AgriGIS Workshop and Think Tank

Regional Centre for Mapping of Resources for Development (RCMRD), Near Kasarani Police Station, Kasarani - Mwiki Road, Nairobi, Kenya

GRASP, eGRASP2gfs

Didier Leibovici, Suchith Anand, Nottingham Geospatial Institute Sean Mayes, Plant & Crop sciences

University of Nottingham, UK



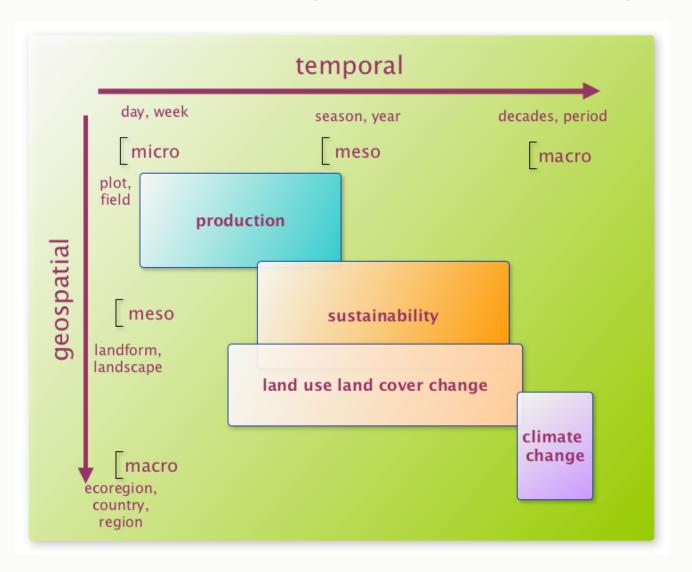
Geospatial Resource for Agricultural Species and Pests

Facilitating modelling from sharing data and processing





Spatio-temporal Agricultural modelling

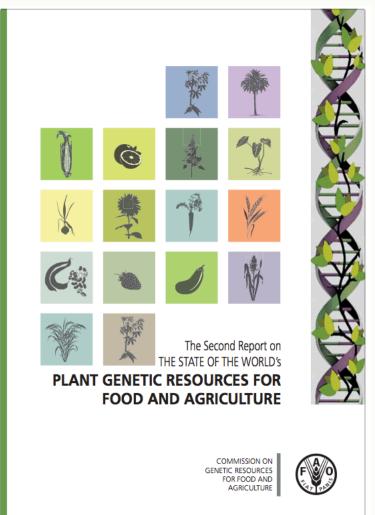




Global Open Data

for Agriculture & Nutrition

The State of the World's Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture



1.2.3.2 Geographic Information Systems

New geographic methods are also proving to be of significant value in the management of plant genetic resources. Global Positioning Systems (GPS) are highly effective at pinpointing the exact location where a plant was collected in the field. Such data is invaluable, especially when combined with other georeferenced data, e.g. on topography, climate or soils, and analysed using GIS software. This information can greatly facilitate decisions on what to collect and where, and can help elucidate relationships between crop production, genetic diversity and various agroecological parameters. Such techniques can also be used to draw up agro-ecological models that can predict, for example, the impact of climate change on different crops and in different locations. These methods have demonstrated through the Focused Identification of Germplasm Strategy (FIGS) that they have a significant impact on the effectiveness and efficiency in 'mining' germplasm for specific adaptive traits for crop improvement.²⁵

No country report indicates the extent to which geographic information tools are available and used within the country concerned and most of the reports









The University of



Geospatial Resource for Agricultural Species and Pests



a multidisciplinary project between

Crop sciences / Plant Sciences / Agronomy & Geospatial Sciences

- genetic & phenotypic & trait information
- agricultural & environmental information
- geospatial architecture & data & models management

"Geospatial Resource for Agricultural Species and Pests with integrated workflow modelling to support Global Food Security (GRASP-GFS): a prototype"

BBSRC TRDF call 2 Support for Development of Bioinformatic Tools and Computational Approaches to the Biosciences









"Geospatial Resource for Agricultural Species and Pests with integrated workflow modelling to support Global Food Security (GRASP-GFS)"



