graham

(NG

Module Details: Level 2 Autumn Semester, 20 Credit

Pre-requisites: D211F3: The Biosciences and Global Food security, C112P1: Plant

Science or equivalent.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 70

Target Students: Students in the Schools of Biosciences and Life Sciences.

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Summary of Content: This module provides a comprehensive understanding of plant physiology with an applied context from the molecular level to the field. There is an emphasis on the mechanisms that plants use to capture and utilise physical resources i.e. solar energy, water and nutrients. The module examines the physiological basis of resource capture and utilisation in growth and development, physical aspects of the plant environment incorporating key processes (photosynthesis, respiration, uptake and transpiration of water, the uptake and role of mineral nutrients). This physiological understanding will be applied in an agricultural context to consider major crop species in the UK and worldwide, and how cropping is affected by soil type. Limitations to resource capture by crops, and how growers overcome these, will be considered in relation to integrated crop management. The module also considers contemporary issues and future developments in agronomy and the role of the agronomist in successful crop management.

(Provisional timetable) . All lectures unless stated otherwise

Week	SUBJECT	LECTURER
WEEK		
T	-Photosynthesis: organelle structure and function	KP
	-Major crop species	DS
2	-Photosynthesis: how chloroplasts work	KP,RF
	-Practical: Major Crop Species	DS
3	-Photosynthesis: diversity and ecology -	KP,EM
	Soils and Cropping Systems	DS
4	-How crops capture and 'convert' solar energy to	EM
	yield -Weed biology	DS
5	-Weed management	DS
	- Practical: weed competition and nutrients	DS/NG
6	- Environmental physiology of plants and crops:	EM
	temperature, photosynthesis, respiration and	L1.1
	stress -Practical: photosynthesis	EM?RF
7	-How does water move through plants? -	EM
	Practical: water and photosynthesis (TBC)	EM
8	-Stomata: structure and function of a small but	EM
	globally significant plant organ	
	-Root traits for water and nutrient uptake	DS/TBC
9	-Water use efficiency of crops	EM
	-Group work on conservation agriculture	DS
10	-Plant nutrients, uptake and functions	NG

	- Mixed species cropping	TBC
11	- Nutrient, transport, assimilation and use in crops -	NG DS/EM

Coursework: 40 %. A written report (1500 words) related to the practical sessions.

Assessment: Exam 1 60 %. Short questions and answers on module material using computers running Rogo software. This is timetabled and will take place in an IT lab.

Aims: The module is designed to introduce the key processes by which individual plants and plant communities capture and use physical resources i.e. light, water and nutrients, and provides an understanding of the physical and chemical processes and key biological processes involved. This is placed into an applied setting by considering agricultural examples and crop management strategies. By the end of the module, the student should understand not only the individual mechanisms, but also appreciate the importance of their integration into crop processes and the relevance of this to contemporary environmental and agricultural issues.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to:

- Describe the physical resources available for plant growth and development
- Explain how soil type and climate affect crop choice
- Explain the physiological mechanisms by which plants capture physical resources and convert them to growth
- Discuss the abiotic and biotic limitations to plant and crop productivity by resource availability and use
- Analyse data accurately and critically and write a referenced scientific report.
- Devise integrated crop management strategies

D224E4 Computer Modelling in Science: Introduction (UP)

Module Convenor: Dr Dov Stekel Dov.Stekel@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 2 Spring Semester, 20 credits

Prerequisites: Level 3 students who have already taken C135E9 will not be admitted

to this module.

Co-requisites: None.

Location: University Park

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 60

Target Students: All School of Biosciences students, Natural Sciences students and Ningbo 2+2 Environmental Sciences students (based in Geography).

Summary of Content: Modern biological and environmental science includes the study of complex systems and large data sets, including imaging data. This necessitates the use of computer models and analyses in order to understand these systems. This module contains an introduction to computer programming and modelling techniques that are used in the biological and environmental sciences. Specifically, it contains: (i) An introduction to computer programming and algorithms, using the Python programming language. (ii) An introduction the construction of mathematical models for biological and environmental systems using difference and differential equations, with a particular emphasis on population dynamics, and the use of computing to simulate, analyze these models and fit these models to data. Throughout the module, the focus will be on relevant examples and applications, e.g. environmental pollution, growth of microbial populations, disease epidemics, or computer manipulation of images of plants, animals or the natural environment. The module will be assessed by a patchwork assessment consisting of write-ups of assignments from during the semester.

Timetable: The first week of term is a two hour session, followed by 9 four hour sessions. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: All teaching will be mixed mode (lecture/computer practical) in computer rooms. Lecture programme is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session.

- 1. Module introduction (Stekel)
- 2. Introduction to Python (French)
- 3. Programming in Python (French)
- 4. Python modules: NumPy and MatPlotLib (French)
- 5. Modelling: difference equations (Martin)
- 6. Modelling: simple differential equations (Stekel)
- 7. Modelling: differential equations and SciPy (Stekel)
- 8. Modelling: multi-dimensional systems (Stekel)
- 9. Modelling: steady state analysis (Stekel)
- 10. Model building and workshop (Martin)

Teaching Staff: Dr Sarah Martin (SM), Dr Dov Stekel (DJS), Dr Andrew French (APF)

On-line material: Supporting background material on computing and mathematical concepts (e.g. algorithms, calculus) will be posted on-line with on-line exercises to complete.

Assessment: Patchwork Assessment (100%) consisting of write-up of related assignments from the whole module.

Aims: The aim of this module is to introduce the use of computing programming and modelling in the biological and environmental sciences for model simulation and image processing.

Learning outcomes: A student who successfully completes this module should be able to: (i) Transform a series of instructions specified mathematically or textually into a pseudocode algorithm. (ii) Create or modify simple computer program code in order to carry out a set algorithmic task. (iii) Critically evaluate the use and results of suitable computer algorithms or programs in the context of relevant challenges in the biological or environmental sciences. (iv) Construct a simple mathematical model from a set of biological or environmental processes. (v) Simulate and analyse mathematical models using a computer and appropriate software and/or algorithms. (vii) Critically evaluate a mathematical model and its simulation results in the context of relevant challenges in the biological or environmental sciences.

Recommended Reading: A full reading list will be provided at the outset of the module.

D224F9 Analysis of Bacterial Gene Expression

Module Convenor: Dr P Hill Phil.Hill@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturer: Dr CED Rees

Capped module at 30 - You will need permission from the module convenor to take this module unless it is compulsory for your course

Module Details: Level 2, Spring Semester, 10 credits

Pre-requisites: Genetics with Specialist Options (D212P3) or equivalent, D211P1 Genetics and Cell Biology, Microbial Physiology (D212F7; STUDENT MUST HAVE A PASS MARK IN THE PRACTICAL ELEMENT OF THE MODULE) or equivalent

Note: This module is a pre-requisite for D236M1 Virology and Cellular

Microbiology module in Part 2 (Final Year)

Target Students: Microbiology, Biotechnology

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The course will cover the major techniques required for analysis of gene expression including methods for gene sequence and transcriptional analysis. An in depth study of vectors and gene constructs will provide and understanding of the different strategies used in creating mutants and identifying gene function in bacteria. The coursework exercises are designed to illustrate the topics covered in the lecture course and will give students experience of experimental design and critical analysis of research data and an introduction to bioinformatics for the analysis of DNA and protein sequences.

Lecture Programme: More detailed information will be issued in the first teaching session.

Topic				
1	Introduction to module; review of DNA structure & Gene			
2	Enzymes in molecular biology: PCR; DNA sequencing;			
	Restriction enzymes and mapping			
3	Proteomics & reverse genetics			
4	Transposons and reporter genes			
5	Screening libraries and preparation of genomic DNA			
6	Plasmid vectors and conjugation			
7	Hybridisation techniques			
8	Use of computers for DNA sequence analysis and			
9	Phage vectors and transduction			
10	mRNA techniques			

Non-Lecture Programme: There is one practical and one computer session usually around weeks 8 & 9 of the module respectively. Further Activity Detail: Further Activity Detail: Half a day per week throughout the semester, to include formal lectures and tutorials (44 hours) and practicals distributed evenly throughout the semester. Also, for D224F9 there is one practical and one computer session usually around weeks 8 & 9 of the module respectively.

Assessment:

Exam 1 60% 2 hour examination

Coursework 1 30% Data analysis exercise

Coursework 2 10% Oral Presentation

Aims: To introduce students to the principles molecular methods of analysis of bacterial gene expression and give experience of the interpretation of data used to map genetic constructs. These provide a platform to allow further study of bacterial molecular genetics and their application in biotechnology in later courses. Student-led short seminars give experience of data analysis and presentation of data.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to:

- Explain the mechanism of bacterial gene expression and the methods used to identify control points at the DNA, RNA and Protein levels.
- Compare the differences between alternative methods for analysing specific macromolecules (e.g. DNA) and assess their appropriateness for particular applications.
- Analyse raw data generated by a number of techniques used for gene analysis and interpret their meaning in context with given background information
- Apply practical experimental procedures to prepare and analyse DNA from bacterial cultures.

Recommended background reading:

Genes (Lewin) or similar texts Instant Notes in Molecular biology (Turner, McLennab, Bates & White) Additional research papers and reviews provided on Moodle

D224G1 Professional Skills for Bioscientists

Module Convenor: Prof M Dickinson Matthew.Dickinson@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 2, Spring Semester and Summative Assessment all at the end of Semester 4, 20 credits

Session availability – All Biosciences Undergraduates with the exception of students studying the following programmes: Food Sciences, Nutrition and Food Sciences, Environmental Science

Pre-requisites:

- 1. Successful <u>progression from</u> Qualifying Year of studies of a Biosciences Degree (or equivalent)
- 2. Submission of draft CV as part of Module D21BP1

Expected Number of Students taking module - est 200

Target Students - Biosciences Undergraduate Students and available to Exchange Students from other UoN Campuses only.

Summary of Content The module is divided in to 2 sections. One half will be focussed on the provision of specific material deemed appropriate for each course programme to prepare their students for their Final Year (in most cases this will be the research project).

The other section is centred on delivery of key core professional skills through timetabled lectures and group activities and self-directed learning.

Module Web Links - Moodle

Module Activities – Including Lectures, Group Activity Sessions, Self-Directed Learning, Workshops, Group Presentation Session.

Assessment details

Coursework 1: 100% - 2 coursework outputs

Final Year Preparation Section

2000 word essay or equivalent output appropriate to the specific degree programme - Summative

Mark for the module - 100% weighting

Professional Skills Section

Submission of a Portfolio with prescribed items -

Pass/Fail for Section and Overall Module (non compensatable)

Aims: The aim of the module is to develop and consolidate students professional competencies and abilities as a Bioscientist.

Learning Outcomes:

- LO1 Demonstrate an understanding of the research process within your discipline
- LO2 Identify possible future career pathways reflecting on learnings and wider experiences
- LO3 Demonstrate a range of professional behaviours and competencies associated with your discipline

D224P7 Plant Pests and Diseases (UP)

Module Convenors: Ian Hardy Ian.Hardy@nottingham.ac.uk, Dr Ruth Blunt

Ruth.Blunt@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 2, Spring Semester, 20 credits

Pre-requisites: None

Co-requisites: None

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 35

Target Students: Biosciences students studying Agriculture, Agriculture and Crop Science, Environmental Biology, Biotechnology, Plant Science and students in Life Sciences studying Biology

Summary of Content: This module is core for agriculture and crop science students and for non-molecular plant science students and is a recommended option for other agriculture and plant science students, biotechnologists, environmental biologists and biologists. It will introduce students to the importance of interactions between plants, microbes and insects. It will explain the importance and the nature of the organisms that are pests and diseases of plants, including population dynamics and epidemiology. It will also explore the main approaches for control and management of pests and diseases, including chemical interventions, resistance breeding in plants and biological control. Lecture material will be complemented by practical sessions, videos, demonstrations and self-study.

Timetable: Typically one three-hour timetabled session per week (four hours in those weeks that include practical sessions): twenty-five lectures, 12 hours practicals/demonstrations. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Lecture programme is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session.

Name	Module	Plant Pests and Disease	Module Code	D224P7
	Name			

N.B (if any): MD = Matt Dickinson; RB = Ruth Blunt; IH = Ian Hardy; NC = Natalie Chapman

Week	Subject	Format	Staff
19	The concept of plant disease Invertebrates as pests	Lectures	MD RB
20	The causes of disease – fungi, bacteria, viruses, nematodes	Lectures	MD
21	The concepts of biotrophy and necrotrophy Plant pathogen diagnostics	Lectures	MD
22	Basic insect morphology, life cycles, identification Insect reproduction	Lectures	RB

23	Insect feeding	Lecture and	RB
	Practical week 1	Practical	IH & MD
24	Insects as vectors	Lecture and	RB
	Practical week 2	Practical	IH & MD
25	Insect senses & nervous systems	Lecture and	RB
	Practical week 3	Practical	IH & MD
26	Insecticides	Lectures	RB
	Practical Demonstrations		
31	Biocontrol	Lectures	IH
	Insect monitoring/IPM		
32	Disease resistance mechanisms,	Lectures	NC
	fungicides and biological control		
33	Termites and bees	Lectures	IH
	Module review & revision topics		IH & MD

Assessment details

Exam 1 70% Rogo style exam - Two hours

Coursework 1 30% Self-study exercise - 1000 word advisory

leaflet on a specific pest or disease

Aims: This module will explore the nature and importance of plant pests and diseases, the organisms involved, and the approaches used to control them

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to:

- Discuss the importance of plant pests and diseases in World agriculture.
- Explain how microbes and insects cause disease of plants.
- Discuss the methods used to control plant pests and diseases.
- Relate practical skills to plant pest and pathogen identification.

