## 2023 Gold Action plan

Our 2023 Gold Action Plan is intersectional by design and links to our REC, Concordat, Disability, P&C-SDP and School/Faculty action plans. Intersection with these is highlighted. The 14 actions follow the employment journey from recruitment to departure, including actions to ensure we have qualitative student- and staff-centred ways of assessing the impact of the activity, to supplement our quantitative data analysis (AG11) and that functionality of Digital Core, our new HR IT system, supports the actions within this plan (AG14).

Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome				
	A	ctions in this area address pri	ority 1: R	ecruitment						
G01: Recruitment										
AG01.01.02	experiences, reflecting the community of the University including job-share, part-time, career-break, protected characteristics, all ages and cross section of job families and staff to break gendered stereotypes.  Enhanced use of diverse social media platforms to disseminate brand/vacancies to reach underrepresented applicants.	site was planned, but then heavily impacted by COVID.  Applications to L7 academic roles show an uptick in 2022 from between 23% and 33%F to 40%F. Other than that, academic applications have been largely flat mostly between 30 and 40% F. %BAME staff at UoN above HESA benchmark but do not reflect the community local to the University. BAME applications for academic roles are currently >50%, however there is a marked difference between STEMM and AHSSBL applications, with BAME %F still being below 50% for AHSSBL and in previous years between 31% and 42%. BAME applications for P&S roles have been lower and generally BAME %M has lagged behind BAME %F by about 2% To continue improvement in gender-	Jul 24		published and access statistics collated	Website access data and interactions with social media posts indicate external visits and engagement with case studies and advert material. Resultant data around applications through to appointments show increase in:  % F to increase from 30 to 40%  BAME F% applications for AHSSBL and BAME %M for P&S roles in line with applications for STEMM roles. >50%				
	AG01.01.02	AG01.01.01 Develop case studies describing lived-experiences, reflecting the community of the University including job-share, part-time, career-break, protected characteristics, all ages and cross section of job families and staff to break gendered stereotypes.  AG01.01.02 Enhanced use of diverse social media platforms to disseminate brand/vacancies to reach underrepresented applicants.	Actions in this area address price in this area address price in the province of the province in the province	Actions in this area address priority 1: R  601: Recruitment  AG01.01.01  Develop case studies describing lived- experiences, reflecting the community of the University including job-share, part-time, career-break, protected characteristics, all ages and cross section of job families and staff to break gendered stereotypes.  AG01.01.02 Enhanced use of diverse social media platforms to disseminate brand/vacancies to reach underrepresented applicants.  Intersectional link to: REC Action A1.4.4a  AG01.01.02 Enhanced use of diverse social media platforms to disseminate brand/vacancies to reach underrepresented applicants.  Intersectional link to: REC Action A1.4.4a  AG01.01.02 Enhanced use of diverse social media platforms to disseminate brand/vacancies to reach underrepresented applicants.  BAME staff at UoN above HESA benchmark but do not reflect the community local to the University. BAME applications for academic roles are currently >50%, however there is a marked difference between STEMM and AHSSBL applications, with BAME %F still being below 50% for AHSSBL and in previous years between 31% and 42%. BAME applications for P&S roles have been lower and generally BAME %M has lagged behind BAME %F by about 2% To continue improvement in gender- balance of applicants, shortlist, interview	Actions in this area address priority 1: Recruitment  601: Recruitment  AG01.01.01 Develop case studies describing lived- experiences, reflecting the community of the University including job-share, part-time, career-break, protected characteristics, all ages and cross section of job families and staff to break gendered stereotypes.  AG01.01.02 Enhanced use of diverse social media platforms to disseminate brand/vacancies to reach underrepresented applicants.  Intersectional link to: REC Action A1.4.4a  AHSSBL applications for academic roles are currently >50%, however there is a marked difference between STEMM and AHSSBL applications, with BAME %F still being below 50% for AHSSBL and in previous years between 31% and 42%. BAME applications for P&S roles have been lower and generally BAME %F by about 2% To continue improvement in gender-balance of applicants, shortlist, interview	Actions in this area address priority 1: Recruitment  301: Recruitment  AG01.01.01 Develop case studies describing lived- experiences, reflecting the community of the University including job-share, part-time, career-break, protected characteristics, all ages and cross section of job families and staff Applications to L7 academic roles show an uptick in 2022 from between 23% and 33%F to 40%F. Other than that, academic applications have been largely flat mostly between 30 and 40% F.  **BAME staff at UoN above HESA benchmark but do not reflect the community local to the University. BAME applications, with BAME %F still being below 50% for AH5SBL and in previous years between 31% and 42%. BAME applications for P&S roles have been lower and generally BAME %M has lagged behind BAME %F by about 2% To continue improvement in gender-balance of applicants, shortlist, interview				

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1		will publish guidelines/expectations/videos/podcasts as support for those applying.  We will provide engaging tools that guide applicants in how to showcase their skills and abilities in line with the job criteria.  Intersectional links to REC Action: A4.11.4	As above.  HR is developing UoN Branding. This will underpin the development of recruitment materials. We seek to ensure that our recruitment process does not exclude or disadvantage those who do not have the 'cultural currency' of the institution. In particular, we will seek to ensure that inappropriate weighting is not given to factors such as educational or family background, language style and vocabulary, physical characteristics, behaviours, wealth and other factors creating 'cultural currency', which may serve as proxies for a person's status and hence lead to an advantage that stems from factors unrelated to their potential to do the job that is being advertised.	Aug 26	Associate Director of HR Digital, Systems and Services (Jamie Tennant)	on the website and linked to job specifications.	% F to increase from 40 to 50% BAME F% applications for AHSSBL and BAME %M for P&S roles in line with applications for STEMM roles. >50%
	AG01.03.02 AG01.03.03	role-profiles that ensure essential criteria are actually essential, incorporating best-practice from diversification of workforce.  Adverts to include a clear statement encouraging application even if the applicant feels they do not meet every single one of the requirements perfectly.  Include practical consideration of careerbreaks.		Jul 26 Aug 23 – Jul 24	Associate Director of HR Digital, Systems and Services (Jamie Tennant) OR Head of HR Employment Services	·	% F to increase from 30 to 50% BAME F% applications for AHSSBL and BAME %M for P&S roles in line with applications for STEMM roles. >50%

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			commitment to the Positive About Disability Standards.				
1		Improve inclusion and transparency in the	This action aims to standardise elements of the process that are currently open to unconscious bias e.g., presentations and	Dec 24	Associate Director of HR Digital, Systems and Services	and added to	100% of panellists have completed 'interview process' training.
		mandatory to ensure reduction in bias at interview stage; only allow access to interview panels once engaged with material.	associated questions, feedback to panel chair. Panellist training is mandatory, however there is variation in process across UoN. In addition, there is substantial variation in interview		(Jamie Tennant)	for existing panellists completed.	Panellists' feedback on refresher training is positive (mean Likert score >4/5 for training in 2024-June 2025)
		pulse survey or user feedback form.	processes which can undermine the fairness / equity of the decision-making process by introducing unconscious bias.				
		Conduct a review of interview and shortlisting practice and compliance with best-practice approaches and mandated recruitment panel training, including the prevalence and use of other tools such as presentations.					
		Variances from best-practice to inform the development of additional tools and training, guidance (for panel members and candidates) to improve inclusion.					
1	AG01.05.01	Ensure gender equality and greater job level and ethnic diversity of panels; Capture protected characteristics of panellists and evaluate data.  Enable reporting which supports Faculties to		Aug 24	Associate Director of HR Digital, Systems and Services (Jamie Tennant)	set up and capturing data on all trained panellists and their activity across recruitment.	All panels to have gender- balance with a minimum of 1M, 1F and ethnic representation with a minimum of 1 BAME and 1 white member. For larger panels non-binary, other
		To support this, set up database of trained panellists, providing a pool of panellists from	In addition, there is pressure on minority groups to sit on panels to ensure diversity, the Faculty of Social Science has piloted an approach using a broader		Faculty and School Heads of Operations		gender identities and disabled staff representation included where feasible.