Interoperability from data integration to geocomputational forecasts

Dr. Didier G Leibovici, Dr. Sam Meek, Dr. Suchith Anand, Pr. Mike Jackson

University of Nottingham, Nottingham Geospatial Science

Dr. Rumiana Ray, Dr. Sean Mayes, Pr. Charlie Hodgman, Pr. Sayed Azam-Ali

University of Nottingham, Crop Science / CPIB, CFFRC (Malaysia)

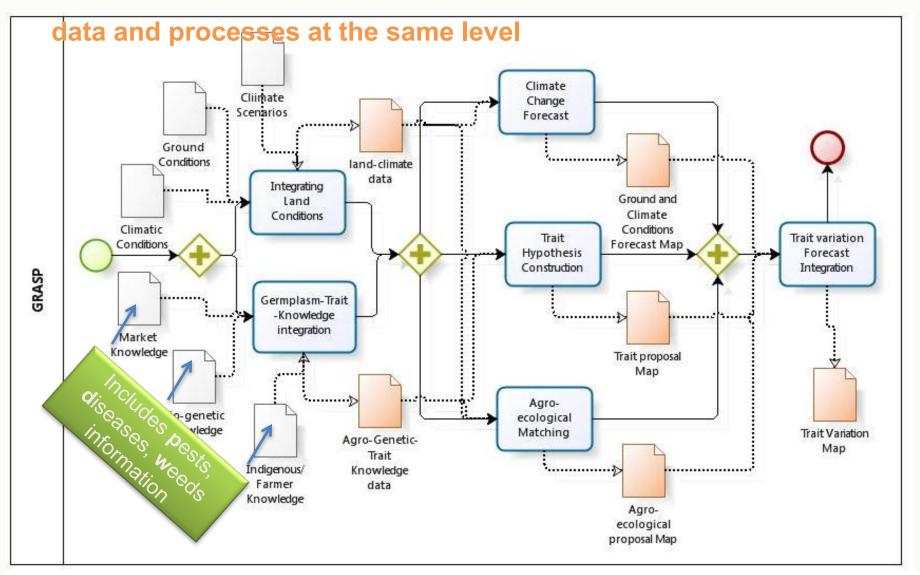
and other partners UK, Australia,...







Generic workflow of the GRASP project use and reuse of available information









eGRASP = Spatial Data Infrastructure

 A Database (GeogermplasmDB) variations → genotypic

CropStoreDB + OpenGIS (using PostGIS)

 a workflow composition tool (wAT) crop modelling \rightarrow used for

e.g. coupling a disease model with APSIM

· a simulation approach for quality & error propagation

→ metadata & decision

-classical error propagation

(multiple-run of the workflow)

-meta-propagation of uncertainty

(running the workflow on quality informatio) major crops (wheat) and underutilised crop (Bambara groundnut)







geogermplasmDB

Making location count.

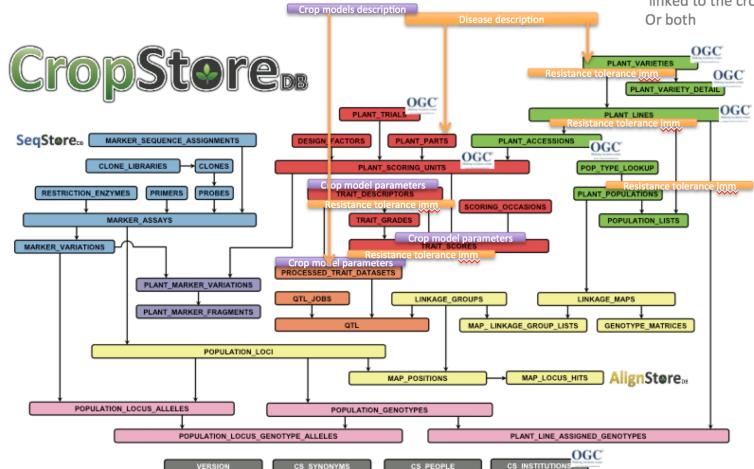
geometry field (as in PostGS DBMS) spatial inclusion /scale e.g. geom in plant scoring unit included the geom from plant trials (but not compulsory)

see also mixed geometry

Disease description Crop model description (parameters for aquacrop, APSIM)

As fields in trait descriptors (with scoring method being linked to the crop model)