D224P8 Molecular Pharming and Biotechnology

Module Convenor: Dr Rupert Fray Rupert.Fray@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 2, Spring Semester, 20 credits

Pre-requisites: A suitable range of genetics /molecular biology and/or plant sciences

modules

Co-requisites: None

Target Students: Students in the Schools of Biosciences and Exchange Students

Expected Number of Students taking module: 50

Summary of Content: Transgenic research and "Synthetic Biology" approaches have the potential to enable plants to be used as "green factories" for the production of novel products. In addition, the creation of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) are having a major impact on modern agriculture. The course will provide theoretical and practical knowledge as to how transgenic organisms are engineered. We will assess the technologies used to generate transgenic plants then describe examples currently being developed for commercial uses. Following this comprehensive briefing on the 'nuts and bolts' of generating GMOs, ethical, commercial and environmental concerns will be debated with invited experts. Alongside genetic modification approaches, production of traditional

plant products and their uses in biotechnological industries will also be discussed as will the use of marker assisted breeding techniques.

Timetable: Typically three one-hour timetabled sessions per week: twenty-six lectures, four four hour practicals, one full day site visit, tutorials/examples classes, forty hours student led studies and revision. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Lecture programme is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session.

- 1 Module introduction (RGF); Gene structure and plant transformation (RS)
- 2 Genome sequencing (GS): RNAi, switching genes off (RGF)
- 3 Gene disruption technologies (RGF); Coursework guidance tutorial (RGF)
- 4 Chloroplast transformation (RGF); Commercial development of GM (External)
- 5 Nutritional improvement (External)
- 6 Biofuels and feed stocks (GL)
- 7 EdAntibodies, edible vaccines and medical secondary metabolites (RGF)
- 8 Using plant viruses (external)
- 9 ROGO exam
- 10 Synthetic Biology and the future (RGF)

Assessment:

Exam 1 60% Two long answer questions in a 1.5 hour exam Short answer open book questions on a selected

Coursework 1 40% primary research article related to the practical class.

Short answer questions related to the practical sessions

Aims: This module provides a detailed analysis of the applications of technologies for the production of genetically modified organisms (GMOs). It describes how transgenic plant are generated; provides practical examples of commercial products created using GM technologies; and addresses the regulatory and societal issues raised by GMOs. In addition, various non-GM approaches for crop improvement are also discussed. The course benefits from the input of a range of experts based at Nottingham and other leading UK research organisations.

Learning outcomes: On Successful completion of the module, students will be able to;

- Explain the key technologies and approaches used for generating transgenic.
- Critically analyse and summarise information drawn from a variety of sources, including original published research papers.
- Discuss examples of GM-plant derived novel products
- Compare different methods for regulating the expression of endogenous plant genes.

Recommended background reading:

Plant Biotechnology, The genetic manipulation of plants; Second Edition. Adrian Slater, Nigel Scott, and Mark Fowler. Oxford University Press. ISBN: 9780199282616

Recent research papers that will be indicated and made available via Moodle.

D224Z6 Principles of Animal Health and Disease

Module Convenor: Dr Rachael Tarlington Rachael. Tarlington@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 2, Spring Semester, 10 credits

Capped module at 80 - You will need permission from the module convenor/s to take this module unless it is compulsory for your course

Target Students: D320 Animal Science, and available to Exchange Students subject to appropriate background.

Pre-requisite(s): D212Z5 Introductory Physiology

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will introduce physical assessment and laboratory based measurements of animal health and assessment of the major effects of diseases on the body's physiological and immunological systems. The main types of disease will then be systematically discussed in a number of species including poultry, equine, canine, bovine and ovine species.

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 75% MCQ style online Rogo examination 1 Hour

Coursework 1 25% report - 1500 words

Aims: To develop an understanding of the basic effects of disease in domesticated and food production animals.

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge and Understanding - To learn (1) The major effects of disease on the body (2) To develop a more detailed understanding the effects of diseases on specific body systems in a range of example species Intellectual Skills - The ability to (1) Be able integrate knowledge of the various body systems into an understanding of the effects of diseases (2) Develop an understanding of how to assess the health status of an animal (3) Be capable of retrieving information from a variety of sources. Practical/Professional Transferable/key skills - The ability to (1) Work effectively as an individual or member of a small team (2) Manage, and organise time effectively and work to deadlines (3) Perform a range of techniques commonly used in laboratory diagnosis, (4) Obtain experience in animal handling techniques.

YEAR 3 MODULES

C13569 Fundamental and Applied Aspects of Plant Genetic Manipulation

Module Convenor: Dr Tim Robbins Tim.Robbins@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Prof J Dunwell, Dr H Jones

Total credits: 10

Module Details: Level 3, Autumn Semester,

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Module Aims: Lectures and discussion groups will cover the latest, innovative techniques and approaches to genetic engineering in higher plants. These will be presented against a background of a continuing need for plant improvement in the key areas of agriculture, horticulture and forestry. This will include the use of tissue culture systems and cell fusion technology to study plant and somatic cell hybridisation. Detailed consideration will also be given to the development of plant transformation systems including those based on *Agrobacterium* - mediated gene delivery, direct DNA uptake into protoplasts, micro-injection and biolistics. Current uses of molecular biology in crop improvement will be discussed.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- Compare the strengths and weaknesses of different technologies for producing transgenic plants
- Explain the methods for production of somatic hybrids
- Analyse the extent to which the above technologies are now being applied and how they might be applied in future
- Explain the above in several different oral, visual and written media, alone or in groups

Synopses of Lectures (provisional at time of printing). The order of lectures may vary with availability of lecturers

Week 1

Course introduction: general overview, aims and objectives, module structure and organisation.

Transformation in plants. Agrobacterium-induced plant tumours. Crown gall disease. Agrobacterium tumefaciens as the causative agent; physiology of crown gall tumours; opines; A. rhizogenes as the causative agent of hairy root disease; culture of transformed roots; plant regeneration; morphology and physiology of transgenic plants. Molecular biology of crown gall disease; Ti and Ri plasmids; T-DNA inserts in crown galls; copy number; mutagenesis of T-DNA (GWL)

Week 2

Cloning of genes. PCR, RT-PCR, iPCR, plasmid vectors, cassettes. lambda vectors, library screening

TL and TR-DNA genes; T-DNA borders; bacterial plant interaction, acetosyringone, T- strand generation, T-DNA transfer from bacteria to plants; Nuclear import of T-strand; role of chromosomal and plasmid virulence genes (GWL)

Week 3

Ti plasmid as a gene vector; reporter genes; chimaeric genes; dis-armed co-integrate Ti vectors; binary vectors. Experimental systems for introducing genes into plants - explants, protoplasts; leaf disc transformation; direct DNA uptake; PEG; electroporation; electrophoresis; micro-injection; biolistics.

Introduction of agronomically useful genes into plants - herbicide, viral, fungal, insect resistances; flower and fruit-specific genes. Merits and limitations of gene delivery methods for plant improvement. (GWL)

Week 4

Theory and application of cereal transformation

Plasticity, totipotency and cereal tissue culture; Pros & cons of different DNA-delivery methods; Germ line (*in planta*) methods for cereal transformation; Target genes/traits for transgenic cereals; Design of transformation cassettes, promoters; Plastid transformation in cereals (HDJ)

Week 5

Somatic hybridisation as an alternative for genetic transformation; principles, protoplast fusion and the history of protoplast fusion, spontaneous fusion, induced chemical fusion and electrofusion of protoplasts; the need for selection systems for somatic hybrids. (MRD)

Week 6

Selection strategies: tumourous cell lines, differential growth systems, single heterokaryon isolation, nitrate reductase deficient mutants, (gametosomatic hybridisation), albino mutants, light sensitive mutants, antimetabolites and resistance mutants, double mutants, morphological markers. (MRD)

Week 7

Selection strategies: use of transgenic cells, electroporation, regeneration pathways. Features of somatic hybrids, phenotypes, fertility, characterisation, asymmetric fusion products, cytoplasmic manipulation, and general uses of somatic hybridisation. (MRD)

Week 8

Applications of GM technologies Physical and biological containment of GM crops; Applications of GM crops to pharmaceuticals and biofuels. IP & patents; hybrid varieties; patentable technologies, transformation methods, introduced sequences, sequence data; International perspectives; Development of GM; IP and industry structure; (JMD)

Week 9

Research Paper Reviews (Coursework)

Working in small groups, students will choose one course-related publication (in the form of a reprint given out earlier) and then present a short (assessed) overview. The talk should be for 10 minutes plus 5 minutes for discussion. Students also prepare a one A4 page abstract of the paper/talk (submitted in Week 8) which will then be copied and distributed (for information) to the other members of the class (see later for details of assessment). (MRD & GWL)

Week 10 General discussion (MRD & GWL)

Coursework: Students will be required to prepare a short dissertation style essay (2000 words maximum) on a topic related, in the broadest sense, to the themes of the taught part of the course. Individual choice of topic will be from a list of 30 titles given out in Week 2. Contact and guidance with individual staff will form part of this exercise. Students are expected to devote 3 hours per week (Weeks 1-10) to the preparation of their dissertation to be completed by the final lecture period (Week 11).

Students will also give a group presentation of a research paper supplied to them.

Assessment:

Exam 1 60% 2 hour exam

Coursework 1 10% Group Presentation/review of a selected research paper

Coursework 2 30% Dissertation/essay - 2000 words

Recommended Reading: References will be given in association with lectures. These will also underpin the coursework element of this module.

C13594 Gene Regulation

Module Convenor: Dr GT Morgan

School: Life Sciences

Total Credits: 10

Level: Level 3, Autumn Semester module

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 80

Target Students: Final year students taking Genetics, Human Genetics, Biochemistry and

Genetics degrees

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module will deal with the mechanisms through which eukaryotic genes are expressed and the ways in which the expression of genes is modulated. Gene regulation at different levels and by distinctive mechanisms will be illustrated by detailed consideration of examples drawn from a variety of eukaryote models. Particular emphasis will be placed on recent research into the molecular details of transcriptional control in yeast and post-transcriptional control in multicellular eukaryotes.

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 100% 2 hour exam

Aims: To explain and explore the mechanisms through which eukaryotic genes are expressed and the ways in which their expression is modulated.

Learning Outcomes:

Knowledge and understanding:

A5 This module addresses in detail the mechanisms underpinning gene expression in eukaryotes.

A6 This module addresses the development of novel techniques and approaches in the field of molecular genetics relevant to research into the mechanisms of gene control.

Intellectual skills:

B1 This module involves critical evaluation of research literature through directed reading. B3 Understanding complex ideas regarding the molecular functioning of the gene expression apparatus and relating these to examples of gene control.

Transferable/key skills:

D4 Accessing the support material for the module involve using and accessing information and communication technology.

C135E9 Computer Modelling in Science: Applications

Module Convenor: Dr Dov Stekel Dov. Stekel@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 3, Autumn Semester, 20 credits

Pre-requisites: D224E4 is recommended but not essential. If you have taken neither

D224E4 nor maths A-level, please contact the module convenor.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 40

Target Students: All School of Biosciences and Natural Sciences students and Ningbo 2+2

Environmental Sciences students (based in Geography).

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The use of computer-based models has become widespread in the biological and environmental sciences. This module contains the development and application of models in the context of biological and environmental sciences. Fundamental methods (e.g. model building, solution of differential equations, steady state analysis, fitting models to data, use of empirical models) are introduced and applied to a number of example applications. The examples include pollutant transfer and fate, population dynamics, protein synthesis, molecular switches and epidemics of humans and animals. Practical work is undertaken using modelling software to illustrate key aspects of the module. The module is designed for students with relatively little mathematical or computing experience or confidence and is an ideal opportunity to develop a knowledge of applying mathematical skills in an environmental science context.

Assessment:

Practical 100% Patchwork Assessment

Aims: The aim of this module is to show the range of techniques for computer-based models applied to the biological and environmental sciences using suitable important examples

Learning Outcomes: A student who has successfully completed this module should be able to:

- (i) Understand and articulate the relevance of computer-based mathematical models to a range of applications in the biological and environmental sciences.
- (ii) Construct a simple model from a description of the processes in a biological or environmental system.
- (iii) Simulate simple and complex models using appropriate computer software.
- (iv) Use appropriate computer software to fit simple models to data.
- (v) Critically evaluate a model and its simulation results in the context of the environmental and biological science underpinning the model.
- (vi) Write appropriate computer programs to carry out image processing for biological and environmental images.

Reading List: To be given to students at the beginning of the module.

C135P2 Molecular Plant Pathology

Module Convenor: Prof Matthew Dickinson Matthew.Dickinson@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: A level 3 course taught in the Autumn Semester on Tuesday afternoons at

University Park. 10 credits

Pre-requisite(s): D224P7 (Plant Pests and Diseases)

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 80

Target Students: Unrestricted

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Summary of Content: This module will cover the molecular techniques being used to develop an understanding of plant/pathogen interactions. It will then cover the molecular biology of plant pathogens, how these cause disease, and the mechanisms used by plants to defend themselves against such pathogens.

Timetable: Typically one two-hour timetabled session per week: twenty-two hours of lectures/tutorials, seventy-eight hours of student led studies and revision. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Lecture programme is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session.

- 1 Introduction and Bacterial diseases I (MD)
- 2 Bacterial diseases continued (MD)
- 3 Plant viruses (MD)
- 4 Fungal diseases (John Lucas)
- 5 Fungal genetics (MD) and Fungal sex (Paul Dyer)
- 6 Resistance genes (MD)
- 7 Signalling in disease resistance and Systemic resistance
- 8 Tutorial sessions
- 9 Tutorial sessions
- 10 Tutorial sessions
- 11 Module review and revision session

Assessment: Exam 1 100% 2 hour examination.

Aims: This module will explore the modern molecular techniques being used to investigate plant/microbe interactions and will examine the way in which pathogens cause disease and the means by which plants defend themselves.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to:

- Describe the current models for how plant pathogens cause disease.
- Relate knowledge of pathogens to how plants defend themselves against disease.
- Explain the molecular basis of plant pathogen interactions.
- Evaluate and critically assess recent research in plant pathogen interactions.

Recommended background reading: Dickinson M (2003) <u>Molecular Plant Pathology</u> BIOS Scientific Publishers. Lecturers will provide information on the best reviews and primary sources for the information that they cover in their lectures as the module progresses.

