Wives, Widows and Wimples Theme 5: Marriage arrangements

Document 1

Mi D 4792: Marriage settlement between Philip Boteler and Isabel Willoughby (6 January 14 Henry VI [1436], English)

Transcript by Kathryn Summerwill, Translation by Kathryn Summerwill, and

Transcript by Kathryn Summerwill. Translation by Kathryn Summerwill and Thorlac Turville-Petre

This endenture made the sext day of Janever the yeere of the regne of Kyng Herry sext the fourtenth bytwyx Sir Hugh Wyllughby of Wollaton knyght on bat one partie and Philip Botiler Squier on þat oder partie Wittenesseth. Where as bargayn toke bytwyx the forseid Sir Hugh and Reynalde Cokayn and oder executours of be Testament of John Cokayn Iustice A relative of the forseide Philip of the Wardeship **and** mariage of be forseid Philip broder **and** heir to Edward Botiler . sonne and heir to Sir Philip Botiler of Watton knyght their fader . in presence of wheche executours and of Sir William Babington knyght chief Iuge of be commone place Surveyour of

pe Testament toforseid . the forseid Sir Hugh promised vn to the forseid Philip if so wer pat he toke to his wyf

Isabelle one of be doughters of be forseid Sir Hugh that then he wolde yeve with here to theyre bother avayle in arrayement of her body and of here

Chaumbre **and** in oder stuffe the value of fyfty marke. And for alsmoche þ**at** þe forseid Philip hath taken þe foreseide Isabell dought**er** of the forseid S**ir** Hugh to his wyf The forseid S**ir** Hugh hath yeven **and** deliu**er**d to the forseid Philip w**ith** the forseid Isabell his dought**er** to ther bother behove

bysyde all**e** here array of here body **and** of here Chaumbre in plate **and** money the value of fyfty marke that is to sey in plate a potte of siluer

couerd and foure couerd peses the which plate weyeth of Troy weght viij pounds ij unces iij quarterns and a half and ii pence weght pryce of be vnce ij shillings viij pence be

somme of the holl value of be plate is xiij pounds iij shillings vj pence. And in money xx pounds iij shillings ij pence. the which plate and money be forseid Philip hath receyved of be forseid Sir Hugh be yeer and day a

This indenture made the sixth day of January in the fourteenth year of the reign of King Henry the Sixth, between Sir Hugh Willoughby of Wollaton, knight, on the one part, and Philip Botiler, esquire, on the other part.

Whereas in an agreement made between the aforesaid Sir Hugh and Reginald Cokayn and other executors of the testament [will] of John Cokayn, Justice, a relative of the aforesaid Philip, relating to the wardship and marriage of the aforesaid Philip (brother and heir to Edward Botiler who was son and heir to Sir Philip Botiler of Watton, knight, their father), in the presence of the executors and of Sir William Babington, knight, Chief Judge of the Common Pleas and Surveyor of the aforesaid testament, the aforesaid Sir Hugh promised to the aforesaid Philip that if it happened that he (Philip) took as his wife Isabelle, one of Sir Hugh's daughters, that then he would give with her to the benefit of both of them, in arrayment of her body and of her chamber, and in other stuff, the value of fifty marks [£33 6 shillings 8 pence], and for as much that the aforesaid Philip has taken the aforesaid Isabelle, daughter of the aforesaid Sir Hugh, as his wife, the aforesaid Hugh has given and delivered to the aforesaid Philip for the needs of both of them besides all her array of her body [clothes] and of her chamber in plate and money to the value of fifty marks, that is to say, in plate: a pot of silver, covered, and four covered pieces, which plate weighs in Troy weight 8 pounds 2 ounces 3 and a half quarterns, and 2 pence weight price per ounce, 2 shillings 8 pence, the sum of the whole value of the plate is £13 3 shillings 6 pence, and in money £20 3 shillings 2 pence, the which plate and money the aforesaid Philip has received from the aforesaid Sir Hugh on the year and day abovesaid. And for as much that the

boueseid. And for alsmoche þat þe forseid Sir Hugh hath deliuerd vn to the forseid Philip ouer þe value of þe plate to foreseid þeremenaunt of þe fifty marke in money to his greete ease and spede in sueing liuere of his landes oute of þekynges handes The foreseid Philip Botiler Squier promised in the presence of þe forseid Sir William Babington Iustice and by this present writeing graunteth to þe forseid Sir Hugh þat

he shall with in thre yeers next folouing the date of this presentes writeng by plate or perle or oder Iuels to the aveyle of hym and the forseid