Or processed trait datasets (with stats analysis description linked to the crop model Or both





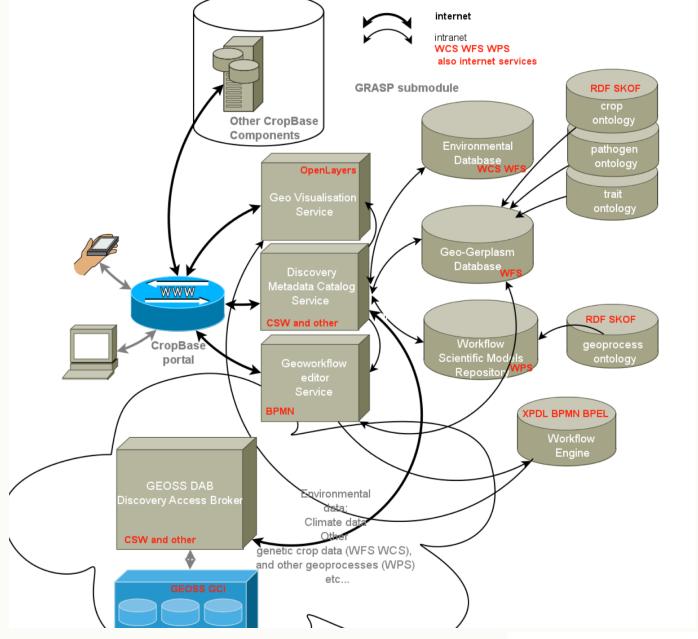






eGRASP platform

architecture

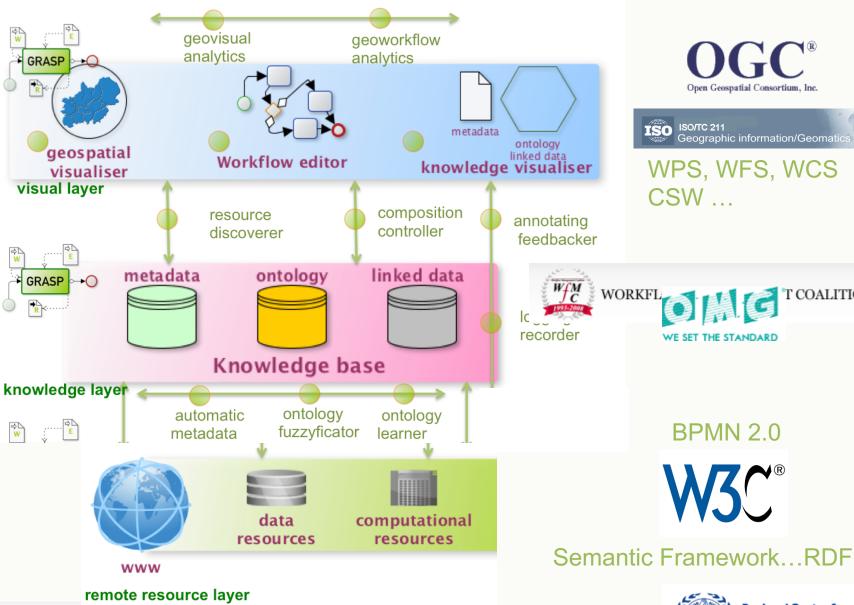








Workflow composition of Data & Processes



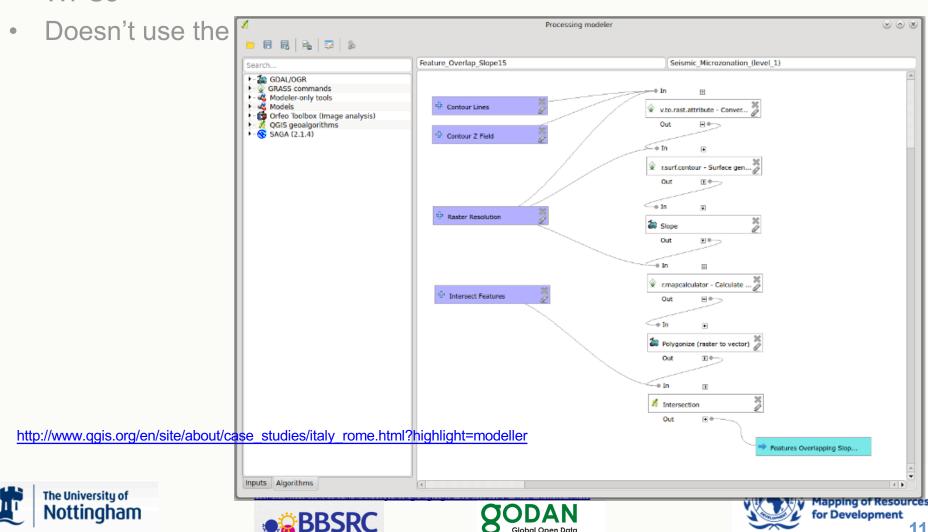


The University of

Nottingham

QGIS Graphical modeler

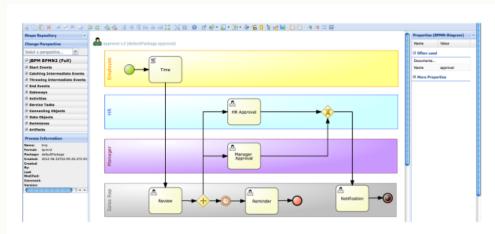
- Useful for chaining and workflow of GIS operations/transformations
- Less for Scientific modelling such as crop modelling unless you register
 WPSs



for Agriculture & Nutrition

UNITED KINGDOM · CHINA · MALAYSIA

Workflow editor & Workflow engine