C135P3 Basic Introduction to Omic Technologies

Module Convenors: Prof Zoe A Wilson Zoe. Wilson@nottingham.ac.uk

Total Credits: Level 3 Autumn Semester, 10 credits

Co-requisite(s): None.

Pre-requisite(s): A suitable range of plant science and/or genetic/bioinformatic modules in

previous semesters.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 15

Target Students: Available to JYA/Erasmus students.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Module Details: Over the past few years major developments have been made regarding the study of genomes. Sequencing programmes now mean that the complete DNA sequence is now known for many species. Such information is revealing the high degree of similarity and conservation between different species and organisms, which in turn is revolutionising the way in which gene function analysis is carried out. An extensive range of post-genomic technologies have been established based on this information and these are revolutionising the analysis that is possible.

This module will provide a basic overview of recent research in the field of "omics" with emphasis on genomics, proteomics and metabolomics. Case studies will be presented detailing how different approaches have been used to study genomes and how such developments are influencing the way genetic analysis and biotechnological improvement can be made. Particular emphasis will be paid to the importance of bioinformatics and IT in the study of genomes and the commercial biotechnological applications of gene isolation. Handson experience of these approaches will be provided via problem-based lab and computer training sessions.

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 50% 1.5-hour written examination (2 questions from 4)

Coursework 1 35% Transcriptomic analysis exercise - assessed

Coursework 2 15% Group presentation (15 - 20 mins)

Aims and Objectives: To introduce the student to the fields of genomics, transcriptomics, metabolomics, proteomics and bioinformatics. Particular focus will be the use and application of bioinformatics for understanding of the functional roles of genes, metabolites and proteins and how they can be analysed using a variety of new technologies e.g. Deep Sequencing, proteomics, mass spectrometry, transcriptomics.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able:-

1) To demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles and practices that underpin genomics, proteomics and metabolomics, and their biotechnological applications. 2) To evaluate current research in -omics and related biotechnological disciplines. 3) To acquire substantial quantities of information systematically and process it selectively and effectively. 4) To discriminate between the different approaches and techniques used in the genomics, proteomics and metabolomics 5) To develop ideas and opinions through the use of information from a wide variety of sources. 6) To communicate effectively knowledge of different -omic technologies and their applications.

C136E6 Environmental Biotechnology

Module Convenor: Dr H West Helen.West@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 3, Spring Semester, 10 credits at University Park

Pre-requisites: Completed Part 1 year in Environmental Science, Environmental Biology or

Biology

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 40

Target Students: BSc Environmental Science, BSc Environmental Biology, BSc Biology, BSc Biotechnology Available to JYA/Erasmus students.

Summary of Content: This module provides training inenvironmental biotechnology, with particular emphasis on the interaction between microorganisms and the environment. The main topics covered will be wastewater treatment, bioremediation of organic and inorganic pollutants, microbes as indicators of risk factors in the environment, microbes in agriculture (biocontrol and biofertilisers) and the role of microorganisms in bioenergy production.. Each topic will be introduced by a formal lecture followed by workshops during which students will study the topics in greater detail through problem-based learning techniques facilitated by the Convenor and by independent research. Knowledge and understanding of the lecture material will be assessed by Rogo examination and students will present the problem based exercises and case studies within an individual portfolio during the final week of the module.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Further Activity Details: Activities may take place every teaching week of the Semester or only in specified weeks. It is usually specified above if an activity only takes place in some weeks of a Semester. 36 hours of lectures and facilitated workshops.

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 30% 1.5 hour examination

Coursework1 70% Portfolio presentation of case studies and problem

based exercises

Aims: To provide students with a sound understanding of microbial ecology, The role of microbes in natural processes and their application in waste Water treatment and bioremediation processes.

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge and understanding of: - The way microbes interact with the environment - The applied effects of microbes on the environment and on human activity and welfare. Intellectual Skills - the ability to - Critically analyse and interpret published information and data - Understand complex ideas and relate them to specific problems or questions. Professional Skills - the ability to - Work safely in the laboratory and to assess related safety issues Undertake appropriate experimental design and statistical analysis Transferable Skills - the ability to - Work productively with others - Communicate effectively by oral presentation - Manage and manipulate numerical data

D235F1 The Microflora of Foods

Module Convenor: Prof CER Dodd Christine.Dodd@nottingham.ac.uk

Total Credits: 20

Level: 3 Autumn Semester

Capped module at 50 - You will need permission from the module convenor to take this module unless it is compulsory for your course.

Pre-requisite(s): D224FA Microbial Mechanisms of Food Borne Disease (20 credit) or equivalent. Late registration for this module is not possible as coursework is submitted in the first two weeks.

Target Students: Compulsory for Food Science. Required choice option for students reading for degrees in Microbiology; optional for Nutrition, and Biotechnology.

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Module Details: The intrinsic and extrinsic factors which affect the growth of microorganisms in foods will be considered. The impact of food structure and microflora will also be discussed. The limitations of these parameters for predicting the growth of microorganisms will be considered together with commercially available predictive models and alternative safety assurance approaches HACCP. The micro-organisms associated with spoilage and the physical changes which occur in a food will be outlined. The microbial profiles of particular foods, including dairy products, fish and red meat, will be described and the changes that occur in the microflora during spoilage will be considered in relation to storage parameters. Practicals will cover methods for isolating and identifying microorganisms from foods and will evaluate the limitations of these procedures.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture and practical contents

The final timetable will be given out at the first session. An indicative timetable is given below:

Week 1

10.00-13.00 Introduction to the module Examining microbial growth in foods 1: factors controlling growth Examining microbial growth in foods 2: predictive modelling

14.00-16.00 Canning practical 1

Week 2

10.00-12.00 Examining microbial growth in foods 3: enrichment procedures

Examining microbial growth in foods 4: in situ detection 12.00-13.00Salmonella isolation: practical 1 - enrichment procedures 14.00-16.00 Canning practical 2

Week 3

10.00- 12.00 Spoilage The microflora of specific foods: meat and poultry I

12.00-13.00 Canning practical 3

14.00-16.00 Salmonella isolation: practical 2 - selection of isolates

Week 4

10.00-11.00 Practical

11.00-13.00 *Campylobacter* The microflora of specific foods: meat and poultry II 14.-00-16.00 *Salmonella* isolation: practical 3 - characterisation of isolates

Week 5

10.00-13.00 The microflora of specific foods: fish and shell fish *Clostridium botulinum* and food borne botulism. Prof Mike Peck (Institute of Food Research - Norwich)

14.00-16.00 Discussion group on Salmonella isolation Introduction to Listeria practical

Week 6

10.00-11.00 The microflora of specific foods: dairy products

11.00-13.00 Campylobacter: practical 1

14.00-16.00 Submission of *Listeria* protocol

Week 7

10.00-13.00 Campylobacter: practical 2

14.00-16.00 Listeria isolation: practical 1 - isolation from cheeses

Week 8

10.00-13.00 The microflora of specific foods: bakery products The microflora of specific foods: miscellaneous

14.00-16.00 Listeria isolation: practical 2 - selection of presumptives

Week 9

9.00-13.00 Competitive microflora. Dr. Tim Aldsworth (Coventry University) Food structure and

microbial growth. Dr Sharon Johnson (DSTL) 14.00-16.00 Listeria isolation: practical 3 – confirmatory tests

Week 10

10.00 -13.00 HACCP: an introduction

Group exercise on HACCP

14.00-16.00 *Listeria* isolation: practical 4 - final identification

Week 11

10.00- 11.00 Bacterial suicide - a new hypothesis.

11.00-13.00 Discussion group on *Campylobacter* and *Listeria* practicals Seminar on past examination papers and module evaluation

Lecture Programme: Available on 1st day of module

Non Lecture Programme: Available on 1st day of module

Coursework: Course work constitutes 50% of the marks for the semester. This is broken

down as:

Canning practical report 25%

Continuous assessment exercises:

Canning practical summary 5% Campylobacter identification results 5% Listeria isolation protocol (group exercise) 15%

Assessment Details:

Exam 1	50%	3 hour exam - compulsory data evaluation based on practicals; 3 short answer questions: 1 essay
Coursework 1	25%	Practical report written as report to industry - 2000 words
Coursework 2	5%	Group (2 people) practical report - summary of findings after 1 week (2 sides A4 max 500 words per student)
Coursework 3	5%	Group (2 people) practical report - tabulation of results and brief commentary written by pair working together (2 sides A4 max; 500 words per student)
Coursework 4	15%	Group (4 people) practical report - summary of protocol developed in practical sessions and of written instructions issued to technician (1000 words per student)

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module students will be able to:

- 1) Comprehend the underlying principles of the factors which control microbial growth and their relevance in foods
- 2) Relate the microbial composition of major food materials with the impact of food composition, storage and processing.
- 3) Apply a range of practical techniques and methodologies for isolation and characterisation of specific bacteria
- 4) Design, carry out and evaluate appropriate tests or experiments to address fundamental microbiological problems in the food industry
- 5) Collect, record and analyse data by making accurate observations and measurements and use appropriate methods for presentation.

Recommended Reading: M ft Adams and M O Moss (1995) *Food Microbiology* J M Jay *Modern Food Microbiology* Fourth Edition Collins, Lyne and Grange *Collins and Lyne's Microbiological Methods* Seventh

D235F5 Molecular Microbiology and Biotechnolgy

Module Convenor: Dr P Hill Phil.Hill@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Dr C Rees, Prof I Connerton, Prof D Archer, Dr K Mellits

Module Details: Level 3, Autumn Semester, 20 credits

Pre-requisite(s): D212F7 Microbial Physiology or equivalent.

Students who have not taken this module may be allowed to register if they can demonstrate the essential prerequisite laboratory skills.

Number of Places: 30

Target Students: Optional for BSc Biotechnology, BSc Microbiology

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module begins with a review of DNA structure, gene transcription and protein synthesis and will then review gene cloning, protein expression vectors and protein analysis. Advanced aspects of protein expression, stability and secretion are then introduced followed by the application of gene engineering to the biotechnology industry. Finally the practical classes provide some experience of detailed planning and execution of practical molecular bacteriology and give experience of protein over-expression in bacterial and macromolecular separation/analysis. The coursework exercise gives training in manuscript preparation.

Lecture Programme: More detailed information will be given in the first session. Topic:

- 1 Bacterial/gene transcription and translation
- 2 Cloning in expression vectors
- 3 Protein analysis and macromolecular separation
- 4 Protein structure and protein folding
- 5 Protein stability and gene fusions
- 6 Protein secretion
- 7 Expression in eukaryotic systems
- 8 Protein engineering and biotechnology
- 9 Post-translational modification
- 10 Regulatory constraints and patents

Non-Lecture Programme: 1 day per week throughout the semester to include formal lectures (approx 33 h) together with 6 x 4h practical classes during the semester (approx 24 h) and 5 x 2h seminars.

Assessment:

Exam 1 65% 3 hour examination Coursework 2 5% Tutorial presentation

Coursework 2 30% Lab planning exercise - 2 page summary of seminar material plus

calculations. Lab report - written in style of research manuscript;

4000 word limit but no minimum length

Aims: To enable students to comprehend the opportunities that protein engineering provides in applied microbiology and to appreciate some of the practical limitations associated with technology. Students will gain a detailed understanding of prokaryotic protein expression and examples of its application to biotechnology. Practical classes and seminars will provide an insight into the necessary constraints and practicalities of experimental design and execution. The major coursework assignment introduces students to the rigour required for writing scientific papers.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to;

- Explain advanced aspects of protein synthesis in bacteria and how bacteria are used to produce recombinant proteins
- Compare the differences between using bacteria or eukaryotic cells for producing recombinant proteins
- Evaluate the most appropriate techniques used for preparation and purification of a particular given protein.
- Design and implement practical experimental procedures for protein expression and purification.
- Prepare scientific manuscripts based on laboratory data appropriate for publication

RECOMMENDED READING LIST:

- Instant notes molecular biology / P.C. Turner ... [et al.], 2nd ed. Bios, 2000.
- Lesk, Arthur M. Introduction to protein science: architecture, function, and genomics / Arthur M. Lesk, 2nd ed. Oxford University Press, 2010.
- Price, Nicholas C. Exploring proteins: a student's guide to experimental skills and methods / Nicholas C. Price and Jacqueline Nairn. Oxford University Press, 2009.
 - Practical skills in biomolecular sciences / Rob Reed ... [et al.], 3rd ed. Pearson Education, 2007
- Chemistry for the Biosciences: the essential concepts / Jonathan Crowe ... [et al.],
 Oxford University Press, 2006

Recommended background reading: Genes VII (onwards) Lewin Instant Notes in Molecular Biology. Turner et al. Introduction to Protein Architecture, Lesk.

D235P2 Plant Cell Signalling

Module Convenor: Dr A Bishopp, Anthony.Bishopp@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Prof JA Roberts, Dr TP Robbins, Dr R Swarup, Prof M Dickinson,

Prof M Holdsworth, Dr Darren Wells

Module Details: Level 3, Autumn Semester, 10 credit

Pre-requisites: A selection of genetics and plant science modules at levels one and two.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 25

Target Students: Students in the Schools of Biosciences and Life Sciences.

Summary of Content: The module deals with the production and perception of plant signaling molecules. The ways in which these signals are integrated to ensure appropriate responses to environmental conditions or plant pathogen attack are discussed.

Assessment:

Exam 70% 2 hour exam.

Coursework 30% 1500-word essay. Essay is set at this length because of technical

detail required at Level 3 and to give student chance to develop a

sufficiently cogent argument with detail.

General

Introduction to the module; types of signals and receptors, basic concepts of receptors and signal transduction cascades (RGF).

- 2 Auxin transport and signalling (RS)
- 3 ABA, (MH)
- 4 Ethylene perception and signal transduction (JAR)
- 5 Gibberellic acid signalling (RGF)
- 6 Plant defences signalling to keep pathogens out (MD)
- 7 Cytokinin (and Brasinosteroids) (RGF)
- 8 Phytochromes and perception and response to light. (RS)
- 9 Signalling in pollen tubes (TPR). Practical (DW)
- 10 Practical (DW)
- Hormone crosstalk: Integration of signalling pathways (RS) Revision and module debriefing (RGF).