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	AG01.05.03	external support via mentoring and sharing of good practice across UoN.  Embed Faculty of Social Science practice around extending job level eligibility to be a panellist to increase diversity and Faculty of Science database of trained panellists to reduce burden on female staff.	range of staff levels and job families to increase pool trained panellists.	Jan 24 – Dec 24		to improve their	All panels for level 6 and 7 roles have a Chair external to the School or Department.
	AG01.06.02	to ensure criteria for determining starting salaries are fair and able to be consistently applied.  Salary and part-time/job-share discussions to occur after offer so as not to influence decision making.	Currently some applicants negotiate their salary, whilst others shy away from this. In general male, white and those applicants not declaring a disability are more likely to negotiate than female, BAME and those declaring a disability. This can increase the corresponding paygaps.  A survey carried out by the Fawcett Society suggests that 39% of those asked			recruitment materials completed.  Wording around salary range and starting salary is clear in recruitment materials.	EIAs completed. Recruitment materials updated and standardised as appropriate.  An HR representative is present for all discussions.  Discussions are open, transparent and focus on the criteria. All discussions around salary happen after job offer as
	AG01.06.04 AG01.06.05	advertised roles incorporated into recruitment materials.  Links to AG07 Pay and Reward Re-evaluate our approach to job-share to understand whether the current process is working. Develop modified process if appropriate.	about their previous salary admitted to lying! In addition, 61% women who have been asked about salary history say it	Aug 24 –	Head of Employment Shared Services (ESS)	Panel chairs are trained in these new aspects of recruitment.  Process around parttime/job-share discussion and options in place.  Overall impact on reduction of gender	confirmed by Panel Chair and HR panel representative.  100% panel Chairs have completed additional training around salary negotiation process and part-time and jobshare discussion.  Gender and ethnicity median pay-gaps reduced by 0.5% per year from 13.7% and 11.2% respectively.

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1	AG01.07.02	recruitment guidelines and training to build in best-practice advice on mitigating bias in for anonymised shortlisting and to ensure consistency of practice around shortlisting/scoring of essential criteria.  Following roll out of anonymous/criteria-based recruitment for P&S roles, consult and pilot anonymous recruitment for Academic roles and fellowships to remove barriers/mitigate for career-breaks/parental leave.  Intersectional links to: REC Action 04.11.07	been carried out across UoN for vacancies in P&S roles. This followed a successful pilot in the Faculty of Engineering (AS Gold 2019). The process was developed in conjunction with Diversity-by-Design for recruitment for academic roles. Other Schools have also piloted anonymised shortlisting for academic roles, however, there remains	Aug 25 Sept 24 – Sept 25	and Services (Jamie Tennant) AND Researcher Academy Fellowships Manager (Connie Wan)	including representatives from each Faculty.  Tools in place to enable effective anonymous shortlisting for academic roles: e.g. mechanism to assess publications.  Guidance around mitigation for careerbreaks produced.	All panellists complete shortlisting independently via anonymised process, demonstrated by shortlisting data capture. Positive impact on diversity of appointments shows continued narrowing of the pipeline, including:  Mean of 50% F academic staff in post (FoA from 55.2% to 50.2%; FoE +5% from 28.6%; FMHS -5% from 61.9%; FoS +5% from 41.4% and FoSS – 3.7% from 53.7%)  Increase in BAME staff across all job families +3% from 17%, % BME F R&T >10%
Δ	G02: Arr	ival and Induction		,			
	AG02.01.01 AG02.01.02	Provide links to mandatory training and information for newly appointed staff, including personal preferences for selfdeclaration of protected characteristics.  Delivery of corporate face to face induction to	gender (PNTS)	Feb 26	Associate Director of Learning and Development (L&D): (Mark Wright)	place.	Satisfaction with induction increased for non-binary and PNTS staff from 24% to 75% with those strongly disagreeing from all groups reduced to 0%

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		New staff member checklist for PIs/managers of researchers					
2		Carry out consultation around the introduction of a 'new starter' period as a positive step protecting time for role set-up and to create protected time for training and support for new staff. Protected time allocated /captured in workload for first year of post.  Pilot process, modify as required and roll-out.		Feb 26	_	probation period and pilot completed.	If pilot project indicated as being valuable, roll out scheme and all new staff successfully complete.
2		Report and Support, Dignity network, informal and formal staff networks, and wellbeing resources to be included at Induction, including information around reasonable work-based adjustments e.g. around IT, office equipment, timetabling, caring commitments- including for children and adults and flexible-working options.  See also actions around Parental leave/Career-break AG12 and Bullying and Harassment AG09.	3	Feb 26	OPD:	and networks linked in induction material.	100% of staff of all genders agree they are aware of staff networks.  >75% of all staff and students report awareness of Report and Support and agree they would feel comfortable to use it if needed.  100% of staff declaring a disability or with caringresponsibilities agree that their personal circumstances have been accommodated.

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			binary respondents are much lower 20% and 24% respectively).				
2		refresh their knowledge of policies, resources, including support networks (see above), promotion/regrading processes, ADC expectations and ways to report inappropriate behaviour.  Provide prompts and opportunity for Reinduction/refresher as line-management responsibilities evolve, and as staff return from a period of leave.	To ensure the best possible support for		Associate Director of L&D (Mark Wright)	opportunities are linked to ADC.	As above for network awareness.  80% staff of all genders confirm they know where to find resources needed for their role.  100% of staff returning from leave have received a refresher.
2	AG02.05.02	students in the first week of arrival at the University  Evaluate student feedback and amend as necessary. Additional content for future training directed by the content of the Report and Support reports	Support system are students, with the most frequently reported issues sexually and racially motivated. Following online delivery to all undergraduate mobile phones (and mirrored for parents and carers) feedback illustrated the need for	Sept-23 – Oct 25	Report and Support team (Claire Thompson)	and delivered in induction week.  Evaluation complete and changes made if required.	All first-year students receive training.  Positive evaluation of training received, >4/5 Likert scale, for all genders and ethnicities, for 23/24 and 24/25 intakes.