Web-based process editing is possible using the jBPM5 Designer. The designer is fully integrated into Droc repository where you can store all your BPM assets such as of course your BPMN2 processes as well as rule configurations, and process forms. The Designer can be used to create view or undate RPMN2 processes

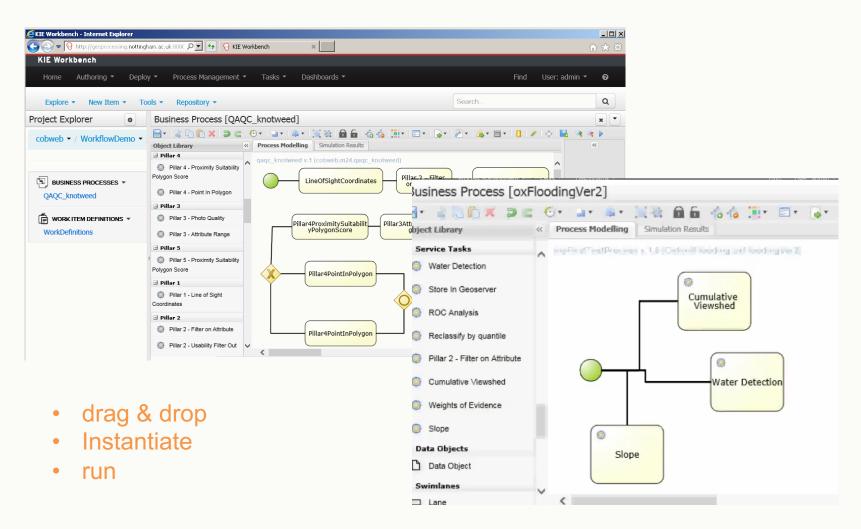


- **WAT** workflow Authoring Tool for OGC services
- **WPS** flexibility for geoprocessing registration in wAT





wAT web editor for WPS services

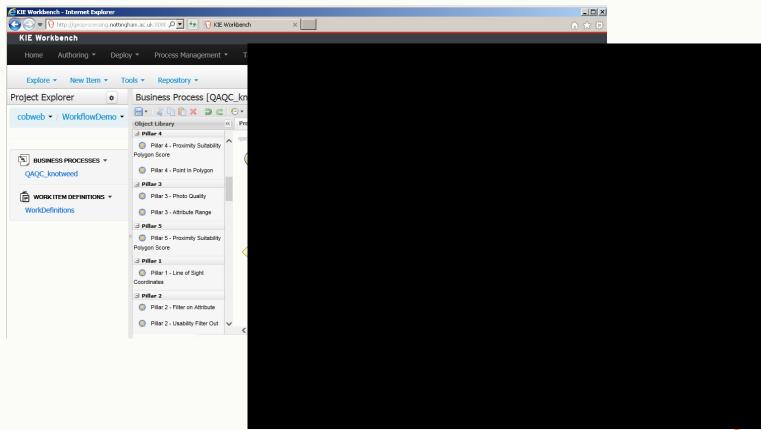


Examples of a workflows for Quality Assurance of crowdsourced data and ... Weight of Evidence flooding extent estimation





