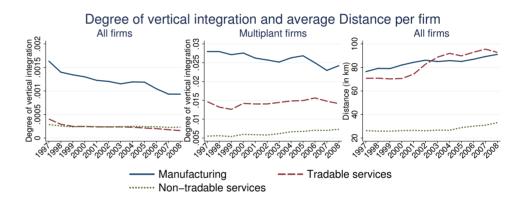
Motivation

- ► British corporate landscape has experienced dramatic changes over time
- ► Size of manufacturing is decreasing
- ► Tradable and non-tradable sectors are advancing fast
- ► Changes in the organisational structure of firms:
 - ▶ Degree of vertical integration: Firms are getting more fragmented
 - ► Spatial distribution: Firms are getting more dispersed



The first two graphs are capturing the change in the degree of vertical integration (vi) of all and multi-plant firms only. The right graph shows the av. distance between HQ and its vertically linked local units. The vi is decreasing for all firms of all three sectors. If only multi-plant firms are considered, then vi is decreasing for manufacturing, constant for the tradable and increasing for the non-tradable sector. The mean distance is increasing over time for all sectors.

Theoretical Background

The fundamental question about the boundaries of a firm goes back to Coase (1937). More recent theories are:

► Technological Differences (Acemoğlu et al, 2009): Companies closer to the techn. frontier are more likely to