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			either on placements or work experience.				
			Actions in this area address p	riority 3:	Workload		
ΑC	303: Wo		·	<b>_</b>			
3		Implement Workload process review.	Workload is currently reviewed	Sept 23 –	HR Project Manager		Gendered impact of workload
		Evaluate impact of WLM from gender perspective.	retrospectively. 2021 qualitative survey responses on workload indicate	Dec 24	(Vincent Bryce)		is removed measured by mean workload and survey
		Obtain feedback and identify success/failures in the prospective workload model piloting in	dissatisfaction with current high workload. Responses highlight underestimation of time allocation for	Apr 24 – Aug 24	Director of OPD (Helen McNamara)		responses. Mean workload of staff of all
		School of Life Sciences and current model in School of Politics.	tasks, many comments about hidden work, disproportionate and increase in time spent on teaching preparation (M,	nug 24			genders the same. Survey responses indicate
	AG03.01.03	Roll out prospective workload model modified as appropriate based on pilots' feedback. Evaluating impact from a gender perspective.	admin (W; R&T). 27% respondents to 2021 survey do not feel in control of	Sept 24 – Sept 25			women feel in control of their workload and task prioritisation and that their
		Develop support/guidance and clear expectations to help staff with prioritising	their workload and the prioritisation of tasks within it.  2021: Of those respondents who have a workload model, only 50% agree that	Sept 24 – Sept 25			department allocates it transparently and fairly, >80% agree with no gender/ethnicity differences.
			workload is allocated fairly and transparently				Reduction in staff working more than contracted hours to <10%.
			2021: 42% staff work their contracted hours, an increase from 11% in 2017. This still leaves majority of staff working a few (27%) and many (29%) more than their contracted hours.				>75% contracted hours, 15% a few more <10% many more
		Identify mechanisms to implement widespread introduction of reading/study weeks and other teaching free time, with a view to rolling out alongside curriculum level review of teaching.	Currently some parts of UoN have reading or study weeks. These are beneficial to staff and students, allowing time to focus or take leave to coincide with half terms.	Sept 27	PVC Education and Student Experience (ESE) (Sarah Speight)	impact of research sabbaticals gathered	Staff and students confirm the benefits of the week clear of teaching for catching up on study/coursework and reduction in stress and

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	AG03.02.03	Ensure process and equality of access to Research sabbaticals is shared with staff in ADC.  Carry out evaluation of research sabbatical impact.	enough time on research, especially when working full-time. This disproportionally affects women, in particular academic level 5 and 6. Workload data suggests women have	Jan 24 Jan 26 – Jan 27		ADC materials updated to link to research sabbatical process.	overload. Evidence captured via Student Evaluation of Modules (SEM) and in Learning Community Forums (students) e.g. by addition of a specific question in SEM and via survey responses agreeing that >80% of staff of all genders spend an
		Consult on rollout of team-teaching approach in order to protect time for academics to focus on research/scholarship with a view to incorporate it into revised curricula as they	Qualitative responses to the 2021 survey regarding impact of COVID from Women Academic staff noted increase in	Apr 24 – Sep 27		Consultation complete and recommendations incorporated into	appropriate amount of time on research and teaching preparation.  Increase in number of female staff taking research
		are created.	workload, increase in administration burden, diversion of significant time to teaching from research, lack of access to research and finance, that will have a long-lasting impact on grants, publications, and promotion.				sabbaticals (baseline to be established)
			The first schools to implement curriculum level review of teaching have incorporated shared responsibility for delivery of teaching. This has the potential to allow protected time for individuals by rotating teaching responsibility within the teams.				
3		EDI-related workload, workload of EDI directors and EDI responsibilities to be included in updated job descriptions for senior roles.		Aug 23 – Sep 24	PVC-EDIP (Katherine Linehan)	role descriptions as standard.	Clear recognition of EDI and senior buy-in. % Staff agreeing that workload
	AG03.03.02	AS Challenge & Support team to have formal role descriptions and workload allocation.	2021 quantitative and qualitative survey responses indicate low agreement with respondents able to spend the amount			Challenge & Support	reflects outreach and civic duties >80% for all genders.

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		allocation for outreach in all Faculties.  See also AG03 prospective workload model above	outreach/civic and external citizenship activities.			under leadership agreed.  All EDI roles have appropriate workload allocations.  Outreach and civic duty recognised in workload.	
		and re-grading (all P&S staff) and regarding workload (especially APM) in ADC. See also AG04.  As above ensure outreach activities are		Apr 27	Director of OPD (Helen McNamara)	assessing and modifying P&S staff workload in place.	P&S staff confirm their contributions are recognised and rewarded in qualitative responses.  Reduction in P&S staff disagreeing that work they do more than their contracted hours is noticed and appreciated by their linemanager to <10%.  Reduction in % P&S staff working more than their contracted hours from 48% to < 10%.
3	AG03.05.01	line-manager regarding requests for teaching- free days/late starts for caring- responsibilities, term-time load.	Workload survey responses indicate high workload, too little time spent on research, and too much time on teaching preparation especially for women in Faculties of Arts and Social Sciences. Whilst plans for restructuring of degrees and associated teaching may reduce the teaching overload pressure, this will take time and new courses will require additional preparation.	Aug 24	(HoSs) and Directors of Teaching and	Standardised process in place for all academic / teaching staff.	As above

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		Actions i	n this area address priority 4:	Support	and Developm	ent	
Α	G04: Car	eer-development/training needs					
4	AG04.01.02	workload is often cited as a reason not to. Where training is essential/central to development of the University's values and supporting the embedding of EDI and lived- experience, completion to be incorporated into ADC as mandatory.  Where beneficial but not as crucial, ADC discussions should flag it and encourage participation.  Link to AGO3 and AGO6.	Workload responses 2021: Respondents are not spending enough time on career-development, with women more impacted than men. Lowest agreement scores are for Academic staff job family, job levels 5 and 6 women. Qualitative responses highlight line-manager support for training and development but little protected time to engage with it.  Qualitative responses indicated the need for more training and development targeted for colleagues at later career stages.	Aug 25	Associate Director of L&D (Mark Wright)		All staff complete all mandatory training as confirmed via ADC forms.  Survey responses indicate that ADC supports career-development. Increase for L5 and L6 academic to bring %F agreeing in-line with %M and >60% with <10% disagreeing across all genders and job families.  Workload responses indicate staff agreeing they spend the right amount of time on career-development >60% with <10% disagreeing across all genders and job families.
4	AG04.02.02	and changes in culture.  Increase awareness of/data capture/evaluation of training opportunities- All staff to have a training portfolio and the collection of training and development link to ADC AG05 and Intersectional link to REC Action 4.12.05	itself as a Learning Organisation. As part of this process we are using a Five Competencies Framework.  There is no systematic University wide system for dentification of training needs.	Sept 23- Aug 26.		place and linked with ADC.	Survey respondents selecting less favourable treatment and impact on career-progression due to gender reduced from ~19% to <5%.
		Embed timely identification and awareness of training/development opportunities—i.e.	13-19% respondents to AS 2021 survey note that people are treated less				

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		Report and Support, Dignity, wellbeing, trans awareness) as part of organisational and cultural development.  Links with AG03	favourably and their career progress limited because of their gender, age, ethnicity, sexual-orientation (non-binary 15% others <=4%), pregnancy/having taken maternity leave (higher for women) and whether they have caring-responsibilities. This action aims to ensure links with protected time and workload management to facilitate engagement with training/development opportunities.				
4	AG04.03.02	Service Team needs and linked with Faculty and Service plans. Intersectional links to REC Action 4.12.02  Data and evaluations used to inform new training/development requirements. Intersectional links to: REC Action 4.12.02			, , ,	training uptake	As above improved survey responses re training and development.
4	AG04.04.02	senior and junior colleagues (for example more senior colleagues buddy-up with junior colleagues to support their research applications, but that income KPI is shared) Intersectional links to: REC Action 4.05.4.1  Make more of legacy and knowledge from		Aug 26.	(Helen McNamara) Alumni and Emeritus networks	colleagues, emeriti and alumni created.	Evaluation of publication data show women have produced equivalent numbers/quality of papers to male colleagues at the same level.