wAT web editor for WPS services



drag & drop

- Instantiate
- run

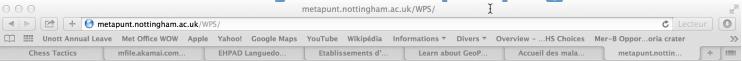
Examples of a workflows for Quality Assurance of crowdsourced data Weight of Evidence flooding extent estimation







Quality & error propagation



MetaPunT

An Open Source tool for Meta-Propagation of uncerTainties in Geospatial Processing

A Contribution to the FP7 EuroGEOSS European project from the (Centre for Geospatial Science) Nottingham Geospatial Institute

Dr Didier G. Leibovici & Dr Amir Pourabdollah

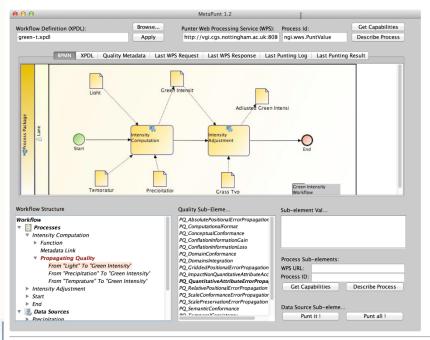
Download MetaPunt 1.2 Desktop Application

Download System Documents

OGC's WPS (Web Processing Service): Get Capabilities

DescribeProcess PuntValue(single)

Source Code (Eclipse project)



Where really Datasets & GeoProcessing are on equal footing!

Leibovici et al. 2011 EGU, 2013 Journal of Spatial Science



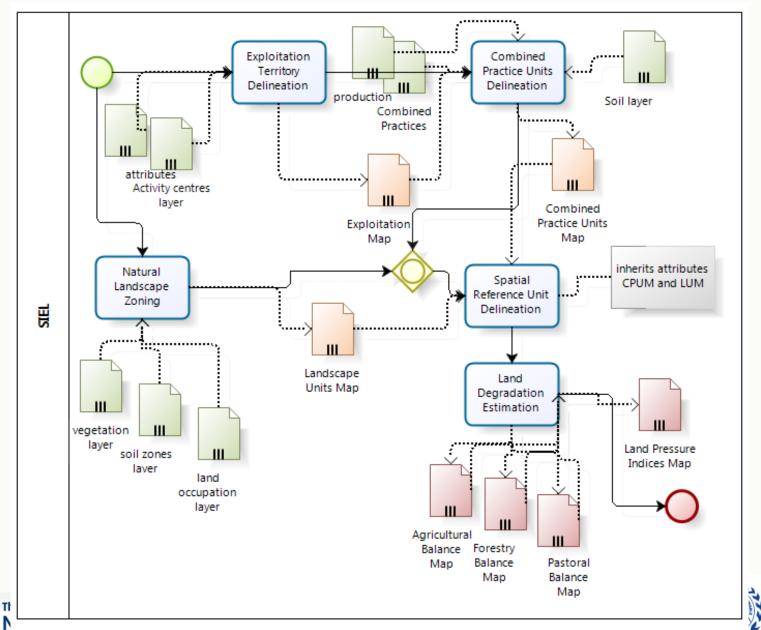
last updated 5th of July 2012





RCMRD

Land Degradation / Sustainable Agriculture









RCMRD

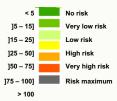
DIAGNOSTIC 1991-1995 : LAND DEGRADATION RISK

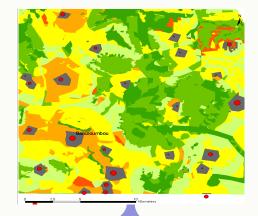
Banizoumbou (NER)