Isabell his wyf to be value of the remenaunt of the fyfty marke so deliuerd hym in money aboueseid And also be forseid Philip Botiler Squier promised in the presence of the foreseid Sir William Babington Iustice and by this present writeing graunteth þat the foreseid Sir Hugh shall mowe revre all maner of duetes and arrerages of rentes bat aren due vn to hym of alle belandes and tenementz of be forseid Philip Whech the forseid Sir Hugh hadde the Wardeship of by virtue of be letres patentz of kyng Herry sexti to the day of be Writtes of liuere of belandes deliuered vn to be forseid Philip withouten any lateing of be foreseid Philip ore of any oder in his name. In wittenes of wheche promisses the parties aboueseid haue

ynt**er**chaungeable sette to her seals yeven

at Wollaton the yer **and** day aboveseyd.

aforesaid Sir Hugh has delivered to the aforesaid Philip over the value of the plate the remnant of the fifty marks in money to his great advantage and benefit in taking legal action for possession of his lands out of the King's hands, the aforesaid Philip Botiler esquire promised in the presence of the aforesaid Sir William Babington, Justice, and by this present writing grants to the aforesaid Sir Hugh, that he shall within three years next following the date of this present writing by plate or pearls or other jewels to the benefit of him and the aforesaid Isabelle, his wife, to the value of the remnant of the fifty marks so delivered him in money abovesaid. [There may be a word missed out by the scribe, which renders the meaning of the last sentence obscure] And also the aforesaid Philip Botiler esquire promised in the presence of the aforesaid Sir William Babington, Justice, and by this present writing grants, that the aforesaid Sir Hugh shall have power to raise all manner of duties and arrears of rents that are due to him from all the lands and tenements of the aforesaid Philip whom the aforesaid Sir Hugh had the wardship of by virtue of the letters patent of King Henry VI up to the day of the writs of livery [assigning possession] of the lands delivered to the aforesaid Philip, without any hindrance of the aforesaid Philip or of any other [person] in his name. In witness of which promises, the parties abovesaid have jointly set to their seals. Given at Wollaton the year and day abovesaid.

Document 2

Ne D 1903: Copy of an agreement made prior to the marriage of Henry Stanhope and Jane Rochford (28 Sep. 1476, English)
Transcript and translation by Kathryn Summerwill

Thys Indenture mayde att Not**tingham** the xxviij day of September the xvj yere of kynge Edward the iiijth Betwene dame Jane Thyrlande apon the one partye and John Stanhope Esquyer apon the other partye agreed for a maryage betwyx Henry Stanhope Son of the seyd John Stanhope and Jane Recheford latte doughtur to Herry Rechfort Esquyer for wyche maryage the seyd John Stanhope grauntes to the seyd Jane Thyrlande be thes presents that he afor the

This indenture made at Nottingham the 28th day of September in the 16th year of [the reign of] King Edward IV, between Dame Jane Thyrlande on the one part, and John Stanhope esquire on the other part. Agreed for a marriage between Henry Stanhope, son of the said John Stanhope, and Jane Recheford, late daughter to Harry Rechefort esquire, for which marriage the said John Stanhope grants to the said Jane Thyrlande, by these presents [by this deed], that he shall, before the marriage is