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		Update central mentoring resources to include details/links to information about School and faculty level schemes and options for mentoring and coaching. Links with career-development AG04.  Intersectional links to: REC Action 1.04.04b  Links with research sabbaticals and workload management (AG03) and improved promotion support (AG07).					
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4	AG05.01.02 AG05.01.03	EIA carried out to assess impact and equity of recommendations.  Improved process run and feedback and	since 2017 for most genders, however, approximately 20-50% of respondents do not agree with the ADC statements. The proportion disagreeing	Aug 26 Oct 24 Sep 25 –	Director of OPD (Helen McNamara)	paperwork and links to staff record in place. EIA complete and adjustments made as appropriate.	Proportion of staff agreeing with ADC statements regarding useful discussion of career-progression aspirations, development needs, workload and promotion options increase to >75% for all genders from ~20% (PNTS) / ~45% (man, woman, non-binary)
4	AG05 03 01	ADC training mandatory for all reviewers	As with regruitment, there may be	Jan 25 –	Director of OPD	Interim evaluation completed and any changes to process of materials made.	
4		Training and associated guidance to include awareness raising of gendered differences in approach to career-development and promotion (i.e. women tend not to apply until over-ready, men tend to apply even if not	As with recruitment, there may be gendered barriers to asking about promotion or re-grading at ADC (women postdocs are less likely to ask about development opportunities and career-development), hence these conversations need to be guided by the	May 25		associated guidance materials developed.	Data on training uptake confirm all reviewers and all reviewers and all reviewees have completed training.  Increase in proportion of female staff successfully

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		As appropriate, training incorporates EDI considerations, including for gender, ethnicity and disability. Training ensures reviewers understand mitigations for career-breaks, part-time working and other factors so that reviewers are aware of what it is to be promotion ready and/or requirements for role-regrading so they can support reviewees. Intersectional links to: REC Action 1.06.02b	reviewer. This will require training to ensure an equitable experience for all reviewees.  Crucially the mean length of time in post before a successful promotion application is 0.5 years lower for both women (6.5 years) and men (6.8 years) compared to those who are unsuccessful (7.0 and 7.3 years respectively). This potentially indicates that some colleagues are not getting support, leading to a longer time to apply and a				applying for promotion from X to Y Improved survey responses as AG06.01 above.
4	AG05.03.02	Ensure effective discussion and identification of training needs, workload, promotion plans, and creation of personal development plans.  Role-specific training needs identified,	less positive outcome when they do. Quantitative data from 2021 survey	Feb 24 – Aug 28	,	Personal development plans in place for all staff below L7.	Improvement in survey responses as AG06.01 above
		Links to: Concordat action E7 and AG03 around promotion/sabbaticals for academics research/teaching).	Survey of fixed-term postdoctoral research staff in SoLS in 2021 highlighted the dependency on reviewer with respect to ADC experience with the ADC conversation leaning towards appraisal (past performance), rather than personal and professional development, with a reviewer/reviewee dynamic not conducive to discussing developmental needs especially if reviewer was PI of grant the reviewee was employed on.		Associate Director of L&D (Mark Wright)		Responses to CEDARS and AS survey show positive satisfaction in the quality of discussion and positive impact on time spent on career-development from 42% to > 90% (ref measure in E7)
4		Embedding best-practice from local activities and pilots on embedding values and behaviours at ADC as part of the broader			(Helen McNamara)	_	Clear, inclusive meeting guidance in place for all University-led events.

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	AG05.04.02	Intersectional links to: REC Action 01.06.06  As part of broader cultural development consult with organisers and participants of University and sector events. Consider incorporating meeting/conference guidance similar to the Physics code of conduct in all UoN events.	experienced bullying and harassment in the previous 12 months of the survey. Values higher for respondents identifying as BME, non-binary, PNTS, or have a disability.  AS 2021 quantitative survey indicates low agreement with satisfaction of how bullying and harassment is addressed for non-binary and those respondents PNTS.  Finance & Infrastructure have carried out a pilot on embedding values and behaviours at ADC. Physics created a code of conduct for their PGWiP Conference. This was based on similar codes of conduct being used across the Astronomy field. It focuses on inclusivity, dignity and respect for all participants, by all participants.			Feedback from participants and organisers captured and analysed	Feedback from attendees via post-event survey/feedback forms confirms they are able to be their authentic selves and that they have not experienced any discrimination or witnessed any inappropriate behaviour during the event. >90% satisfaction.
5	AG05.05.02	Promotions criteria modified to include clear recognition of EDI activity and leadership at different levels.  NRS examples created to illustrate how different EDI activities are recognised.  Promotions, ADC and NRS guidance and training for panels and reviewers updated to ensure all are aware.	2021 AS survey: 30% agreement with statement that EDI is recognised and rewarded	promotions policy Aug 24 – July 25	Deputy Director of HR (Helen Dunn) Learning and Development Team	application forms and guidance rolled out. NRS examples available and shared with staff	Successful promotions of staff that include recognition of EDI in their activities.  NRS rewards demonstrate recipients are recognised for EDI work.  Survey responses indicate >80% staff of all genders and all roles agree that EDI is recognised and rewarded.

.4:.0:.0	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome			
Δ	G06: Research staff on Fixed term contracts									
4		Intersectional links to: REC Action 4.10.3  Links to AG04 Wellcome REC-HURDLEs application	languages). In addition, where Unitemps has been used for some fixed-term contracts staff report issues with payment process. In many cases there is clear justification for short-term roles, but this is not always the case. These contracts disproportionately affect BAME women (DATA). Women have disproportionately (~10%) more fixed-term, part-time contracts than men in		,		Reduction in fixed term contracts to <10%  Reduction in BAME F proportion of Unitemps fixed-term contracts to X%  Fixed-term, part-time roles to be in line with gender/ethnicity proportions of the relevant staff group.			
4	AG06.02.02	Transparent and improved mechanisms for recognising the role researchers play in doctoral supervision through increased awareness and appointment to 'Assistant Supervisor' role. To include guidance and standardised template for HoS to appoint	APM and TS roles. The current guidance for the WLM states that all level 4 staff who deliver teaching should have this captured in a workload allocation. However, Faculties vary in their application of this and it tends to only include Teaching Associates/Assistants who are on T&CL contracts, not R staff / postdocs who often supervise UG and PG students in the lab. Our previous action around this issue (AS23) was not completed, in part due to a lack of mechanism to capture and recognise this activity.	Dec 24		research staff have a	All Research staff confirm via survey that any teaching they do is recognised.			
4		University project if funding application	The precarity of fixed-term employment has negative impact on the mentalhealth and personal circumstances particularly of ECRs. Data show that between 50% of FTC and 75% PWUF	Dec 25	Researcher Academy (Lucy	completed and	Reduction in FTCs and PWUF contracts. No difference in proportion of FTCs/PWUF contracts for			

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			contracts were extended, suggesting alternative employment models could be justified. This particularly impacts on BAME researchers who are significantly more likely to be on a FTC/PWUF contract.		Deputy Director of HR (Helen Dunn)		different gender/ethnicity intersectional groups.
4	AG06.04.02	Research Culture action plans. Comparative analysis of AS and Research Culture surveys to ensure we are addressing any gendered issues and issues around fixed-term contracts.	Quantitative responses from AS 2021 survey indicate while 66% respondents say the University is an enjoyable place to work, 36% respondents say the	Aug 28	and APVC Researcher Academy and researcher Career- Development. (Harry Moriarty and Lucy Donaldson)	analysis complete, issues identified Focus groups held. Issues fed into AG10.	Survey responses show reduction in those finding research culture aggressive to <5% of all genders/ethnicities and an increase in those indicating that the University is an enjoyable place to work to >90% % of all genders/ethnicities.  Fixed-term contracts are in proportion to staff gender make-up.
		Actions	in this area address priority	5: Promo	tion/Progression	on	
A	G07: Pro	omotion/Progression					
5	AG07.01.02	promotions process. Introduce streamlined paperwork and associated guidance and increase the transparency and fairness around the process. Ensure clarity of promotion documents around pro-rata promotion criteria.  Share case studies and clarity of documents especially for part-time staff (majority of whom are women, although there has been some increase in the proportion of male part-	receiving support and encouragement to apply for promotion, only 24% women agree with the statement that the			guidance created and in use.	Survey responses demonstrate improvement in staff experience: Proportion of staff agreeing that promotion is transparent and fair increases from between 14% (PNTS) and 36% (Men) to >60% for all genders. Those disagreeing reduced from 27% to <10% for all genders and in all Faculties.