Vegetation Balances by usage

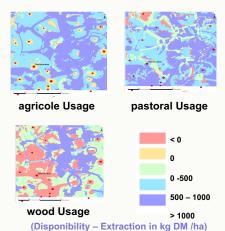


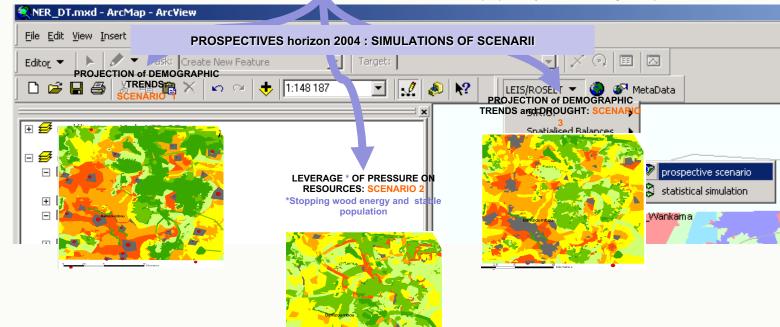
Representative of an extensive agropastoral system in sahelian zone





MultiUsage Index of Land Degradation Risk







http://aims.fao.org/activity/blog/agrigis-workshop-and-think-tank





eGRASP platform current and projects

PhDs

- Roberto Santos Genetic and Environmental information (see next)
- Masoud Al –Azri Disease modelling & crop growth integration
- Dai Huynh Crowdsourcing under-utilised crops
- GRASP2gfs GCRF-BBR proposal (Nov 2016):

Geospatial Resource for Agriculture Species and Pests with workflow einfrastructure to support Global Food Security modelling simulations (GRASP2gfs)

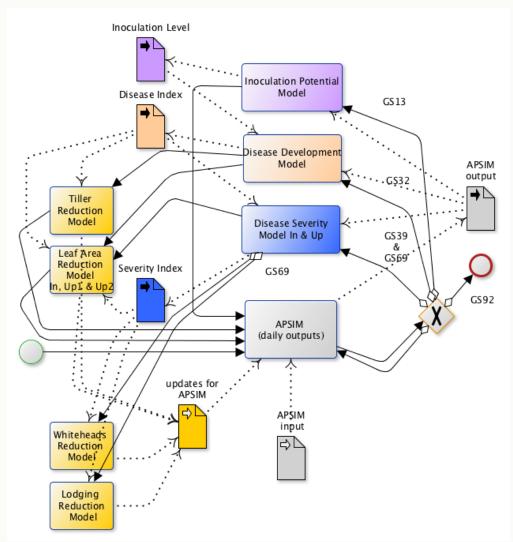
 AgriGIS workshop & think tank (Nairobi 27-28 Oct 2016) http://opensourcegeospatial.icaci.org/2016/10/agrigis-workshop-and-think-tank-meetings-in-nairobi/





PhD Masoud Al-Azri: Disease modelling & crop growth integration

Eyespot disease (wheat)















geogermplasmDB

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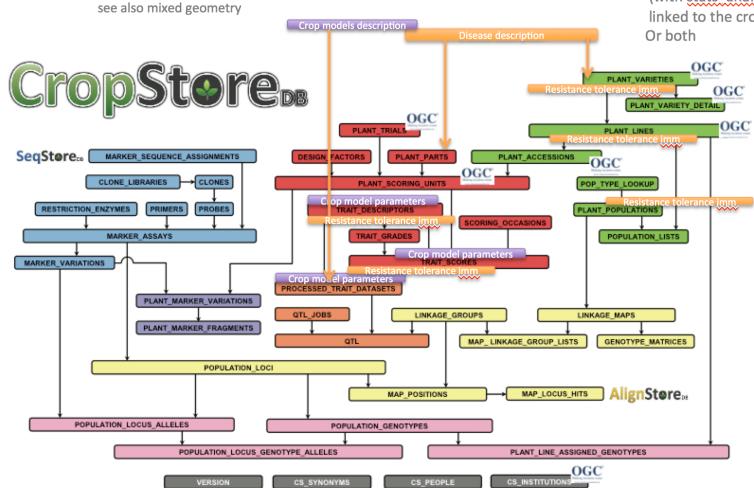
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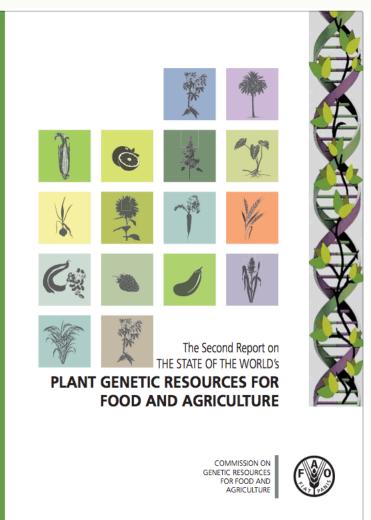