maryage solempnised shall make to the seyd Henry Stanhope and Jane Rechford a suffycyante and lauffull Estatte of landes and tenementes to ye yerly valow of xx **pounds** ou**er** all charges to haue to them **and** to the heyres off theyr bodyes lawfully begoten and for defaut of such Ishue to ye heyres of ye body of the seid Henry Stanhop lawfully begoten and for defaute of suche heyres to the Ryght heyres of ye seyd John Stanhope and hys heyres and also the seid John Stanhope grauntes be thes presentes that he wythin a yer after the datte herof shall cause to be mayd to hym **and** to dame Kateryn hys wyffe by dedes endented suffycyant and lawfull estates and other landes and tenementes in Wylloughby Wallesby Kyrton Hoghton and Bughton in the countye of Nottingham to haue to theym for terme of their lyves and to eytheyr of them longer lyffyng wythout impechement of wast the Remaynder therof to the seyd Henry Stanhope and to the heyres mayles of hys body laufully begoten **and** for defaute of syche Isshue the Remaynder therof to the heyres and assygnes of ye seyd John Stanhope and also the seid John Stanhope grauntes by thes presentes that he wyll in the space of ij yer**es** next ensuying the forseid date shall cause to be mayd to hym by dedes indented a suffycyante lawfull estate in other landes and tenementes wyth ye appurtenances in Tuxforde Darleton Tryswell **and** other places in the seid county of Nottingham in fee and in reuersyon wych landes and tenementes Tuxford Darleton and Tryswell and other places wyth the forsayd landes and tenementes in Wyllughby Wallesby Kyrton Hoghton and Boughton wyth theyr appurtenances shall amounte to ye yerly valou of xlvj pounds xiij shillings ouer all charges and Reprises to haue the seid landes and tenementes in Tuxford Darleton **and** Tryswell and other the premyses to the seid John Stanhope terme of hys lyffe wythout impechment of wast the Remaynder of ye seid landes and tenementes in Tuxford Darleton and Tryswell afforsayd to the foresayd Herry Stanhope and Jane Rechford and

solemnized, make to the said Henry Stanhope and Jane Recheford a sufficient and lawful estate of lands and tenements, to the yearly value of £20 above all charges, for them and the heirs of their bodies, lawfully begotten. And for default of such issue [that is, if they have no lawful heirs], to the heirs of the body of the said Henry Stanhope lawfully begotten [for example, from a second marriage], and for default of such heirs, to the right heirs of the said John Stanhope [his next of kin], and his heirs.

Also, the said John Stanhope grants by these presents that, within a year after this date, he shall cause to be made to him and to Dame Katherine his wife, by indented deeds, sufficient and lawful estates and other lands and tenements in Willoughby, Walesby, Kirton, Haughton and Boughton in the county of Nottingham, to have for the term of their lives, and to either of them who lives longest, without impeachment of waste, the remainder thereof [that is, after their deaths it will go] to the said Henry Stanhope and to the male heirs of his body, lawfully begotten, and for default of such issue, the remainder thereof to the heirs and assigns of the said John Stanhope.

And also the said John Stanhope grants by these presents that, within the space of two years next ensuing after the aforesaid date, he shall cause to be made to him, by indented deeds, a sufficient and lawful estate in other lands and tenements, with the appurtenances, in Tuxford, Darlton, Treswell and other places in the said county of Nottingham, in fee and in reversion, which lands and tenements [in] Tuxford, Darlton and Treswell, with the aforesaid lands and tenements in Willoughby, Walesby, Kirton, Haughton and Boughton, with their appurtenances, shall amount to the yearly value of £46 13s 4d, over all charges and reprises. The said lands and tenements in Tuxford, Darlton and Treswell and the other premises [shall be held] to the said John Stanhope, for the term of his life without impeachment of waste. [After his death] the said lands and tenements in Tuxford, Darlton and Treswell aforesaid [will go] to the aforesaid Harry Stanhope and Jane Recheford and to the heirs of the said Harry Stanhope, lawfully

to ye heyres of ye seid Herry Stanhope lawfully begoten and for defaute of suche isshue the Remaynder of ye seid landes and tenementes in Tuxford Darleton and Tryswell and other theyr appurtenaunces to the heyres and assygnes of ye seid John Stanhope for wyche maryage **and** estates apon the partye of ye seid John Stanhope to be performed The seid Jane Thyrland grauntes that as of the goodes of ye seid Jane Rechford and of here owne goodes shall pay to the seyd John Stanhope in mony and plate of syluer at the eleccion of the seid J Stanhope to ye some of CCC markes that ys at the day of the maryage C markes and at the fest of Saynte Martyn in wynter that shalbe in the yer of our lord mille CCCClxxvij C marke and at the fest of saynt