Priority	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
		• •	access to career-development opportunities and access to additional support to undertake your role.  Quarter of respondents think it takes longer to progress if working part-time or flexibly, although improved values from 2017. More part-time academic and research staff are women (62.1%F, Fig. A2.16, conversely more male staff and a higher proportion of male staff are full-time Figs.A2.15 and A2.36-38. Some increase in part-time over period.			and shared with staff.	Increase in staff agreeing they have access to career-development opportunities and additional support to undertake their roles from <50% to > 80% for all genders
5/ 7		Ensure awareness and utilisation of flexible- working contracts, including understanding agile/hybrid/flexible, informal and formal working.	Our 2021 survey contained some positive qualitative comments relating to maintaining flexible-working as a legacy of COVID to enable flexibility and manage stress.		Deputy Director of HR (Helen Dunn)		Survey responses indicate in increase in staff feeling supported to work flexibly from 59% to 80% for all genders and job families
		Training for managers around flexible- working, and what discretion and flexibility line-managers can give if asked about flexible- working arrangements in post/at recruitment.	The average time to promotion is faster for part-time academics and pro-rata			and completed by all managers with responsibility for dealing with flexible- working requests.	
		possible Link to AG01 and explicit advertising of flexible-working possibilities.	aware of the flexible-working options. In addition, job-share role numbers are static and 2021 qualitative responses from women indicate pressure to work			Case studies created and shared	
		Roll out Agile working framework.	full-time, especially for promotion.			Agile-working framework rolled out.	
5		Strengthen ADC discussion of promotion, to be a point raised by the reviewer, to alleviate any barriers of the reviewee asking.	,, ,,	Sept 25	HR Business Partners FPVCs/HoOs	forms to require	Analysis of ADC forms indicates all staff for who promotion is relevant (R, R&T

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	AG07.03.02 F	following the introduction of ADC, a Promotion Journey' to be developed which an be triggered by the employee / ecommended by the line-manager to provide urther information on the promotion process and support available. ADC forms indicating an interest in promotion trigger direct esponse with details relevant to the promotion Journey e.g. details about promotion workshops, criteria and mentors/coaches who might support. earning and Development team provide	promotion. This was highest for women and PNTS, with only a small increase in respondents receiving support and encouragement to apply. There are various mentoring/coaching schemes across UoN, however there is no systematic mechanism for making staff aware of support that might be appropriate for them. This results in a varied experience, dependent largely on who they know or their line-manager and the knowledge of those contacts.  Female re-grading success-rate lower than for men (Table A2.48-50))			promotion in place.  Central resource that links the various School/Faculty level mentoring and coaching schemes	and T&CL) have discussed their options.  Survey responses for all staff indicate 100% receiving support/ encouragement (requires a proportionally larger improvement for women and PNTS staff).
5	p	oathway (see Technician Commitment ommission document) including job level 7 lescriptors/criteria for TS job family.			Director of Technical Strategy (Kelly Vere) Director of OPD (Helen McNamara)	Level descriptors and	First level 6 and 7 TS promotions by 2024/25

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			Data show a leak in Technical Services pipeline for women at levels 4 and 5 from 51%F at level 3 to 30%F (L4) and 27%F (L5)(Figure A2.40).				
	AG07.05.02	EDI and personal tutor role/responsibilities.  See also AG03 workload and AG09 Wellbeing.  Review promotion criteria to ensure that promotion recognises excellence in delivering on the University values as well as excellence in teaching and research (the former addressing the gender bias that currently exists in the promotion process).	cultural or wellbeing focus are vital to our success as a University and central to delivering our values. Both in terms of supporting our staff and students to achieve their very best and in ensuring all can bring their authentic selves to work and study without fear of disadvantage or discrimination. Visibility of EDI roles / personal tutor roles / other additional activities of civic/community value are often roles carried out by women. They require specific skill sets and take large amounts of time. For too long those who prioritise other elements of their job (e.g. research) gain promotion, whilst those who carry out	Aug 26  New criteria go live 2024/25	PVC-EDIP (Katherine Linehan)	promotions materials	First promotions for staff where EDI /Senior Tutor and/or pastoral skills form part of their successful application by 2026.
	ACO7 OC 01		other roles may struggle to find time to fulfil the quite focussed activities required within promotional criteria.	NA 24	Discrete of ODD	S	Lucas ADC
5		opportunities for development activities and secondment roles to help P&S staff develop.		May 24 – Aug 28	Director of OPD (Helen McNamara)	opportunities advertised to all P&S	Improvement in ADC responses with 75% agreeing that their career progression and aspirations are usefully
		ADC conversations capture aspirations for career progression and identify appropriate	success-rates (A2.53) are lower than those for male colleagues (79.72% versus 97.87%) and for TS (A2.54,			Regrading standardisation	discussed at ADC (up from 59% APM, 48% TS and 46% O&F). Regrading success increases.
		applications to understand the differences in	96.8%M, 96.6%F). AP.52 illustrates internal applicants are more likely to be appointed than external, although far			Baldanice available.	negrading success increases.

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5	AG07.07.01	Create regrading standardisation guidance for staff involved in applications.  Links with AG05.03.01  Extend review to investigate intersectional disparity in graduation attendance, identifying causes and possible solutions.  Provide financial support for free Graduation to estranged and care-experienced students.  Introduce a Relaxed Graduation for neurodiverse students.	redeployment applications.  This links with concerns regarding (primarily research) staff on fixed-term contracts. For both P&S staff and fixed-term staff AG06/07 aims to address the issues around limited career-progression and insecure contracts.  A review of graduation attendance led	•	PVC ESE (Sarah Speight)	Review completed additional causes noted and solutions in place. Relaxed and free graduation options in	Regrading success for women increases to be in-line with male and >90%  All students who wish to are able/comfortable to attend graduation, as confirmed by post-graduation feedback >4/5 on Likert scale with no difference in mean scores for students identifying as neurodiverse.
5	AG07.08.02	learnings from FMHS ESE Research Assistants shared with all teaching staff.  Following curriculum transformation role out in pilot Schools, assess impact of changes to awarding-gaps.	Degree-awarding analysis identifies multiple awarding-gaps, including a 6.6% gender-gap in favour of women. Interestingly gaps tended to close during COVID. This may provide insights into elements of assessment processes differentially affecting particular groups, as changes in assessment type were	Oct 24	PVC ESE (Sarah Speight) Faculty ESE Leads Degree Leads	reports from ESE Ras	Gender awarding-gaps eliminated. Reduction >2% year-on-year between 2024 and 2026.