PhD Roberto Santos: Genetic and Environmental information

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http://www.fao.org/docrep/013/i1500e/i1500e.pdf





Spatial Patterns in the genetic variation of Bambara groundnut





How environmental and anthropocentric factors affected the genetic variation of Bambara groundnut?

Approach: molecular markers, environmental data and linguistic data;





Spatial Patterns in the genetic variation of Bambara groundnut

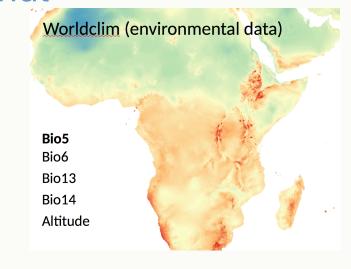
Single Sequence Repeats Markers or Microsatellites

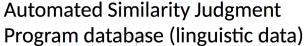
... CAGTAGTTATGAC...(1 repetition)

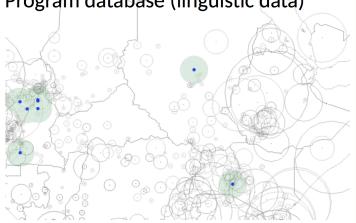
... C A G T A A T G A T G A C ... (2 repetitions)

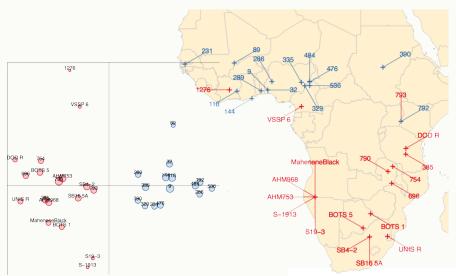
... CAATGATGATGAC... (3 repetitions)