Aims: The aims are to provide a detailed knowledge of how plants use intercellular and intracellular signalling strategies to provide information about their environment. Particular emphasis will be placed on the way in which molecular genetics is enabling us to determine the nature of the signals, their perception and the cross-talk that takes place between them. The objectives of this module are: - i. To impart an appreciation of the properties of receptors and the transduction chains activated by them. ii. To illustrate the range of genes induced by signals from other cells and external stimuli and how they differ from other plant genes. iii. To develop a range of transferable skills.

Learning outcomes: On Successful completion of the module, students will be able to;

- Compare different mechanisms used by plants to convert a hormone or environmental signal into altered gene expression.
- Evaluate research papers in the general area of plant cell signalling.
- Describe the how plants control the synthesis and turnover of growth regulators.
- Explain how key plant hormones interact to co-ordinate plant growth.
- Discuss the agricultural importance of manipulating plant growth habits.

D235Z1 Biotechnology in Animal Physiology

Module Convenor: Dr Ramiro Alberio Ramiro. Alberio @nottingham.ac.uk

Total Credits: 10

Level: 3, Autumn Semester

Number of Places: 60

Target Students: Unrestricted. Availability to Exchange Students

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Module Details: This module gives an introduction into the Structure of the biotechnology industry. The content of the module reflects recent advances in biotechnology. A series of lectures is presented by the module convener and guest lecturers to cover the following topics: use of recombinant DNA technology; concept of epigenetics in gene regulation and disease. Epigenetics in therpeutics and diagnostics of disease. Applications of genetic engineering to production of vaccines, antibodies, and enzymes; genetic improvement and assisted reproduction; use of embryo manipulation technologies and animal transgenesis; ethical regulatory framework for genetic modification of animals.

Lecture Programme: Example:

	Date Date	Time	Subject	Room
Week 2	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	The biotech industry DNA	B13
Week 3	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	DNA technologies and Protein expression systems: SDL	B13
Week 4	9:30 - 12	S May	Microarray, next generation sequencing	B13
Week 5	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	Vaccines and Monoclonal Antibodies: SDL	B13
Week 6	9:30 - 12	R Stoger	Chromatin and Epigenetics	B13
Week 7	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	Epigenetics - disease and therapy & Gamete biology and manipulation	B13
Week 8	9:30 - 12	K Millar	Animal Biotechnology: Ethics And Law	B13
Week 9	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	Stem cells basics	B13
Week 10	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	Advanced Concepts in Stem Cell Biology and applications: SDL	B13
Week 11	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	Transgenesis + 1 hr for video	B13

Week 12	9:30 - 12	R Alberio	Mock Vivas + MODULE EVALUATION	Teaching Lab South Laboratory
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Assessment:

Exam 1 100% 2 hour exam

Coursework 1 0% Formative assessment Coursework 2 0% Formative assessment

Aims and Objectives: The aim of this module is to provide an understanding of the structure of the biotechnology industry, of the techniques involved, and of the opportunities offered by biotechnology. Students will learn about genetic and epigenetic basis of gene regulation, and how this knowledge is used to develop treatments for disease. Students will also learn how assisted reproductive technologies are currently used for generating transgenic animals.

Learning Outcomes:

- To describe about the current status of animal biotechnology and the applications.
- To recognise which molecular tools can be used in animal biotechnological.
- To identify the principal growth areas in animal biotechnology.
- To assess the commercial opportunities and constraints involved in the exploitation of novel technologies.
- To explain the ethical implications of genetic manipulation of animals.

D235Z5 Applied Bioethics 1: Animals, Biotechnology and Society

Module Convenor: Dr K Millar (Convenor) Kate.Millar@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 3 Autumn Semester, 10 credit

Pre-requisite(s): None.
Co-requisite(s): None.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 90

Target Students: Students in the School of Biosciences. Available to JYA/Erasmus students. The timetable will be finalised at the beginning of the semester.

Teaching Staff: Dr Kate Millar (Centre for Applied Bioethics)

Summary of Content: The module consists of lectures and associated seminars on: bioethical theory, research with animals, animal agriculture, applications of modern biotechnology to animals, animals and professional ethics, generic issues concerning: risk, precaution and trust; political dimensions of the biosciences; research bioethics.

Assessment:

Exam 1 (60%) 2 hour exam Coursework 1 (40%) - One 2000-word essay

Aims: The module aims to provide students with a sound understanding of widely accepted ethical principles and encourage the application of these insights to the analysis of contemporary issues concerning modern biotechnologies and research in the biosciences, in relation to both humans and non-human species.

The module consists of lectures and associated seminars on: bioethical theory, research with animals, animal agriculture, applications of modern biotechnology to animals, animal and professional ethics, generic issues concerning: risk, precaution and trust; political dimensions of the biosciences; research bioethics.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- Recognise and explain the ethical dimensions of prominent issues raised by animalhuman interactions
- Interpret the main ethical theories and principles and apply these to specific animal and biotechnology cases to inform professional decision-making
- Describe and apply ethical frameworks to analyse specific dilemmas raised by the human use of animal

F13CBE Chemical Biology and Enzymes

Module Convenor: Prof P Soultanas

School: Chemistry, University Park

Total Credits: 10

Level: Level 3, autumn semester module

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 96

Target Students: FC1R, CF71, C720 C721. Optional for C700. F101 students need to consult

with the Module Convenor in the first instance

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module develops an understanding of the nature and structure of enzymes, the characteristics of enzyme catalysed reactions and their inhibition. The mechanisms of action and structures of specific proteases, DNA helicases (PcrA, DnaB and RecBCD), translocases, recombinases and molecular motors, FoF1ATPase and Rho transcriptional terminator are covered. Experimental methodology in biochemistry, molecular biology and chemical biology for cloning genes, expressing proteins in bacteria, strategies for purifying proteins, protein engineering through mutagenesis procedures, N-terminal protein sequencing, protein electrophoresis, determination of protein concentrations, probing biomolecular interactions, assaying the activity of ATPases, protein structure determination(X-ray crystallography and protein NMR) and the use of a range of biophysical techniques. At the end of the module the students should have an understanding of the basic principles of: protein expression, mutagenesis and purification, yeast two and three hybrid technology (Y2H, Y3H), equilibrium sedimentation and velocity sentimentation ultracentrifugation techniques, phage display, surface plasmon resonance (SPR), fluorescence resonance energy transfer (FRET), ATPase assays, microarrays, protein NMR and X-ray crystallography. The students should be able to understand the applications of the above technologies in life science research.

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 100% Short/Medium Questions

2 hour exam

Aims: Students should gain a good appreciation of the applications for a range of enzymological, chemical and molecular biological techniques to probe cellular processes and catalysis at the forefront in Chemical Biology research. This module represents a culmination of principles and techniques from a biophysical, molecular, biochemical and genetic perspective.

Learning Outcomes: At the end of the module, a student should: 1 Be able to calculate protein concentrations of protein solutions spectrophotometrically. 2 Understand the principles behind the use of pET vectors for heterologous expression of proteins. 3 Appreciate the different expression systems available and understand the challenges behind expressing proteins heterologously in Escherichia coli. 4 Be able to devise basic protein purification protocols based upon the properties of individual proteins. 5 Understand the basic principles of biophysical techniques used to study molecular interactions. 6 Differentiate between velocity and equilibrium ultracentrifugation experiments. 7 Understand the principles behind crystallography and NMR for determination of protein structure. 8 Understand how the

Michaelis-Menten equation is derived and how to produce Lineweaver-Burk plots for reversible inhibitors. 9 Differentiate between competitive and irreversible mechanism based inhibition. 10 Gain an understanding of the structure and nature of enzymes and how they are classified. 11 Appreciate the structure/function relationships that underpin enzymatic activities. 12 Appreciate the molecular mechanisms that motor enzymes like DNA helicases and RecBCD use to convert chemical energy into mechanical motion. 13 Understand the enzymatic mechanisms used to cleave the peptide bond. 14 Understand the enzymatic molecular mechanism of ATP synthesis.

D236A3 Current Issues in Crop Science

Module Convenor: Dr MJ Foulkes John.Foulkes@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: plus various speakers from industry and research. Dr S Ramsden

Pre-requisites: D223P9 Applied plant physiology: from cell to crop

Module Details: Spring, 10 credit module.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 20

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This integrative module considers future options and possible strategies for crop production in UK and world agriculture. Students are introduced to a number of issues that have current or possible future impacts on crop production systems and the environment. Examples of issues that will be addressed include: the future of genetically modified crops, impact of crop production on biodiversity and prospects for organic crop production. The content will change every year to reflect current issues in crop science. This module is suitable for students interested in applied plant science, crop science agriculture and the environment.

Changes to the module introduced this session: The content will change each year depending on current issues.

Lecture Programme: (provisional)

Introduction to the module and course work Impact of crop production on biodiversity The future of genetically modified crops Prospects for organic crop production Climate change Energy crops
Biological control in cropping systems

Non- Lecture Programme:

Week 9 Paper review exercise

Week 11 Research and presentation exercise

Coursework: This module is assessed entirely by coursework: essay 40%, paper review 30%, research and presentation exercise 30%.

Assessment: Coursework 1 40% Essay 2500 words. Coursework 2 30% Paper review exercise 10 minute presentation + 500 words, individually. Coursework 3 30% Research and presentation exercise - 20 minute presentation + 500 words, in pairs.

Aims: To raise awareness of students to current issues in crop science. To enable students to analyse the advantages and disadvantages of a range of current and future developments in crop science.

Learning Outcomes: Knowledge and Understanding - to learn of 1) Appropriate terminology and nomenclature to appreciate and express knowledge of contemporary issues in crop science 2) A diverse range of the essential information, major concepts, principles and theories associated with current issues in crop science, including genetically modified crops, organic production, biodiversity 3) The latest trends and developments within crop science, and the philosophical, ethical and policy issues associated with them 4) The ability to acquire, interpret and critically analyse biological and/or management data and information data derived from a variety of sources. Intellectual Skills - the ability to 1) Recognise and use appropriate theories, concepts and principles from a range of relevant disciplines and use these to critically analyse current issues associated with crop science 2) Collect and integrate several lines of evidence and apply them in a balanced manner to support an argument, taking ethical considerations into account where appropriate 3) Apply subject knowledge and understanding to address familiar and unfamiliar problems 4) Critically analyse, synthesise and summarise information drawn from various sources, including published research papers and reports 5) Demonstrate the provisional nature of facts and principles associated with the latest developments within crop science. Practical/Professional Skills - the ability to 1) Collect, record and analyse information and data in the library, and to summarise it using appropriate techniques. Transferable/Key Skills - the ability to 1) Communicate accurately, clearly, concisely and confidently to a variety of audiences in written, verbal and visual form 2) Work productively as an individual or as part of a team including identification, allocation and assessment of individual and collective roles and responsibilities 3) Listen to, appreciate and evaluate views of others and contribute to group discussions 4) Manage and organise time efficiently and work to deadlines by using flexible and effective approaches to study 5) Process, analyse and present data using a variety of methods, including the use of computer based information handling and data processing tools where appropriate 6) Use the internet and other electronic means critically for communication and as a source of information.

Recommended Reading: The nature of this module means that there are no key texts associated with it. However, students will be expected to read widely around the issues discussed. It will be particularly important for students to be aware of recent publications, both in terms of refereed papers and of articles in New Scientist etc.

Reading List: To be given to students at the beginning of the module.

D236F5 Rapid Methods in Microbial Analysis

Module Convenor: Dr Jon Hobman Jon. Hobman@nottingham.ac.uk

Total Credits: 10

Level: 3, Spring Semester

Pre-requisite(s): D212F7 Microbial Physiology, D224FA Microbial Mechanisms of Food Borne

Disease (20 credit) or equivalents

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Module Details: The use of viable counting as a standard for determining bacterial contamination of foods will be evaluated. Alternative methods used industrially (e.g. impedance, DEFT) will be examined. The limitations of sampling methods for quality control will be discussed. Antibody based and ELISA systems will be described and demonstrated. The role of electrical signal monitoring (impedance) will be discussed as will emerging techniques based on gene engineering that include DNA probes, RNA probes, PCR and phage based assays. A particular emphasis will be placed on the problems of technology transfer into the food microbiology laboratory.

Aims and Objectives: The purpose of the module is to enable students to understand and evaluate the methods used industrially for microbiological analysis including rapid methods. Students will benefit by being able to put into perspective the different approaches to enumeration and detection of microorganisms. By the end of the module the student will be able to determine appropriate microbiological sampling plans for food quality control and select current microbial analysis regimes with due regard to their advantages and limitations.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module students will be able to:

- (1) Comprehend the terminology, nomenclature and fundamental principles used in rapid microbiological methods.
- (2) Apply fundamental principles to understand the advantages and limitations of traditional and modern detection and identification methods.
- (3) Analyse where novel advances in rapid microbiological methods are likely to occur.
- (4) Evaluate rapid pathogen identification methods safely in the laboratory under ACDP2 conditions.
- (5) Synthesize subject knowledge in order to solve problems in a logical manner.