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	AG07.08.04		Work in the FMHS has included the creation of an Inclusive Curriculum			Community of Practice in place.	
		Actions in	this area address priority 6: I	Pay, Reco	gnition and Re	ward	
A	308: Pay	y and reward					
6	AG08.01.02 AG08.01.03	The outcome of the review is to ensure equity across job families/levels/gender; consistency across Schools, Faculties, and job families.  Develop and promote a range of case studies which help improve understanding of the types of performance and behaviours which	illustrated low applications in support of fixed term research staff and academic staff nominations. For staff at lower levels, feedback indicates that staff are unclear how they can go above and beyond.  When the NRS was launched, access to additional in-scale increments was removed. Staff instead are eligible to be		Pay and Reward	and widely available on SharePoint and in training materials.	Analysis of NRS recipients indicates recipients are proportional for gender, ethnicity, disability across all job families and levels.

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		now enabled a greater NRS pot to be achieved which would facilitate more opportunity for exceptional contribution to be recognised  Intersectional links to: REC Action 01.06.06	maximum they are then eligible to be nominated for a consolidated increment where exceptional sustained performance is demonstrated (including demonstration of the University values). The intention of the change was to give greater flexibility in the reward budget available which should be able to grow over a number of years due to removal of additional consolidated increments. A review of the impact on available budget is now required to consider if the pot in local areas can be widened to recognise more instances of exceptional performance where they are demonstrated.				
6		recognise/reward teams. Case studies of team nominations to be developed to help broaden awareness of the range of ways the NRS can be used.  Intersectional links to: REC Action 01.06.05		Dec 24	Pay and Reward	analysed to identify baseline for R&T team awards.	Increase in the number of team-based NRS nominations received from R&T areas +25% year-on year from 2025 – 2028 or until on a par with P&S teams.
6		professorial banding process, triennial review process and Professorial Level 7 Pay Progression Scheme to establish whether proactive application of this new approach to level 7 pay banding is having a positive impact on the promotion and pay of staff with protected characteristics.	aimed at improving gender equality and as such we would expect should have a positive impact on the Gender Pay-Gap. Analysis of our data on bonus pay-gaps	•	Pay and Reward	in place which enable measurement of initiatives on Gender Pay Gap	Gender Pay Gap reduced year on year. By 2028 the gap has closed to <10% and bonus pay gap (excluding clinical academics) <1%.  REC has targets for ethnicity pay gaps.

:	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
		Salary Guidelines evaluate impact on gender pay-gap to establish if any course corrective action is required.  2 years after launching case studies to support understanding of application of the NRS evaluate impact on bonus pay gaps	numbers of men and women receiving bonuses are almost equal 0.1% difference as a proportion of the staff of the two genders. Our mean gender pay gap has remained the same over the last year, although the median gap has decreased by 45. In contrast the ethnicity pay-gaps have increased by 4.6 and 9.0% respectively due to increased employment of BAME staff in lower paying roles and highest turnover at L4 (median pay level tends to occur here, new staff tend to start at bottom of the level).				
6		the promotion pay-gap still exists. If so, create a mitigation process to close it.	l ·	Sep 27		Analysis complete.  If required process to address it agreed and implemented.	Promotion pay gap eliminated.

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	Actions in this area address priority 7: Working Environment											
A	609: We											
7	AG09.01.02 AG09.01.03 AG09.01.04	understanding of Report and Support to align with staff, comms piece around reporting and consequence, whilst continuing to maintain and increase student confidence in using it. Support for those staff wishing to report. Intersectional links to: REC Action 01.03.05  As for leavers, clear process to protect anonymity/GDPR agreement in place for agreement to share details. Intersectional links to: REC Action 01.03.02  Additional training added to that already available for Dignity Advisors, complaints investigation, for the support team to facilitate mitigation/intervention as appropriate.  Enhanced bystander training developed and rolled out.  Create central repository of useful/effective internal and external training interventions to shared best-practice across UoN and beyond.		Sept 24		Process in place.  Additional training/guidance and training repository available and in use.  Bystander training included in mandatory training set.	Report & Support reports from staff increase in-line with proportions indicating they have witnessed or experienced B&H.  100% of those experiencing bullying feel empowered and supported to report (variation to existing survey question).  100% staff and students have completed bystander training by 2026.  90% survey responses indicate they are satisfied with how B&H are dealt with (higher increase for women and non-binary)					
			level across UoN, however other areas are often not aware and spend time recreating or trying to identify trainers.									
7		Introduction of UoN-wide approach to having open and supportive conversations, to	While positive responses have increased,	Oct 23 – Dec 24			Numbers of staff agreeing they are confident to ask for mental health and wellbeing support					

Driority	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
		other personal or difficult topics.  Consult with Staff Networks to gain additional insights and to enhance dissemination of approach.	recognised and supported at this University. 19% of respondents disagree.			Open and supportive conversations approach developed and rolled-out	>80% of all genders and identities. Staff disagreeing that work-related mental health is recognised and supported reduced to <5%.
7		upskilling/taking these roles seriously and to be in promotion criteria.  Links with AG05 Promotion.		Aug 27		I T	First successful promotions including those who are effective tutors

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7		training for supporting students. Update Researcher Academy Supervisory training on recognition of student mental health- learn from best-practice including learning from BBSRC welfare officers in supporting student wellbeing.			Fisher)	Updated training/guidance produced and shared with all supervisors/prospective supervisors.	Student survey responses indicate they are well-supported; have someone they are comfortable talking to around mental health and wellbeing and know where to go to get additional support/adjustments for their studies.
7	AG09.05.02 AG09.05.03	Gynaecological and Reproductive Health  Work with Task and finish groups (focus groups: Menopause, menstruation and miscarriage) looking at best and emerging practice within and beyond HE and look at how we can harness internal expertise effectively to support the following areas: Awareness and education, line-manager training, policy development, and support and adjustments.	support for those experiencing symptoms of the menopause. This has been identified as age discrimination. There has been a sea-change in this area, with conversations happening and support and guidance being more widely shared. Feedback from International Women's Day attendees suggest there is much more needed.  Padlet responses from International Women's Day identified a number of issues/conditions that could be better	Dec 23	Theme Leads	Working Group established and operational.	Staff responses indicate there is someone they can talk to about Gynaecological and Reproductive Health.

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	AG09.05.04 AG09.05.05	menopause as one of 6 absence reasons.  Ensure all line-managers are familiar with the menopause guidance produced by Amanda Griffiths (Section 3, Table 3.1) and are equipped to have conversations with staff around support required.  Develop forum to influence and learn from	Industry reviews/reports illustrate 10- 40% women leave, or consider leaving, work due to menopausal symptoms,	Jan 24 – Dec 26	HoOs	place	Staff are using the menopause as one of the reasons for absence.  Lack of support for Gynaecological and Reproductive Health is not a reason any staff give for deciding to leave UoN (Link to AG09).  Our practice is informed and updated following interactions with businesses, universities and other bodies across Nottinghamshire.
		ality at work					
	AG10.01.02	are and how we serve them best. Carry out focus groups to gain insights into areas of concern/issues. Employ an intern to analyse data.  DTS to undertake a review of integrations which use name and surname in order to develop a plan of continuous improvement to minimise the risk of deadnaming via University systems.	To embed support for our trans staff and students it is vital we are aware of activities, facilities and processes that may be leading to lack of inclusivity.  The University has a complex systems structure with systems owned locally and centrally. Whilst the new HR system delivered by the Digital Core project will reduce the risk of dead naming for systems that it directly integrates with there are many systems in use which do not have a live integration through which the risk will continue. To mitigate	Jan 24 – Sep 29	LGBTQIA+ Theme Leads Director of Digital and Technology Services (DTS)	Data collection and analysis complete. Focus groups held. Review completed.	Feedback from LGBTQIA+ staff and students confirm that they feel supported and the systems support reporting of their name in line with their needs.