SSRs are most found between genes and usually do not alter proteins / functions







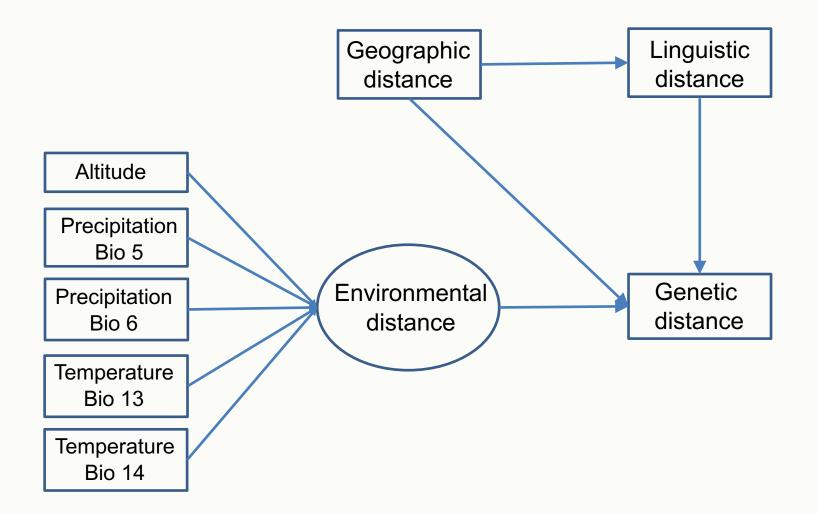








Spatial Patterns in the genetic variation of Bambara groundnut



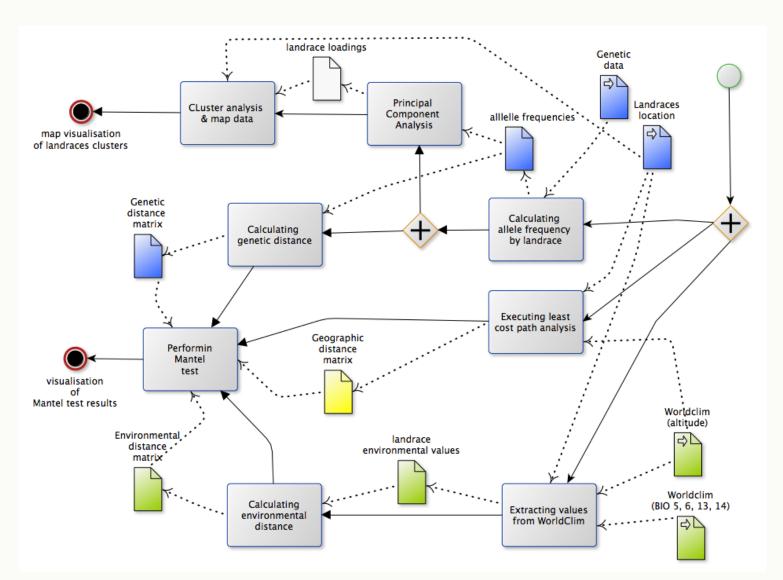




Global Open Data

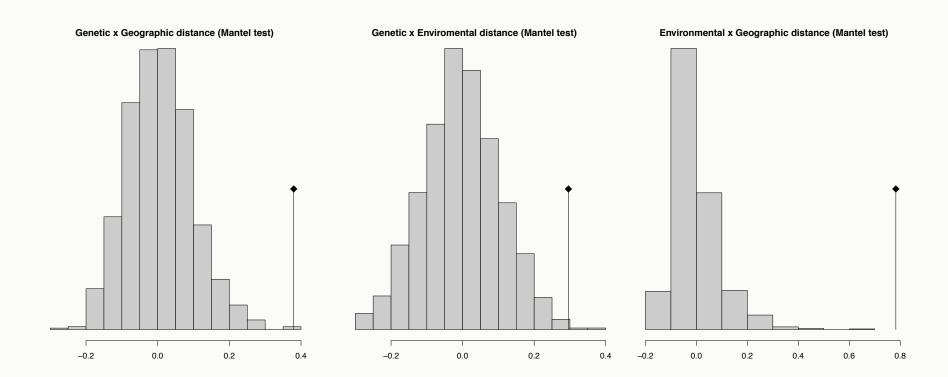
for Agriculture & Nutrition

Same seen as a BPMN workflow









Function mantel, package ade4 (R)





for Agriculture & Nutrition

PhD Dai Huynh: Crowdsourcing under-utilised crops example of Moringa crop

- The greatest body of knowledge often lies with the farmers who have grown the crops.
- Crowdsourcing is a potential method to collect such knowledge (data).
- How can the quality of crowdsourced data be assessed in situations where there is no or limited ground-truth?
- Proposed approach: assessing thematic quality (knowledge) of contributor as a proxy for quality of data.







GRASP2gfs project proposal

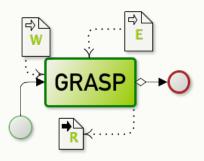
- Geospatial Resource for Agriculture Species and Pests with workflow einfrastructure to support Global Food Security modelling simulations (GRASP2gfs)
- The GRASP2gfs GeoGermplasmDB initiated will be consolidated and expanded with new data assembled from existing and funded experiments. Links with the GODAN² initiative will foster the rest of the community towards sharing this type of data via the GRASP2gfs platform within a open paradigm.
- (ii). The GRASP2gfs metadata catalog facilitating discovery of the geogermplasmDB data will be enhanced with searching and selection on multiple criteria including spatial origin, genotype, trait and variety. Information on crop disease and model parameters will be enabled and searchable. This will allow the community to register their available resources, data, processes and models that follows interoperability standards³, enabling any member of the community to use this sharing environment for modelling and simulations.
- The GRASP2gfs workflow capacity already designed will be deployed to allow simulations using the GeoGermplasmDB within registered processes or models with complementary data harvested from the dynamic catalog.





eGRASP platform status

- Still lots of stiches to do and better interfacing
- The design and principles are there
- Would allow scenario / simulations etc...



Workflow Research Environment