Lecture Programme:

Time	Content	Staff
Week 1		
09.00-	Introduction, module aims, coursework etc.	CD
09.30-	Detection and identification of microorganisms; an introductory	
	seminar	TBA
11.05-	Sampling Plans	TBA
12.05-	Rapid methods of microbial detection – an introduction	TBA
Week 2		
09.00-	Physical methods of microbial detection, including DEFT and flow	
	cytometry	TBA
10.00-	DNA probes; the polymerase chain reaction	TBA
11.05-	Other emerging techniques of detection	TBA
12.00-	Antibody-linked detection systems, including ELISA	TBA
Week 3		
10.00-	Impedance microbiology	TBA

11.05-	Impedance Demonstration	TBA
Week 4		
09.00-	Cleaning and disinfection – an introductory seminar	TBA
10.05-	Cleaning and disinfection I	TBA
11.05-	Cleaning and disinfection II	TBA
Week 5		
09.00-	Phage and its application	CR
10.05-	ELISA Demonstration	JW
Week 6		3M to be
10.05-	Sterilisation Assurance Test demonstration	confirmed
Week 7		
09.00-	Immunomagnetic separation	TBA
10.00-	Immunomagnetic separation demonstration	TBA
11.05-	Petri film demonstration	3M to be
12.45		confirmed
Week 8		
10.00-	Sub-species typing of bacteria: classical and phenotypic methods	CD
Week 9		
10.00-	Sub-species typing of bacteria: DNA-based methods	CD
Week 10		
10.00-	Course summary and revision	TBA
	The written examinations	
	Course evaluation and feedback	

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 60% 1 hour 30 mins examination

Coursework 1 20% Letter - 300 words

Coursework 2 20% Memorandum - 600 words

D236F6 Microbial Fermentation

Module Convenor: Dr Jon Hobman Jon. Hobman@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Prof C Dodd, Dr L Whitley

Total Credits: 10

Level: 3 spring Semester

Pre-requisite(s): D212F7 Microbial Physiology

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 30

Target Students: Optional for students reading for degrees in Food Microbiology, Food Science, Microbiology, Nutrition & Food Science, Applied Biology, and Biotechnology

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Module Details: This module commences with a review of microbial fermentation, including beer, cheese, yoghurt, meat and single-cell protein production, as well as sewage treatment. The underlying principles of microbial fermentation will be discussed, in addition to specific examples which will be examined in depth. From this basic knowledge the problems of microbial contamination and spoilage of the finished product will be analysed. A visit will be an important part of the module.

Aims and Objectives: The purpose of the module is to provide an understanding of the activity of microorganisms during fermentation, particularly with regard to food production. On completion of the module students will understand how microorganisms act to preserve food by the production of chemicals which prevent the growth of those microorganisms associated with food spoilage and food borne illness. Students will develop an understanding of microbial growth and associated problem solving skills.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module students will be able to:

- (1) Comprehend the terminology and fundamental biochemical pathways involved in microbial fermentations.
- (2) Identify the uses of, and processes involved in, fermentations- both in food production and elsewhere.
- (3) Collect, record, and analyse data generated during microbial fermentation experiments, and present these data in the form of a scientific paper.
- (4) Synthesize subject knowledge in order to address specific problems and questions.

Assessment:

Exam 1 60% 1 hour 30 min examination. Coursework 1 40% Lab Report - 3000 words

Lecture Programme:

Time	Content	Staff
Week 1		
09.00-10.00	Module introduction: aims; timetable; coursework, exam	TBA
10.00-12.00	A review of microbial energetics: fermentation, fermentative	TBA
	pathways, energy production, metabolic products. Batch vs.	
	continuous culture	
12.00-13.00	Overview of fermentation, with particular reference to food, but	TBA
	touching on 'new' biotechnology	
Week 2		
09.00-10.00	The microbiology of brewing, beers, lagers and wines	TBA
10.00-11.00	Improvement of beer yeast including genetic manipulation	TBA
11.00-12.00	Introduction to brewing practical	TBA
12.00-13.00	Fermentation practical – part 1	TBA
Trip to brewery	Need to arrange for a fully detailed description of the process	
Week 3		
09.00-10.00	Microbial spoilage of beer	TBA
10.00-13.00	Fermentation practical – part 2	TBA
Week 4	Will Company	
13.00-17.00	Visit to Coors Brewery, Burton-upon-Trent	
Week 5		TD 4
09.00-10.00	General dairy microbiology and the normal microflora of milk	TBA
10.00-11.00	The microflora of cheese	LW
11.00-13.00	Problems encountered in cheese production	TBA
Week 6	Variety of the state of the sta	TDA
09.00-10.00	Yoghurt production: the methods/microbiology/biochemistry	TBA CERD
10.00-11.00	Fermented meat products: products/methods/microbiology/biochemistry	CERD
11.00-13.00		CERD
Week 7	Demonstration of novel methods for detecting antimicrobials	CERD
9.00-10.00	Acetic acid production	TBA
10.00-11.30	'Traditional' fermentations (eg miso, tempeh and tea)	TBA
11.30-13.00	Cocoa and casava production	TBA
Week 8	Cocoa and casava production	IDA
9.00-10.00	An introduction to 'new' biotechnology	ТВА
10.00-11.00	Mycoprotein production	וטת
11.00-13.00	Production of industrially useful compounds: historically (eg	ТВА
11.00 15.00	acetone and butanol); current (eg GMOs for insulin and industrial	IDA
	enzymes)	
Week 9	5,	
09.00-10.00	Normal microflora of water	ТВА
10.00-12.00	Sewage fermentation and bioremediation	TBA
12.00-13.00	Module feedback and revision session	TBA
Week 10		
09.00-13.00	Trip to sewage farm	
Week 11	Study week	
Week 12	Spring semester exams begin	

Lecturers:

TBA To be agreed; CERD Prof Chris Dodd; LW Dr Liz Whitley Lectures: 24h. Practicals/demonstrations: 7h. Site visits: 8h. Student-centred learning: 41h.

D236M1 Virology and Cellular Microbiology

Module Convenor: Dr Ken Mellits Ken. Mellits@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 3, Spring Semester, 10 credits

Pre-requisites for admission to the module: D223F7 Virology, D224F9 Analysis of

Bacterial Gene Expression or equivalent

Co-requisites for the module: None

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 25

Target Students: Food Microbiology and Microbiology. Also for students reading Animal Sciences, Applied Biology, Biotechnology, Food Science and Plant Science

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module will provide an in-depth induction into the relationship of bacterial and viral pathogens and their hosts. This will include an understanding the underlying molecular basis of the adaptive response of bacteria to the host environments and the mechanisms by which bacteria and viruses subvert cellular machinery.

Assessment details:

Exam 1	60%	90 minutes	1 Hour 30 Mins
Coursework 1	Lab based practical report length (1000 words)		2 x A4
Coursework 2	10%	Assessed by Group presentation.	
Coursework 3	10%	Assessed by Group presentation.	

Aims: The module aims to describe the underlying molecular basis of the adaptive response of bacteria to various environments and to describe the mechanisms by which bacteria and viruses invade eukaryotic cells. In addition students are given experience of literature analysis, preparing material for a problem based learning exercise, to investigate host-pathogen interaction. The practical exercise will provide some experience of designing experimental strategies.

Learning Outcomes:

- Understand aspects of adaptive and population gene control and sensing in bacteria, in relation to their environment or host cell.
- Understand mechanisms by which bacteria and viruses invade eukaryotic cells, and how they use cellular machinery to their own advantage to infect.
- Acquire basic skill in critical appraisal of data, experimental design strategy, and problem solving for use in group based learning

D236P3 Plant Disease Control

Module Convenor: Dr R Ray Rumiana.Ray@nottingham.ac.uk

Total credits: 10

Level: 3 Spring Semester

Expected number of Students Taking Module: 60

Target Students: Students in the Schools of Biosciences and Life Sciences

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Module Details: This is a course which deals with the applied aspects of plant disease control, comprising transmission, epidemiology, detection and diagnosis and control options. Control strategies based on application of fungicides, biological control, deployment of disease resistant varieties and biotechnological approaches are described. The relative strengths and weaknesses of the different approaches will be considered.

Lecture Programme 2016-2017

Week Date	Торіс	Activity
1	Introduction to the module	RR
	Cause of disease, symptoms and assessment	RR
	The concept of IDM	RR
2	Plant health risk and policy	NB
	Molecular diagnostics	NB
	Plant disease epidemiology	RR
3	Dispersal of plant pathogens	BF
	Case study - phoma in OSR	BF
	Coursework brief	RR
4	Cultural control methods	RR
	Disease resistance	RR
	Tutorial	RR
5	Durable resistance	GJ
	Breeding for disease resistance	GJ
	Tutorial	RR
6	Field walk	RR
7	Cereal diseases	RR
	Management strategies	RR
	Chemical control	RR
8	Fungicide mode of action	RO
	Fungicide resistance	RO
	Tutorial	RR

9	Virus transmission and sugar beet diseases	MS
	Integrated pest management	ТВ
10	Nematodes and potato diseases Independent studies	MB
11	Student presentations MSc, Feedback and module overview	RR

RR= Dr Rumiana Ray, NB= Prof Neil Boonham (Fera), TB= Prof Toby Bruce (Rothamsted Research), MS= Dr Mark Stevens (BBRO), MB= Dr Matt Back (Harper Adams University), GJ= Prof Graham Jellis (formerly HGCA), RO= Prof Richard Oliver (Curtin University), BF= Prof Bruce Fitt (University of Hertfordshire)

None Lecture Programme: Practical exercise to support taught material ondiagnosis.

Assessment:

Exam 1 100% 2 hour examination

Aims and Objectives: The module aims to instruct students in the current practices, which are available for crop protection, and to provide an understanding of how new measures are developed. The objectives of this module are to enable students to: i) appreciate the problems associated with plant disease ii) develop an understanding of the crop protection options available iii) develop laboratory skills associated with disease diagnosis iv) understand the commercial considerations associated with crop protection

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- Compare the strategies used by plant pathogens to spread between plants and cause disease epidemics
- Critically analyse methods available for disease diagnosis in different situations
- Explain the range of approaches used in plant disease control
- Evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of these methods when used in crop protection

D236P4 Sex, Flowers and Biotechnology

Module Convenor: Prof ZA Wilson (convenor) Zoe.Wilson@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturers: Dr RG Fray, Prof S Owen (RHS Kew), Dr TP Robbins, Dr D Dietrich

Module Details: level 3, Spring Semester, 10 credit

Pre-requisites: A suitable range of plant science and genetic modules in previous semesters.

Availability to Exchange Students Yes

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The processes of floral development and reproduction are some of the most critical stages occurring during plant growth and development. They are fundamental for plant breeding, crop productivity and horticulture. The significance of plant reproduction is particularly pertinent to issues of food security and the future development of high yielding crops. This module will focus on recent developments that have been made in the understanding of floral development, reproduction and seed production. Topics will focus on how such processes can be manipulated for commercial exploitation and to provide an understanding of the current goals, methods and achievements in the genetic engineering of crop and horticultural plants.

Lecture Programme 2016-2017

- The goals and problems for plant biotechnology- how can we achieve food security? The importance of flowering and fruiting in crop production. (ZAW)
- 2 Genetic control of floral initiation 1: Flowering time signals: the influence of environmental stimuli. (ZAW)
- Genetic control of floral initiation 2: Vernalization and epigenetic control of flowering. (ZAW)
- 4 Floral development and floral organ identity genes: Homeotic mutants and models of flower development in *Arabidopsis* and *Antirrhinum*. (TPR)
- 5 Cell and Molecular Biology of sexual reproduction in plants. (SO)
- Applied aspects of flowering and reproduction: Pollen development and male sterility in plant breeding and commercial production of hybrid seed. (ZAW)
- Molecular basis of self-incompatibility in gametophytic and sporophytic systems. Model systems for the study of cell-cell signalling in plants: the RNase system of *Solanaceae*; receptor kinases in Brassica. (TPR)
- 8 Student Seminars: Small group presentations relating to key areas of plant developmental biology. (ZAW)
- 9 Floral senescence and cell death: Processes associated with programme cell death during plant reproduction. (ZAW) Seed development and germination. Hormonal aspects of regulation of seed development. (DD)
- 10 Physiological, biochemistry and molecular biology of fruit ripening. (RF)

Coursework: A small group assessed (10%) presentation of library work. Assessed (15%) journal style reviews (1000 words) summarising the individual group's presented topic.

Assessment: 2-hour written examination (75%) Answer 2 essay style questions out of 5 in 2 hours. Continuous assessment (25%) see coursework.

Exam 1 75% 2-hour examination.

Coursework 1 10% 15-20 minute group presentation

Coursework 2 15% Journal style report of presentation - 1000 words

Aims: Advances in molecular biology and genetics have provided the basis for improving crop quality and performance. This module will explore recent innovative research in plant developmental biology and genetics, and demonstrate how such processes can be manipulated to optimise horticultural and crop production. Particular emphasis will be placed on floral and reproductive pathways in higher plants and how such information can be utilised to minimise the ecological impact of genetically modified crops. The significance of plant reproduction is particularly pertinent to issues of food security and the future development of high yielding crops.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able:-

- 1) To demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the fundamental principles and practices that underpin plant reproductive development.
- 2) Synthesise specialist information focusing on floral and reproductive development and its biotechnological applications.
- 3) Develop an appreciation of the targets of the Agro-industry and the approaches that can be used to meet these targets.
- 4) To communicate effectively knowledge of different aspects of floral and reproductive development.

D236Z6 Applied Bioethics 2: Sustainable Food Production, Biotechnology and the Environment

Module Convenor: Dr K Millar Kate.Millar@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 3, Spring Semester, 10 credit

Pre-requisites: D235Z5 Applied Bioethics 1: Animals, Biotechnology and Society.

Applied Bioethics 1 except in the exceptional circumstances where the student already has an appropriate academic background.

Co-requisites: None.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 60

Target Students: Students in the School of Biosciences. Available to JYA/Erasmus students

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: The module consists of lectures and associated seminars on: bioethical theory; the ethical dimensions of the nutritional needs of the global population; ethics of population management, use of new reproductive technologies and development; agricultural practices designed to meet the nutritional needs of the global population (including the use of GM crops); the impacts of agricultural and industrial activities on the sustainability of the global environment

The timetable will be finalised at the beginning of the semester.