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			this risk, a strategic approach to reviewing central and local systems structure and integrations is required to steadily assure ourselves that this risk is being reduced.				
7		what professional development needs we have. All student-facing staff to receive trans awareness training. Training to be co-created and co-delivered with LGBTQIA+ students.		Sep 23 – Jan 24	LGBTQIA+ Theme Leads	rolled-out.	Pulse survey confirms LGBTQIA+ students, particularly those identifying as Trans), feel comfortable and supported to be their authentic selves at UoN. Student-facing staff confirm they are well-equipped to support LGBTQIA+ students.
7		the scope, value and infrastructure of the dignity advisors.	Our Dignity Advisors are an important support group.  44% of respondents are aware of the Dignity network. Of those who are aware, majority (90%) of respondents have not spoken to an advisor, but those who had found it useful.	Sep 24	HR (Helen Dunn)	agreed.	Increase in awareness to >75% responses, proportional for gender, ethnicity, job family and level,  Continue high satisfaction rates.
7	AG10.04.02	voice and being comfortable speaking up. Identify/agree a training approach that is likely to be most effective.  Roll out bystander training for staff and students. This will link to actions on Open Conversations	comfortable speaking up, value lower for women, non-binary and PNTS respondents.  33% respondents agree with the statement that they have a voice and can be heard at this University, (with some faculties lower than this average). Overall, 33% of respondents disagree with the statement, with values higher	Dec 24		completed.	Training data indicate 100% staff and students have completed Bystander Training by Dec 26.
				Jan 25 – Dec 26			

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			Bystander training is offered as an online course and has been completed by some staff and students. Some areas have also received training from a Bystander Training Company.				
7		action plans as required, disseminating information through the networks on University policy, guidance and opportunities, to improve visibility of these among protected groups.	progress in embedding EDI and supporting all staff-and students, it is clear that information is not reaching all	Aug 28	PVC-EDIP Associate Director of OPD (Claire Jaggar)	include opportunity for reporting on network actions.	Increase in respondents confirming they know where to find information to >95%. Note this requires a proportionally larger increase for Non-binary and PNTS respondents.
		agement - checking in on progre	<u> </u>			T	
	AG11.01.02	non-completion of surveys and to identify mechanisms to address these.  Review the survey calendar including School/Faculty-level surveys to ensure that	experience, insight and concerns it is important to gather and analyse staff opinion. However, many staff (and students) do not respond to surveys. There may be several reasons for this	Oct 24 April 24- June 24	PVC-EDIP Associate Director of OPD (Claire Jaggar) Planning,	and insights captured. Survey calendar created and populated with staff	Increase survey response rate from 35% to 75% including representative proportions of less represented groups.  Positive improvement in agreement scores for NB and PNTS respondents across the
		timing and targeting of different surveys is	any change, fear that doing so will result in any change, fear that they will be identified and this may have negative		Performance and	•	survey to be in line with

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	AG11.01.03 AG11.01.04 AG11.01.05	group.  Undertake an Institutional AS Survey.  Mindful of survey fatigue, and informed by the 'survey calendar' review, institutional surveys will include job-family specific	People & Culture Surveys appear to have had positive impact on completion rates. We made the decision not to run CEDARS this year as many of the questions were mirrored in the AS and People and Culture Surveys.	April 25	ISAT Co-Chairs	AS survey complied and run.  Results analysed and shared with staff groups as appropriate.	responses from men and women.
	AG11.02.01 AG11.02.02	See also AG11.04.01 Support analysis and capture of data from departmental surveys as AS applications are written. Supporting and rewarding those who lead departmental applications to be highlighted in communications.	different experiences across the University. Whilst EDI activity is recognised via buy-outs, in workload,			are fed into University-level associated actions and developments.  Best-practice and success celebrated and shared.	Increased awareness of EDI activity, recognition and support across all staff groups and all areas as evidenced by survey responses: increase in reporting that workload model reflects citizenship activities from 38% to >80% %, and positive qualitative responses received.  Positive impact seen in responses from NB and PNTS respondents that University leadership genuinely supports gender equality from 40% to >80%.

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7		Analysis of survey responses from trans and non-binary staff, staff identifying as LGB or other minority sexual orientation or gender identity where data collected can be shared. getting to know trans colleagues and who they are and what they need).  Support outcomes and actions from the	numbers of staff and students who identify as LGBTQIA+ they often indicate poorer quality experiences than those not identifying as LGBTQIA+. It is vital we understand and address issues leading to these experiential differences.		Leads	analysed. Insights fed into co- creation of support and changes to lived- experience.	Survey responses from LGBTQIA+ staff and students no longer stand out as more negative than those of other groups, but instead are aligned (or even more positive) than others. Gender and intersectional
		institutional surveys performed in 2024: the HE sector-wide CEDARs and PRES.		Aug 28	and Development Manager Researcher Academy	action plans, all outputs and milestones	equality of experience across our student body as indicated by survey responses which do not differ by protected characteristic.
7		Work with SU to perform University wide undergraduate survey to benchmark student experience.  Results shared with Faculties, Campus Life		·	Researcher Academy SU Liberation officer	run.	Survey analysis provides useful insights for improving student experience
	AG11.03.02	and ESE Teams	opportunity to listen and respond to student feedback and concerns.				
7		Chemistry, with a view to expanding to other Faculties and create links with the University network.	Some areas of the University have formed LGBTQIA+ networks locally, for example Psychology and Chemistry have a joint one that they are expanding to include the rest of the FoS.  School of Psychology offer rainbow office hours for students to talk to staff members who self-identify as members	Jun 25	Psychology (Claire Gibson). LGBTQIA+ Theme Leads and EDI- Coordinators	experience captured and shared with other Faculties via	Best practice shared across UoN. Staff/students identifying as LGBTQIA+
	AG11.06.03	PGs). Share best practice across UoN.  Assess experience of students using rainbow office hours via focus groups.	of the LGBTQ+ community.			<b>д</b> ээсээси.	