Martyn in wynter that shalbe in the yer of our lord **mille** CCCClxxviij C m**a**rk **and** the seid Jane Thyrland

grauntes to gyff to ye seid Herry and Jane Rechford stuff or plate and howshold in the name of ye chamber to the valou of L marks

ouer the seid CCC markes wythin one yer after ye seid maryage yf ye seid Jane Recford lyff so longe and eyther partye to bere

The costes of ye dener and aparell evenly betwyxe them and the seid John Stanhope grauntes to fynd them ij yeres mett and drynke and chamber and the seid John Stanhope is agreable to be bounden in a statute

agreable to be bounden in a statute marchaunt in agreable som that may be thought by lerned counsell gud to bynd hys heyres for execution of ye seid estates and the seid Jane Thyrland to be bounden for her paymentes and for

performance of ye seid tenementes eyther partye byndes them to other in CCCC markes Acta Sunt hec primo die octobris Anno xvj Edward iiijth

begotten, and for default of such issue, the said lands and tenements in Tuxford, Darlton and Treswell and their appurtenances [will go] to the heirs and assigns of the said John Stanhope.

For which marriage and estates upon the part of the said John Stanhope to be performed, the said Jane Thyrland grants that [out of] the goods of the said Jane Rechford and of her own goods, [she] shall pay to the said John Stanhope in money and plate of silver, at the election of the said John Stanhope, to the sum of 300 marks [£200], that is on the day of the marriage 100 marks, and at the feast of St Martin in Winter [11 November] in the year of our Lord 1477, 100 marks, and at the feast of St Martin in Winter in the year our Lord 1478, 100 marks. And the said Jane Thyrland grants to give to the said Harry and Jane R. stuff of plate and household, in the name of the chamber, to the value of 50 marks over the said 300 marks, within one year after the said marriage, if the said J.R. lives so long. And either party is [that is, both parties are] to bear the costs of the dinner and apparel evenly between them. And the said J. St. grants to find them two years' meat and drink and chamber, and the said John St. is agreeable to be bound in a statute merchant¹ in an agreeable sum that may be thought by learned counsel good to bind his heirs for execution of the said estate, and the said Jane Thyrland to be bound for her payments. And for performance of the said tenements, either party binds them to the other in 400 marks. This happened [the signing of bonds] the 1st day of October in the 16th year of Edward IV.

 See the 'Deeds in Depth' Research Guidance unit for information about what a <u>statute merchant</u> was.

Document 3

MS 66/1: Extract from an extent of the Manor of Langar and Barnstone in Nottinghamshire (c.1340, Latin)

Transcript by Kathryn Summerwill. Translation by Professor L.V.D. Owen, in 'Three Nottinghamshire Manorial Records', *Thoroton Society Record Series* Vol XI, Pt. II (1946)

Tenentes tofftorum in bondagio

¶ Matill**da** de Herdeby ten**et** j tofftu**m** in bondagio et reddit per annum . ij . solidos . vi denarios . terminis ut supra Et dabit auxilium secundum numerum animalium suorum Et deb**et** meterium in Autumpno ad Magna precaria domini cum tota familia excepta . uxore domus Et valet operis illius diei per estimacione ij denarios et habebit j repastum et valet j denarius et sic valet opus illius diei ultra repastam j . denarius. Et dabit pro quolibet pullano mas**culino** . iij . d**enarios** . p**ro** tolleneto Et valet tollenetum per annum . [...] Et dabit pannagium porcorum bis per annum . ut supra et valet pannagium per annum [...] Et dabit Merche

tum et LeyrWytum pro filiis suis.

[Cottars]

Bondage tenants of tofts.

Matillda de Herdeby has 1 toft in bondage and pays 2s 6d per annum at the terms as above [Christmas, Lent, Pentecost and Michaelmas]. And she owes an aid of the above mentioned number of her animals [not specifically mentioned, a sum of money in proportion to the number of animals she owns]. And she owes harvest work in autumn at the chief service of the lord with her whole family except the housewife. And the value of the work of that day shall be assessed at 2d. And she shall have one meal to be valued at 1d. And the afternoon's work shall be valued at 1d. And she shall give as toll for every male foal 4d. The value of this toll per annum is [blank]. And she shall provide pannage for swine twice in the year as stated and the pannage shall be valued at [blank]. And she shall pay merchet and leywrite for her daughters.