Teaching Staff: Dr Kate Millar (Centre for Applied Bioethics)

Assessment:

Coursework 1	(50%)	One 2000-word essay
Coursework 2	(30%)	One 1000-word position paper
Oral Assessment	(20%)	Assessed oral presentation

Aims: The module aims to provide students with a sound understanding of widely accepted ethical principles and encourage the application of these insights to the analysis of contemporary issues in the agricultural, food and environmental sciences.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- Recognise and explain the ethical dimensions of prominent issues raised by agricultural practices (including the use of biotechnology) designed to meet the nutritional needs of the global population;
- Demonstrate how ethical theory can inform professional choices and public policies related to food production and environmental management
- Using team-based approaches to apply value-aware communication skills to discuss the ethical dimensions of agriculture and food production
- Set out and support an ethical position on an agricultural or environmental issue by applying arguments that draw on science and ethics literatures

D236Z8 Epigenetics and Development

Module Convenor: Dr Dylan Sweetman Dylan.Sweetman@nottingham.ac.uk

Lecturer: Dr Reinhard Stöger

Module Details: A level 3, 10 credit module taught in the Spring Semester at

Sutton Bonington. The module consists of lectures and practical classes.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 30

Target Students: Biosciences

Summary of Content: This module introduces current concepts of molecular mechanisms in animal development. A goal is to convey how developmental programs are remarkably conserved among species, including humans. Insights gained from molecular studies of the fruit fly, zebra fish and chicken are directly relevant to our understanding of mammalian development. Signals and factors regulating key events in establishing the body plan of an animal are discussed. Epigenetic processes that mediate X-chromosome inactivation and genomic imprinting will be described.

Timetable: Two-hour timetabled sessions per week: nine lectures, one practical session and one seminar session. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Lecture programme is provisional and more detailed information will be given to you in the first session.

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•	Model systems and techniques	Dr Reinhart Stöger
•	Segmentation in drosophila	Dr Dylan Sweetman
•	Vertebrate segmentation	Dr Dylan Sweetman
	Practical – chicken embryo culture	•
•	Introduction to Epigenetics	Dr Reinhart Stöger

Introduction to Epigenetics

X-chromosome inactivation

Dr Reinhart Stöger Genomic imprinting Dr Reinhart Stöger Seminars in epigenetics

Limb development Dr Dylan Sweetman Muscle formation Dr Dylan Sweetman MicroRNA in Development Dr Dylan Sweetman

Assessment: Exam 1 80% 2-hour examination. Presentation 20% epigenetics presentations

Aims: This module aims to provide students with a detailed understanding of developmental biology and epigenetic regulation in mammalian species and introduces current concepts of molecular mechanisms in animal development. A goal is to convey how developmental programs are remarkably conserved among species, including humans. Insights gained from molecular studies of the fruit fly, zebra fish and chicken are directly relevant to our understanding of mammalian development. Signals and factors regulating key events in establishing the body plan of an animal are discussed. Epigenetic processes that mediate Xchromosome inactivation and genomic imprinting will be described.

Learning outcomes: On successful completion a student will be able to:

- Describe the morphological and phenotypic changes that take place during animal development and how this is regulated by genetic and epigenetic mechanisms
- Analyse research papers by explaining the data presented and how this 2: informs our understanding of animal development and epigenetics

- 3: Interpret morphological changes in embryo development and relate this to published literature
- 4: Relate how genome level information and changes result in evolution of novel forms and functions

N13330 Technology Entrepreneurship in Practice

Module Convenor: Dr H Noke

School: Business School, Jubilee Campus

Total Credits: 10

Level: Level 3, Spring Semester module

Target Students: Available to all students. CANNOT be taken by students who have

taken N13320 Science, Technology and Business

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via

www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Summary of Content: This module aims to provide students with the skills, knowledge and practical experience required to respond to the challenges involved in managing, commercialising and marketing technological innovation and new business development.

Assessment Details:

Coursework 1 50% One 2,000 word individual essay

Project 1 35% Group presentation of a Business Plan

Project 2 15% Individual assessment of presentation skills

Aims: This will introduce the process of commercialising for science and technology. Commercialisation deals with developing intellectual property within the science and technology domain to a point where it is ready to enter the market. An ever increasingly important activity where Government and business is placing much importance on the wealth creation.

Learning Outcomes: This module develops a knowledge and understanding of:

- The development, access and operation of markets for resources, goods and services
- The sources, uses and management of finance
- The management of resources
- The comprehension and use of relevant communications for application in business and management, including the use of digital tools
- The development of appropriate policies and strategies within a changing environment to meet stakeholder interests
- The need for individuals and organisations to manage responsibly and sustainably and behave ethically in relation to social, cultural, economic and environmental issues
- The different approaches for segmentation, targeting, positioning, generating sales and the need for innovation in product and service design
- Taking innovative business ideas to create new products, services or organisations including the identification of Intellectual Property and appreciation of its value
- Intellectual property and its exploration, sources of investment for high technology companies, commercial strategies.
 - Key components in the development of a business plan.

Intellectual skills

This module develops:

The ability to analyse facts and circumstances to determine the cause of a problem and identifying and selecting appropriate solutions

The ability to analyse and evaluate a range of business data, sources of information and appropriate methodologies, which includes the need for strong digital literacy, and to use that research for evidence-based decision-making

Professional practical skills

This module develops:

People management, to include communications, team building, leadership and motivating others

Commercial acumen based on an awareness of the key drivers for business success, causes of failure and the importance of providing customer satisfaction and building customer loyalty

The ability to act entrepreneurially to generate, develop and communicate ideas, manage and exploit intellectual property, gain support and deliver successful outcomes Presentation skills - developing a pitch for investment.

Transferable (key) skills This module develops:

Communication and listening including the ability to produce clear, structured business communications in a variety of media

An awareness of the interpersonal skills of effective listening, negotiating, persuasion and presentation and their use in generating business contacts

Self-management and a readiness to accept responsibility and flexibility, to be resilient, self-starting and appropriately assertive, to plan, organise and manage time

Ability to work with people from a range of cultures

Articulating and effectively explaining information

Building and maintaining relationships

Emotional intelligence and empathy

D23BA7 Genetic Improvement of Crop Plants

Module Convenor: Dr Sean Mayes Sean.Mayes@nottingham.ac.uk

Module Details: Level 3 Autumn and Spring, 20 credits

Target Students: Students registered on the undergraduate courses Students interested in Plant Breeding and biotechnology

Summary of Content: The genetic improvement of crop plants is critical to address issues of food security for a growing world population. It is also the key to tackling environmental degradation and to meeting the increasing strict regulations on agricultural pollution which are coming into force in many Western countries. While these issues are not identical, they are linked and efficient plant breeding can be part of the solution to both. The module will use lectures, case and literature studies, research plan presentations, external expert seminars and practical exposure to crop breeding and molecular techniques to provide a firm basis for future crop breeding. The emphasis is the application of Biotechnology to conventional breeding, but the place of Genetic Modification in the genetic improvement of crops is also addressed. Crops covered include temperate and tropical, annual and perennial, in-breeding and out-breeding with emphasis on how genetic improvement will be achieved in the near future, while recognising the potential of novel techniques and the existence of varying priorities, in the face of a changing climate.

Timetable: Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Example:

Week	SUBJECT	LECTURER
1	GMOs: ethics, commercial interests, consumer concern and environmental impact.	TBC
2	Engineering transgenic plants: transgene delivery strategies.	RS
3	Expressing transgene products in chloroplasts.	RGF
4	Post-transcriptional regulation of gene expression.	RGF
5	Revision	RGF

Teaching Staff: Mike Holdsworth (MH), John Foulkes (JF), Erik Murchie (EM); Tim Robbins (TM); Mike Davey (MD); Rumiana Ray (RR); Martin Broadley (MB); Debbie Sparkes (DS); Martin Blythe (MBI) (PM) Penny Maplestone (British Society of Plant Breeders); (DF) David Feuerhelm (Syngenta seeds); Alastair Clemence (Consultant on GM regulation)

Assessment Details:

Exam 1 45% 2 Hour examination- Spring semester

Practical 25% Lab amplification of marker loci in a wheat population, write

up and analysis (max 1500 words)

Presentation 30% Groups investigate a topic in genetic improve

and report a 20 minute presentation to the wider group and assessors, plus a one-page executive summary.

Aims:

To provide students with an understanding of crop genetic improvement through lectures, practicals and case studies

To provide students with an appreciation of how modern and technological approaches can enhance crop breeding programmes and be able to assess the limitations of these approaches

To give students the intellectual and practical skills to form a basis for a potential career in biotechnology as applied to crop breeding.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of this module, students will be able to Explain the domestication of crops, the genetics of traits and how crops are bred. Describe the application of molecular markers as a way to assist crop breeding and their use for the development of genetic maps.

Identify major traits and issues which will need to be tackled by crop breeding and improvement.

Compare multiple approaches that are currently being used in genetic improvement programmes.

Test the use of genetic markers for genetic linkage in wide cross mapping populations.

D23BN3 Molecular Nutrition

Module Convenor: Dr Tim Parr (MC) <u>Tim.Parr@nottingham.ac.uk</u>

Lecturers: Dr J Brameld, Dr L Coneyworth, Prof S Langley-Evans, Dr A Murton,

Prof A Salter, Dr S Welham.

Module Details: Level 3, Year Long, 20 credits.

Pre-requisites: Biochemistry-The Building Blocks of Life (D21BN2) Principles of Immunology

(D223N6)

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 60

Target Students: BSc Nutrition (B400)

Summary of Content: This module will examine the regulatory effects of nutrients, either directly or indirectly, on cellular signaling processes and gene expression and how this influences metabolism and growth in eukaryotic systems. The mechanisms of controlling gene expression will be described. The module will explore the regulation of signaling processes as well as gene expression and the potential for manipulating metabolic processes through nutrient supply. The module will seek to enable an understanding of the molecular mechanisms by which nutrients regulate cell function, the basis of their effects on whole organisms and how variation in genomic sequence is likely to impact on nutrients' influence on gene expression.

Typically two or three one-hour timetabled sessions per week consisting of lectures, tutorials and computer based practical class. Personal timetables will be available to all students via www.nottingham.ac.uk/studentservices

Lecture Programme: Lecture programme is provisional and detailed information will be

given to you in the first session.

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Wk	Subject
2	Introduction to module Introduction and revision: Regulation of the cellular response
	Molecular nutrition and the health of populations
3	Gene organisation and structure
4	Regulation of gene expression (transcription)
5	Regulation of gene expression (post-transcription)
6	Regulation of gene expression (translation)
7	Techniques for assessing gene expression
8	Introduction to coursework 1: Bioinformatics
9	Coursework 1: Bioinformatics (computer session)
10	Coursework 1: Bioinformatics (computer session)
11	Coursework 1: Bioinformatics (additional tutorial)
12	Coursework (student centred study)
	Christmas vacation
19	Introduction to semester 2

	Nutrigenetics: "Personalised" Nutrition
	Coursework feedback
20	Nuclear Receptors: Vitamins A & D
21	Lipids
22	Lipids Lipids: Q&A session
23	Carbohydrates
24	Amino acids Carbohydrates & amino acids: Q&A session
25	Minerals
26	Minerals Minerals and vitamins: Q&A session
26	Nutrigenetics & nutrigenomics: Zinc, class module evaluation Intro to Introduction to computer based revision test
27	Formative computer-based revision test
	Easter vacation
33	Revision class

Assessment:

Exam 1 (50%) 2 hour exam.

Coursework 1 (50%) Data interpretation and bioinformatics computer-based

exercise including interpretation of experimental data; written assessment (2000 words)

Aims: Through the provision of relevant biochemical and molecular biology information, this module aims to enable students to gain an understanding of the regulatory effects of nutrients, either directly or indirectly, on gene expression and how this influences metabolism and growth in eukaryotic systems. To demonstrate through coursework and/or examination an understanding of the factors involved in regulation of signalling processes and gene expression and the potential for manipulating metabolic processes through nutrient supply.

Learning Outcomes: On successful completion of the module, students will be able to:

- 1) Explain the structure of the genome and mechanisms by which genes are expressed and translated into proteins
- 2) Explain the molecular mechanisms by which nutrients regulate gene expression.
- 3) Illustrate how experimental methodologies can be used to assess how nutrients influence gene expression.
- 4) Analyse molecular biology and biochemical experimental data generated from experiments examining the effects of a nutrient on gene expression.

Recommended background reading:

The Molecular Biology of the Cell. Alberts et al

The contents of the book are available through the following webpage:

 $\frac{\text{http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/bv.fcgi?call=bv.View..ShowTOC\&rid=mboc4.TOC\&dept}}{\text{h=}10}$

An alternative book with much the same content is **Molecular Cell Biology.** Lodish *et al* The contents of the book are available through the following webpage: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/books/bv.fcgi?call=bv.View..ShowTOC&rid=mcb.TOC&depth=10

D23PRO Undergraduate Research Project

Module Convenor: Dr S Lydon Sussie.Lydon@nottingham.ac.uk

Total Credits: 40

Level: Level 3, Year-long module

Summary of Content: The project is a year-long level 3 module. The topic of the project will be chosen from a list of suggestions, and will be finalised after consultation with the student's Course Manager and a member of academic staff who will act as the supervisor. It involves detailed research on the topic chosen after discussion with the supervisor. Each project will involve collection of data by means such as experiment, questionnaire, observation and/or literature search as well as the analysis and interpretation of the data in the context of previous work. Reading and summarising previous research by other scientists working in the area, and writing a clear concise final report are essential components of the project.

Module details: This module consists of an extended programme of research under the direction of an individual member of staff. Students are expected to undertake a challenging piece of work, in which emphasis is placed on self-motivation and self-learning. Detailed guidelines will be provided by the Division.

Expected Number of Students Taking Module: 250

Target Students: All Biosciences students registered for Honours Degrees in the School of Biosciences apart from those studying Microbiology, and Environmental Sciences degrees.

Non-lecture programme: Private study using library, Internet, laboratory, or field facilities supported by regular tutorials with the project supervisor.

Target Students: All Biosciences students registered for Honours Degrees in the School of Biosciences apart from those studying Microbiology, and Environmental Sciences degrees.

Assessment: The module will be assessed by coursework only; this will take the form of a 15 minute oral presentation of the research findings (10%), an objective assessment of project planning and execution (30%) and a 5,000-word written report (60%). Details of the precise format required for the oral presentation and written report will be provided to students by the School Office.

Module aims: The module aims to provide a detailed training in research work. At the end of the module, students should be familiar with the relevant published literature in the field, have become familiar with some of the fundamental techniques necessary to do the prescribed research and published their findings as both an oral report and a comprehensive written report.