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		Actio	ons in this area address priori	ty 8: Leav	ers/Returners		
A	<b>312:</b> Par	ental leave/Career-breaks					
8		parental leave, support of returners via the development of a Returners to Work Scheme aimed at facilitating returners getting back 'up-to-speed' over a period of 6 months.	Quantitative and qualitative responses in the AS 2021 survey demonstrated increase in major challenges when returning to the University, which has increased for women and reduced for men.		·	-	Survey responses are positive confirming challenges on return decrease from 37% to <5% for women and from 13% to <5% for men.
		to ensure they remain sector-leading in terms of paid provision, support to return to work and inclusive language.	Qualitative survey responses illustrated an increase in challenges relating to role and workload faced by women returning to role after maternity leave				
		for up to 6 months. This would link with ensuring adequate maternity cover for the period surrounding parental leave, as well as				Policy in place.	100% Returners confirm
	AG12.01.04	Should feasibility indicate a formal reduction in hours is not practical revisit AG03 with a view to protecting time via workload.	about returning to work part-time but to a 100% + workload, the expectation to return 'hitting the ground running', pressure to work full-time especially for promotion, financial pressure to return from maternity leave earlier than			Training developed.	workload manageable.
		confidence and re-learn skills, coaching on return and the visibility of a range of people who have taken leave, illustrated by case studies and links with the Parents Network, parents in Science and other appropriate groups.	wished, returning to a changed job role and returning to a role at a lower level to the one they left in order to manage workload and balance	24	Gender Equality Theme Leads (Precious Taylor and Rachel Van Krimpen)		Feedback from training,
	AG12.01.06						mentoring and other support

Priority	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
	AG12.01.07	include support from older women with children, and/or sponsorship.  Create a programme run collaboratively with	provision via the UoN nursery as well as linking with external providers based on our campus. These providers offer flexibility for part-time care, however this still has a significant cost, adding to the pressure to work longer hours.		Associate Director of OPD (Claire Jaggar)	support pool created. Programme designed and running	
	AG12.01.08	Consider increasing commitment to Daphne Jackson Fellowships which support fellows who have taken a career-break.		Sep 25- Sep 26	Researcher Academy Fellowships Manager (Connie Wan)		>2 DJ Fellows supported per year.
	AG12.02.02 AG12.02.03	provision (specifically for the Parenting Rooms) for those returning from maternity leave. Consult with users on identified options/issues and take action as appropriate.  Revise communications around Parenting Rooms to be more inclusive especially of Trans staff and students.	that some rooms were not fit for purpose in terms of size and content. Other feedback suggests that there may be broader uses of the rooms that would benefit parents, disabled and neurodiverse staff/students. Some users found the booking system inhibitory. Some staff do not identify as 'breastfeeding' (they may be pumping to		Associate Director of OPD (Claire Jaggar)	rooms, consulted with users and necessary changes	Feedback from pulse survey shows users are satisfied with rooms and availability options with satisfaction scores >4/5 Likert scale for all users.
	AG12.02.04	Ensure awareness of AccessAble app showing location of rooms.					

Priority	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
		Clear maps created showing locations of quiet spaces, prayer rooms and other EDI facilities/spaces.					
8		handover for parental leave, to ensure maternity cover includes a period of overlap at both ends of the leave period for all parental leavers. All modified provisions communicated to Schools.	Quantitative and qualitative responses in the AS 2021 survey demonstrated increase in major challenges when returning to the University, which has increased for women and reduced for men.  Qualitative responses indicated lack of effective management of maternity cover and handover (W). For academic researchers- loss of technical support while on leave, and time for research on return (W)	Aug 25	Deputy Director of HR (Helen Dunn) HoS/HoO	amended and communicated to School staffing teams	Reduction in women reporting major challenges after returning to work following period of leave from 37% to less than 10 %.  Positive reporting of returning to work following period of parental leave (AS qualitative responses)
A	<b>G13: Lea</b>	vers					
8		roles, is factored into the term of roles, to ensure overlap between incoming/interim and outgoing role holders, and between interim and external appointees, maintaining (not losing) institutional memory, and ensuring continuity.	During the process of reviewing previous action plan, it became apparent that there had been single points of failure where knowledge and action ownership had not been transferred or communicated.  For those returning post maternity	Aug 28	Associate Director HR Business Partnering HoS/HoO	description to	No gaps in continuity for senior leadership roles across AS award period.
	AG13.01.03	Make use of deputy roles as a mechanism for avoiding single points of failure and enhancing institutional memory.  Ensure EDI leads are aware of the Advance HE panel recruitment process, highlight calls for panellists and encourage appropriately	leave, qualitative responses from women indicated lack of effective management of maternity cover and handover. Similarly, for women		AS Leads Chair / Challenge & Support Chair (Tamsin Majerus)		AS Challenge and Support team contains colleagues currently active in AS panels.

	FIIOTILY	Reference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
				research on return with heavy teaching loads.  With specific reference to supporting Athena Swan we have a Challenge & Support Group who carry out internal reviews of AS applications prior to submission. These colleagues are all either currently Transformed Charter Chairs or panellists, or have had extensive previous panel experience. This support has been very positive and we aim to continue to maintain this team with colleagues who are actively involved in Advance HE panels.				AS application submissions maintain current success-rate (100%).
8		AG13.02.02	Develop and launch an e-exit questionnaire process in Digital Core which is triggered for all leavers in the University.  Using appropriate demographic data already held in the system develop anonymised reporting which can be run at a Faculty Level (as well as institutional level) to empower dentification of trends and areas for		Feb 25 – Feb 26	and Services (Jamie Tennant)	interview process and associated form in place.  Annual reporting process in place for all leavers combined and agreed subreports.  GDPR form in use.	All leavers offered the option to complete an exit questionnaire.  Issues identified fed back to UEB, Faculties/ Schools annually.  Issues acted on at School/Faculty /Institutional level as appropriate.  Identified issues followed up
	£	,   	/confirmation of permission to share. Data to be shared and level of sharing as per individual request (University only, Faculty, School, team or group).	interview capture was impacted by COVID-19 and the delay in roll out of new HR system.	Feb 26 –	HR Business Partnering	Reports shared as appropriate.	by Report & Support team within 3 months of leaving date.

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	AG13.02.05 AG13.02.06		practice, and that data is collected in a way that means it is not possible to identify Faculty.				
	AG14.01.01	facilitate delivery of suitable actions identified in this action plan and to facilitate reporting for proactive assessment of impact		Jan 24 – August 26	Director of HR Digital, Systems and Services (Carolyn Stanhope)	Core – Go-live – 2024 E-appraisal process in place Induction journey implemented signposting staff to mandatory training	All new starters and those changing roles (e.g. via redeployment) have an 'Induction Journey'.  Reporting confirms all staff have completed all mandatory training.  Outcomes to actions above requiring DC are reported and meet targets for individual actions.

Driority	Re	eference	Planned Action / Objective	Rationale/Key Issue to be Addressed (i.e. what evidence is there that prompted this action/objective)	Timeframe	Person/team responsible	Key outputs and milestones	Success criteria and outcome
							Exit interview outcomes reporting in place	
8	- AG		process development roadmap.		27	Digital, Systems and Services (Carolyn	· · · · · ·	Continuous improvement in areas enhanced evidenced by lack of issues in system functionality.
7	AG	   (   (	Ensure EIAs are not simply documents that nave considered potential impacts, but more meaningful documents, used to identify areas of equality impact, steer modification /improvements in processes, track, monitor and share best-practice. Identify and fix Ilustrated variation in quality and scope.	EIAs are used across UoN. Some	Aug 25		Repository for EIA in place.	Heads of Operations confirm they have completed local- level EIAs, modified as appropriate from central EIA.
		į	Ensuring a centralised process where all Equality Impact Assessments are submitted and can be reviewed/shared as best-practice.	The Researcher Academy has some excellent examples which could be used to provide models for other areas.			Process for submission/ deposit of all EIAs active	
		514.03.04 <sub>/</sub>	Assessments are a living document to be written prior to need and not reactionary.  A further review is carried out to confirm sharing of best-practice, evidence of changes when equality issues have been identified.				Review completed.	Review confirms sharing of best-practice and identifies evidence of changes, in particular those that have subsequently been shared outside local areas.