Document 4

WLC/LM/6, f.191v, f.193v and f.194v: Heldris de Cornuälle, `Le Roman de Silence', lines 739-759, 1090-1102 and 1261-1274 (early 13th century, French) Transcript by Kathryn Summerwill. Translation by Theresa Tyers

You have often seen

Vos aues ueu bien souent Fu**s et** estoppe . auoec leuent Vienent asses tos a espre**n**dre Que ni estuet ia painne rendre Altre tels est damor lorine Puis q**ue**le aferme une rachine Que puist amans nes tant doter Que lor soit boin doir couter Luns dals alautre cho que fait Tres donques croist lamors a fait Par bien laparolle asseir **Et** par souent entreueir Seplus i a auolente Tant croist lamor plus aplente Car puis que**n** parler ont delit Sicroist lamors moult depetit Por cho que il ensanble soient Mais amaint qui ne sentreuoient **Et** fors salent que dan en an Nont mie dasses tel ahan Que diestre apries et consirrer

How, with the wind, wood and tow¹ Quickly kindles and is soon set alight, That otherwise without trying very hard would never catch fire. In such a way is the origin of Love For as soon as Love's root takes hold, How may lovers really have any doubt That it can only be good for them to hear relate To one another what this thing (Love) (In this way) then their Love² quickly increases By the use of well placed words (And) by seeing each other often. The more that desire is known to be there, Then Love grows more and more. Because in speaking of (this thing) they feel pleasure³ And there, from such small beginnings, grows Love As long as they are together. But lovers who do not meet,

Or merely encounter one another but from year to year, They can never know much of such hardship, Of being so close and yet (having) to abstain.

- 1. The waste remains of flax/hemp for which one of the uses was for sealing between the joints of wood, for example on wooden ships.
- The text gives the plural L' Amors
 Or 'desire'.

Liuns prent lautre par ladestre Et escalfent si del tenir Quil nese pueent abstenir Ne mecent les boces ensa**n**ble Sans dire font si **com** moi sanble Define amor moult bone ensegne Car libaisiers bien lor ensegne **Et** li quil trait paine et martire Et lui quele laime et desire Car nest pas baisier deconpere Demere a fil . defil apere Ainz est baisiers detel sauor Que bien sauore fine amor

One takes the other by the hand and By this action they are so inflamed That they cannot refrain From bringing their mouths together. It seems to me that without saying a word They demonstrate the signs of perfect love. Because (now) these kisses will instruct them.

She who draws him into pain and suffering And he, that she (both) loves and desires, Because (this is) neither the kiss of a close friend

Nor of a mother to a son or a son to a father.

In this, a kiss of such piquancy and charm, Is the pleasure that speaks of perfect love.1

1. 'Perfect love' chosen as the translation because the sense of fine amur seems to be that the heart of soul is involved in the experience (See J. D. Burnley, The Review of English Studies, New Series, Vol. 31, No. 122 (May, 1980), 129-148).

Lirois parole oies qua dit Segnor entendesme .i. petit Jo ne u**us** q**ui**ier un point celer Dele feme . et del baceler Cador uoel faire aliement Si esteuroit castiement Al consel des courir . tel home Ki lor seust mostrer lasome Die lor .quil sunt dun eage Dune bialte . dehalt parage Et quant eages les i uuelle **Et** bialtes . nestroit pas meruelle Sandoi quesisent laparel Quil en amor fuscent parel

The King speaks. Listen to what he said. 'Lords, listen to me for a moment. I do not want in the least to conceal from vou

That, of the woman and of the young man Cador,

I wish to make an alliance.

It would be a (useful) lesson

If there was someone at this open Council, such a man

Who could show them the reasons (for the match),

Tell them, that they are of a similar age, (Alike) in beauty and of noble birth, And since in their age they are equal, And of beauty, it would not be a wonder, As they are each searching for their equal That, in their love, they may be equal.