Module objectives: The objectives are to enable students to:

- i) Identify and analyse problems
- ii) Undertake good experimental design
- iii) Search for, analyse and interpret relevant literature
- iv) Carry-out competent laboratory, field or survey research
- v) Analyse data using appropriate methods
- vi) Write and deliver an oral presentation
- vii) Prepare and write a detailed report

Transferable skills

Transferable skills associated with this module include:

- i) Literature searching using a range of databases
- ii) Use of relevant laboratory, field or survey research methods

- iii) Statistical analysis as appropriate
- iv) Computing and word processing skills
- v) Problem solving
- vi) Oral communication skills
- vii) Time management

Subject specific information

In some project areas, it is necessary to begin project work in semester 4 because of factors such as seasonal availability of crops or farm animals. This phase of the project forms a discrete, 10-credit, Part I module.

30 Appendices

- Qualitative Assessment Criteria General Guidelines for Examinations 1
- Qualitative Assessment Criteria General Guidelines for Essays & Reports Qualitative Assessment Criteria General Guidelines for Posters 2
- 3
- 4 Qualitative Assessment Criteria - General Guidelines for Oral Presentations
- 5 6 Qualitative Assessment Criteria – Research Project Experimental Work
- Progression and Compensation Charts
- 7 Marking at Different Levels within Degree Programmes
- 8 School of Biosciences Tutoring Statement

CLASS	%	QUALITATIVE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA - GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR ESSAYS & REPORTS
First		
	100	a. Excellent report structure with professional presentation of figures, tables, diagrams, references etc.; evidence of originality/novelty in presentation.
A2	06	Deep understanding of subject; all argun
A3	80	c. Considerable and effective use of literature information, beyond that supplied as taught material.
A4	/3	d. Clear evidence of critical thinking, originality and noveity.
Upper Second	ç	
B1 B2	65	a. Well organised report; appropriate choice of mustrative ligures, dables, diagrams etc.; clearly presented unroughout. b. Sound grasp of subject material; generally logical arguments.
B3	62	c. Reasonable evidence of wider study beyond lecture material.
		d. Some evidence of independent thinking and originality.
Lower Second	í	
CI	28	
3 3	55	b. Reasonable understanding of subject material, but some flaws in the logic of arguments and factual errors. رم المالية المناطقين منظمين منظمين عبط الجوم المواملة المعتمدين المعتمدين المعتمدين المعتمدين المعتمدين المعتمد
3	7	
Third		
D1	48 i	
D2	45	
D3	42	c. Virtually no inclusion of literature information beyond lecture material.
Soft Fail		
ш	35	a. Very poorly structured; disorganised; missing sections; minimal presentation of supporting data, figures etc.
		Minimal understanding of subject; seriou
		c. Virtually no inclusion of literature information.
Fail		
F1	25	Very poor coverage of material with little information that is relevant. Virtually no evidence of understanding the question; minimal attempt to provide a structured answer.
Fail		
F2	10	A few lines of relevant material
F3	0	No relevant material

Only broad classes (A,B,C,D and E) have qualitative criteria attached; the division into (e.g.) C1, C2, C3 etc. is at the discretion of the examiner. The qualitative criteria include consideration of:

a. The quality of the report/essay etc. - the use of sections; diagrams; figures etc.; citation of references; general neatness etc.

b. Student's knowledge of subject; depth and quality of answer.

c. Evidence of reading / study beyond regurgitation of standard taught material.

d. Independent or critical thinking / originality etc. 7 :-

CLASS	%	QUALITATIVE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA - GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR EXAMINATIONS
First		
A1	100	a. Deep understanding of subject; carefully balanced arguments clearly presented; all material highly relevant to the question.
A2	06	b. Considerable and effective use of literature information, beyond that supplied as taught material.
А3	80	c. Clear evidence of critical thinking, originality and novelty
A4	73	d. Excellent structure and good use of illustrative diagrams etc.; evidence of originality/novelty in presentation.
Upper Second		
B1	89	a. Sound grasp of subject material; presentation of logical arguments relevant to the guestion.
B2	65	
B 3	62	c. Some evidence of independent thinking and originality.
Lower Second		
C1	28	a. Reasonable understanding of subject material, but some flaws in the logic of arguments and factual errors; possibly some irrelevant material.
C7	55	b. Only limited evidence of wider study and use of literature information.
c3	52	c. Little evidence of independent thinking or originality.
		d. Fairly clear presentation; generally conforming with accepted format but with some flaws in style; little use of illustrative diagrams.
Third		
D1	48	
D2	45	b. Virtually no inclusion of literature information beyond lecture material.
D3	45	Virtually no evidence of independent thin
		 d. Little attention given to structure; very limited use of illustrative diagrams; serious flaws in presentation.
Soft Fail		
ш	35	
		Virtually no inclusion of literature inform
		c. No evidence of independent thinking or originality. d - Very noorly structured answer: disorganised and untidy: missing sections: virtually no use of illustrative diagrams
Fail		
F1	25	Insubstantial answer; very poor coverage of material with little information that is relevant.
		Virtually no evidence of understanding the question and minimal attempt at structure
Fail		
F2	10	A few lines of relevant material
Fail		
F 3	0	No relevant material

- Only broad classes (A,B,C,D and E) have qualitative criteria attached; the division into (e.g.) C1, C2, C3 etc. is at the discretion of the examiner. The qualitative criteria include consideration of:

 a. Student's knowledge of subject; depth, relevance and quality of answer.

 b. Evidence of reading / study beyond regurgitation of standard taught material.

 c. Independent or critical thinking / originality etc.

 d. The quality of presentation structure of answer, the use of sections; diagrams etc., general neatness etc. 1. %

CLASS	%		QUALITATIVE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA - GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR POSTERS
First			
Α1	100	ö.	Excellent use of headings, text appropriate size, figures and diagrams clear and well-labelled, very easy to follow progression of poster theme.
A 2	06	ь.	Visually very attractive and creative.
А3	80	ن ن	Factually very accurate and informative with clear evidence of extensive knowledge of published literature.
A4	73	d.	All relevant aspects of own data presented, where inclusion is appropriate.
Upper Second			
B1	89	ö.	Good use of headings, text of appropriate size, some loss of figure clarity or slight errors in labelling, easy to follow progression of poster theme.
B2	65	Ъ.	Visually quite attractive and creative.
B 3	62	υ τ	Factually accurate and informative with some evidence of knowledge of published literature. Most relevant senects of own data presented, where inclusion is appropriate
Lower Second		5	TOST I GEVALLE ASPECTS OF OWIL data presented, where metasion is appropriate
C1	58	a.	Adequate use of headings, text a little too small, figures not clear and inadequately labelled, more difficult to follow progression of poster theme.
C2	55	Ъ.	Visually unstimulating.
ຮ	52	ن ن	Some factual inaccuracies with only limited evidence of knowledge of published literature.
		d.	Several aspects of own data omitted, where inclusion is appropriate.
Third			
D1	48	ö	Very poor use of headings, text too small or hand-written, figures unclear and unlabelled, no obvious progression of poster theme.
D2	45	Р	Visually unattractive and dull.
D3	42	٦ ن	Many factual inaccuracies with very limited evidence of knowledge of published literature.
		c.	Most of OWII data Offlitted, Wriere Inclusion is appropriate.
Soft Fail			
ш	35	ö.	No headings used and poster somewhat disorganised.
		Ъ.	Visually unattractive and dull.
		. o	Inaccurate with virtually no evidence of knowledge of published literature. None of own data included.
Fail			
F1	25	a.	No headings used and poster very disorganised and difficult to understand.
		Ъ.	Visually very unattractive and dull.
		ن ن	Inaccurate with no evidence of knowledge of published literature.
		d.	None of own data included.
Fail	-	,	fow lines of relativist material preconted
	2		Willes of relevant inactinal presented
F3	0	N 0	No poster presented

- Only broad classes (A,B,C,D and E) have qualitative criteria attached; the division into (e.g.) C1, C2, C3 etc. is at the discretion of the examiner. The qualitative criteria include consideration of:

 a. Structure and organisation of the poster.

 b. Visual impact and attractiveness.

 c. Accuracy and completeness of the content.

 d. Where appropriate, inclusion of students' own experimental data.

CLASS	%		QUALITATIVE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA - GENERAL GUIDELINES FOR ORAL PRESENTATIONS
First			
A1	100	a.	Clearly audible, well-paced presentation delivered without obviously reading from notes in the time allocated. Addressed to the audience.
A2	06	о О	Very well-planned with a clear logical structure focused on the topic being presented. Excellent introduction and summary.
A3	80	ن ح	Excellent use of visual aids which are easy to read and understand. Main points of slides clearly explained. Content of presentation yery well researched with relevant data where appropriate. Response to questions asked indicates thereigh understanding
Upper Second	+	5	Simple of the property of the
B1		a.	Clearly audible, well-paced presentation delivered with some reading from notes in the time allocated. Mainly addressed to the audience.
B2	92	Ъ.	Quite well-planned with logical structure focused on topic being presented. Good introduction and summary.
В3	62	ن ق	Good use of visual aids which are quite clear to read and understand. Good attempt to explain main points of slides. Content of presentation quite well-researched with relevant data where appropriate. Response to questions asked indicates good understanding.
Lower Second	þ		
5	28	a.	Audible presentation which may be too fast or too slow. Tendency to read from notes and to address floor or ceiling. May be outside time allocated
C2	22	ρ.	Some flaws in structure and not always focused on the topic being presented. Weak introduction and summary.
C3	52	ن ح	Adequate use of visual aids which are not always easy to read and understand. Little attempt to explain main points of slides. Some omissions in literature research and little relevant data presented. Response to questions asked indicates incomplete understanding
Third		5	
D1	48	a.	Difficult to hear. Too fast or too slow. Read from notes and little attempt to address the audience. Outside allocated time.
D2	45	Ъ.	Poorly-structured, rambling presentation which strays from topic being presented. Very weak introduction or summary.
D3	42	ن 5	Poor visual aids which are difficult to read and understand. Poor explanation of main points of slides. Little evidence of literature research and no data presented. Response to questions indicates poor understanding.
Soft Fail			
Ш	35	a.	Mumbled, halting presentation. Much too fast or too slow. No attempt to address audience and well outside allocated time.
		<u>.</u>	No discernible structure to presentation with some relevant material. No introduction or summary.
		ن ق	Very poor visual aids. No explanation of main points of slides. Poor literature research and no data presented. Response to questions shows serious weakness in understanding.
Fail			
F1	25	ö.	_
		، ن	No discernible structure and very little relevant material. No introduction or summary.
		ن ن	no visual alus useu. Little evidence of research. Response to questions shows minimal understanding.
Fail		:	
F2	10	Ve	Very minimal attempt to give a presentation.
Fail	(ı	
۲3	0	га	Falled to give a presentation.
	/ broad clas	ses (A	Only broad classes (A,B,C,D and E) have qualitative criteria attached; the division into (e.g.) C1, C2, C3 etc. is at the discretion of the examiner.
2. The	qualitative	criteri	The qualitative criteria include consideration of :

Only broad classes (A,B,C,D and E) have qualitative criteria attached; the division into (e.g.) C1, C2, C3 etc. is at the discretion of the examiner.

The qualitative criteria include consideration of:

a. Presentation of talk; audibility, speed, use of notes, addressed to audience, time keeping.

b. Organisation of talk; logical coherent progression with introduction and summary.

c. Use of visual aids; clarity and explanation of salient points.

d. Research and response to questioning; evidence of extensive reading, presentation of own data (where relevant), evidence of wider understanding.

CLASS	%		QUALITATIVE ASSESSMENT CRITERIA - RESEARCH PROJECT EXPERIMENTAL WORK
First			
A1	100	e 7	Extremely independent and able to work with minimal direct supervision. Shows a great deal of initiative and perseverance when things go wrong.
A2	90	o	very well organised, able to plan time in laboratory/rield with minimal assistance.
A4	80	i d	l echnically extremely competent; learns new methods quickly with minimal training. Excellent critical ability and able to appreciate limitations of techniques used.
Upper Second			
B1	89	a.	Able to work independently with little direct supervision. Shows some initiative and perseverance.
B2	65	ь.	
B 3	62	ۍ ن	Technically competent; learns new methods quite quickly when given training.
Lower Second		5	Solite critical ability and appreciation of illitrations of techniques used.
	58	a,	Needs auite close supervision and shows little initiative. Tendency to give up too auickly when things go wrong.
C2	55	ь.	Quite well organised but needs considerable help to plan experiments and time spent in laboratory/field.
c3	52	J.	Technically quite competent, but liable to make mistakes is not supervised closely. Slow at learning new techniques.
		d.	Limited critical ability and little appreciation of limitations of techniques used.
Third			
D1	48	a.	Little or no ability to work independently. Shows very little initiative. Liable to give up when things go wrong.
D2	45	р.	Poorly organised; unable to plan time in laboratory/field without direct instruction.
D3	42	jτ	Technically incompetent. Liable to make mistakes even when supervised closely. Very slow at learning new techniques. Virtually no critical ability or appreciation of limitations of fachniques used
400		5	Virtually no critical ability or appreciation of illineations of techniques asca.
Soft Fall	į		
ш	32	ö.	No ability to work independently. Minimal effort put into work.
		٥.	Poorly organised and liable to miss planned work sessions.
		i ė	Technically very incompetent. Orten makes mistakes, even when closely supervised. Extremely slow at learning new techniques. No critical ability or appreciation of limitations of techniques used.
Fail			
F1	25	a.	Rarely does any experimental work.
		ь.	Very likely to miss planned work sessions.
		J.	Often makes errors when carrying our simple procedures.
		d.	No critical ability or appreciation of limitations of techniques used.
Fail	,		
7.	OΤ	very	very minimal laboratory/neid work attempted.
F3	0	No ki	No laboratory/field work attempted

Only broad classes (A,B,C,D and E) have qualitative criteria attached; the division into (e.g.) C1, C2, C3 etc. is at the discretion of the examiner. The qualitative criteria include consideration of:

a. Independence and initiative. Perseverance when work does not go according to plan.

b. Organisational ability; can the student plan their use if time effectively and efficiently?

c. Technical ability; and the student carry out work competently and learn new techniques quickly

d. Critical ability and appreciation of the limitations of the work.

7:

Appendix 6 Progression and Compensation BSc Hons (to Parts I and II) and # over best 100 credits module pass mark = MSci prog to Part II needs 55% average * subtract 20 credits for ordinary degree for ordinary degree Proceed 40% Yes ≥ 110 credits* $\overset{\circ}{N}$ at $\ge 30\%$? Proceed MNUtr (to Part I) Yes Yes **≥** 100 credits*? Pass in modules Pass in modules ≥ 90 credits*? Proceed No No Yes Yes Yes in all modules? Average mark Average mark **×** 45% # ? Pass marks 20%# 3 No No $^{ m N}_{ m o}$

Proceed

Yes

All marks **≥** 30%?

Yes

Pass in modules

Yes

Average mark **×** 40% #?

80 credits*?

Minimum re-sit

No

No

No

modules < 30%

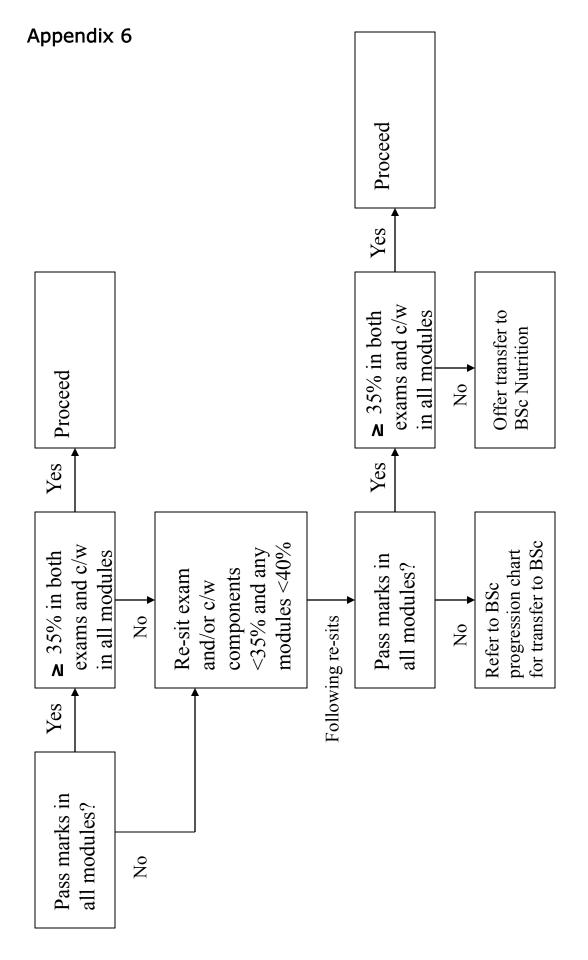
modules < 40%

modules < 40%

Re-sits

Re-sits

Progression and Compensation MNutr (to Parts II and III)



School of Biosciences Qualitative Marking Schemes Supplementary Guidelines

Marking at Different Levels Within Degree Programmes

The School's qualitative marking schemes provide general guidance for assessment of various types of work. However, in applying these schemes to individual assessments, account must be taken of the level at which students are working. The criteria outlined below provide general guidance, and not all criteria will be applicable to all forms of assessment.

Academic Levels

Level 1	Certificate level, generally qualifying year students
Level 2	Diploma level, generally taken by year 2 students
Level 3	Degree level, generally taken by year 3 students
Level 4	Masters levels, generally taken by post-graduate or year 4
	undergraduate students

Major considerations

Mark Class A

Level 1:	Draws on available evidence to make sound conclusions supported from
	a range of sources.

- **Level 2:** There is evidence of further reading and careful analysis offering alternative views.
- Level 3: There is critical analysis offering alternative views. There is clear expression of own views, which are supported by appropriate literature. Draws on available evidence to make persuasive conclusions.
- **Level 4:** Detailed, orderly and critical work with clearly specified focus/foci exhibiting rigorous analysis, synthesis and evaluation. There must be evidence that the student has developed their own arguments.

Mark Class B

- **Level 1:** Content is accurate and relevant with appropriate use of supporting material.
- **Level 2:** There is sound analysis with good expression and argument with evidence of independent thinking supported by appropriate material.
- **Level 3:** There is sound critical analysis. Alternative views are expressed using supporting evidence from a variety of sources.
- **Level 4:** Evidence of originality and significant critical analysis. There is evidence of integration of material from a variety of sources.

Appendix 7 Mark Class C

- **Level 1:** Content is largely accurate and relevant with some evidence of understanding.
- **Level 2**: There is adequate analysis with limited evidence of wider study.
- **Level 3:** There is reasonable understanding, with some attempt at analysis and limited use of supporting material.
- **Level 4:** There is reasonable understanding and analysis supported by a range of relevant evidence.

Mark Class D

- **Level 1:** Some relevant content but with evidence of only very limited understanding.
- **Level 2:** Some relevant content with limited understanding but little evidence of wider study.
- **Level 3**: Basic understanding with limited evidence of wider study.
- **Level 4:** Basic understanding with limited evidence of understanding and some attempt at analysis.

Mark Classes E/F

All levels: Work does not demonstrate above criteria and reference should be made the qualitative criteria in deciding final mark.

Modules offered at levels A-C are considered intermediate between Levels 1-2, 2-3 and 3-4 respectively.

School of Biosciences: Tutoring Statement

The following statement demonstrates how each of the specific outcomes of the University's principles of tutoring are delivered in the School of Biosciences.

Principle	Outcome achieved in Biosciences through
1. The student should feel acknowledged, recognised and	A detailed Week One programme incorporating course-specific teaching and learning support sessions.
school/department as an individual with distinct academic needs and	A specific Course Manager for each degree from whom students can obtain individual academic advice.
preferences.	Module registration days (three times/year) when students can obtain individual academic guidance on their module choices.
	Each student is allocated a personal tutor and this is one of the first people they meet when they arrive in the School.
2. The student should feel part of the school/department community ,	Three formal meetings with tutors/year, in addition to which students are encouraged to meet mid-semester with their personal tutors.
experiencing frequent contact with academic staff on an individual or small group basis and building	Learning Community Forum deals with all issues affecting campus life (eg social, residential and catering) as well as academic issues.
relations with particular members of	Close working relationship developed with project supervisor during final year of studies.
stail over an extended period."	Student Guild – an SB-based branch of the Students' Union which has combined social and representational roles.
	Semester One tutor appointed to give particular assistance to first year students at the start of their course. Semester One discussion group at end of first semester to seek feedback on students' experiences.
	Most first year students and many from later years reside in Bonington Hall. The Hall is closely integrated with all aspects of Campus and School life and is central to the SB community.
	Campus-based alumni organisation (OKA) provides continuity for graduates and is also involved with travel awards, fund-raising, communication and development.

3. The personal development of the student should be promoted; leading to improved communication	Many modules require presentations, group working and practical skills to be developed <u>see: http://www.nottingham.ac.uk/biosciences/study-with-us/employability/employability-skills.aspx.</u>
skills and greater confidence in presentation and dealing with the unfamiliar.	Final year research project involves significant personal development as an individual researcher and scientist. MSci students take undertake an additional project in which their professional skills are further developed. MNutr students undertake clinical placements giving them first-hand experience of communicating with the public.
	Project assessment includes an oral presentation.
 Students should receive prompt, helpful and detailed feedback on their assessments, in a manner that 	Coursework returned to students (within a 21 day turn-around time) with individual comments – often on a standard assessment feedback form. Models of good practice in feedback are provided on School intranet.
enhances learning and improves future assessment performance.	Standard module feedback which is provided at the end of each module on performance over the course of the module, including the formal summative assessment.
	Module timetables routinely specify submission and feedback dates for coursework.
5. Students struggling with aspects of individual modules, or more generally	Guidance available from Course Manager, Module Convener, Module Registration Days, Personal tutor and School Office staff.
with their programme of studies, should have clearly signposted and	Colleagues from Academic Support hold drop in sessions on campus throughout term-time.
ready access to a reasonable level of academic advice and support designed to remedy their difficulties.	In 2014-15, appointment of a new Student Experience and Support Officer.
6. Students should receive the level of support in developing their study	A well-developed Study Skills Handbook, to which students are introduced during a specific session in Week One. Personal tutors also provide study-skill advice.
skills necessary to perform satisfactorily on their programme of	A year-long Academic Development and Employability module delivered to first year students.
	Provision of self-assessment materials from the Virtual Writing Centre for students' use.
	Course staff provide specific aspects of guidance, especially in relation to coursework.

	All students receive detailed Module Handbooks appropriate to all years of their course. Year 2 and 3 students receive a detailed Research Project handbook. Information in these documents is explained and reinforced during discussions with Personal Tutors, project supervisors and module staff.
7. Students with personal circumstances adversely affecting their studies should feel able to make these known to the	Personal tutor, the School's Senior Tutors (undergraduate or postgraduate), any other member of academic staff, and/or School Office staff who are available to talk to students about difficulties facing them. All staff are aware of support mechanisms available such as the Student Services Centre and Counselling Service.
school/department without difficulty and to be directed to the appropriate	A well-publicised extenuating circumstances procedure, which students are encouraged to make use of as appropriate.
support service.	The Student Experience and Support Officer who provides support for students with extenuating circumstances.
8. Students should receive the necessary careers information, advice and guidance to equip them to make informed choices about their	Workshops on taking an industrial placement year, CVs and application forms, mock assessment workshops are run by Careers and Employability Service during the Autumn Semester. In addition, regular employer presentations from relevant business are hosted on campus throughout each year.
future, to understand the options	Additional drop-in clinic for CV feedback offered to finalist students in June each year.
of available opportunities.	Careers appointments available on the Sutton Bonington Campus throughout the year.
	2014-15 a new Careers Fair held on campus in February.
	MSc mentoring scheme for interview skills/CV development.
	Some modules deliver integral employability skills.
	Guidance from tutor, PhD supervisor/assessor and external lectures.
 Students should be made aware of the importance of developing and articulating their employability 	Course and subject area staff provide guidance on opportunities in their own disciplines or facilitate connections with specialist resources/alumni/industrial partners/research organisations.
skills, including possible participation in the Nottingham Advantage Award.	Some subject areas promote placement opportunities directly; an Industrial Placement Officer provides general employment advice and opportunities for year-long internships

	Personal tutors provide general employment guidance.
	Additional School Placement Officer to be recruited for start of 2015-16.
	Personal tutors, project supervisors and other staff provide referee statements to support employment applications.
	Introduction to the Nottingham Advantage award given during formal Week One Induction programme and students supported to achieve this.
	Integral employability skills built into the second year and MSc curriculums.
10. Students should receive appropriate advice and support when considering changing their programme of study or contemplating leaving the	The following sources of advice and support are available to students considering changing their course of study or withdrawing from the University: Personal Tutor, Course Manager, School Manager (Academic Administration), Student Services – financial team. These resources are detailed in the Study Skills book.
11. Students should be prepared for periods of study away from their home campus and appropriately supported during those periods.	Students receive general information during Week One induction about the possibilities for study abroad. Students following specific courses where placement is a recognised option or obligation receive guidance and support from course staff and from the ERASMUS and Study Abroad Coordinator, and Industrial Placement Officer. Students undertaking a period of study at the Malaysian campus are provided with School briefing prior to departure. The provision of continued support for students who are studying away is a defined responsibility of personal tutors.
12. The procedures for submitting extenuating circumstances regarding assessments should be straightforward and well publicised.	Information about the extenuating circumstances process which is provided to all students through the Study Skills Handbooks. This is articulated to students during Week One induction.
	students twice/year. Tutors, Course Managers and Student Experience and Support Officer who are all able to give advice and support to students with extenuating circumstances.

13. Students with disabilities should be clear as to the support they will receive and where it is available, and the support should be in line with	The Study Skills Handbook which gives information about support available for students with disabilities. This is articulated during Week One by the Disability Liaison Officer (DLO) who gives a presentation to all new students. The DLO provides support to students throughout their course, and directs students to relevant support services.
University policies.	Tutors who are trained to deal with students with disability.
	A close working relationship which is maintained between the School's DLO and the University's Senior Disability Officer, who is available on the Sutton Bonington campus once/week.
14. The procedures for submitting academic appeals and complaints	The process for submitting academic appeals and complaints which is publicised in the students' Study Skills Handbooks and Course Handbooks.
should be well publicised and staff should be aware of their responsibilities within these	The School Manager (Academic Administration) who gives advice and support to students who wish to submit a complaint or an appeal.
procedures.	Guidance available from tutors and Course Managers.
	Learning Community Fora provide an opportunity for complaints to be resolved informally.
15. Students being subjected to the academic offences procedure	Information about what constitutes plagiarism and how to avoid it which is provided in the students' Study Skills Handbooks and Course Handbooks. This information is articulated in a dedicated session during Week One.
should receive clear information and advice.	On-going guidance on how to avoid plagiarism provided by module conveners and tutors.
	Personal tutors and the School Manager (Academic Administration) who give support for students being subjected to the academic offences procedure.
16. Students should receive relevant health and safety guidance, especially in laboratory or workshopbased subjects.	General information on health and safety is provided to all students during Week One induction and in the School's Study Skills Handbooks. Specific information related to laboratories and practical classes is included in module documentation. Students' attention is drawn to safety matters, including risk assessments and safety procedures, by individual course staff at times appropriate to their application. Some courses, such as those where
	pathogens will be used, contain a compulsory lab safety module.
17. Students should be directed in a timely and appropriate manner to	The School's Study Skills Handbooks, Course Handbooks, Personal Tutor, Senior Tutor,

University support services for assistance with all of the above matters as necessary.	School Office staff and the Student Services Centre.
The student Study Skills book is pr	The student Study Skills book is produced annually and provided in hard copy to all new students. It can also be found

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January 2015