

Future of US-China Relations

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Nottingham

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"Protection will lead to great prosperity and strength."

Donald Trump, Inaugural Address, 20th January 2018.

Future of US-China relations

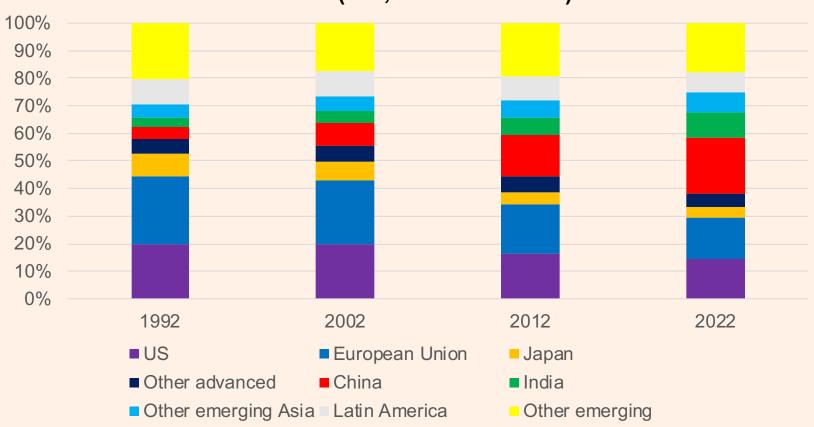
- 1. Global transformation
- 2. Weakening globalisation
- 3. China's challenges
- 4. China-US tension
- 5. Trade war
- 6. Perilous world

1. Global transformation

- Road to today
- China's rise
- Winners and losers

1. Transformation: China's rise

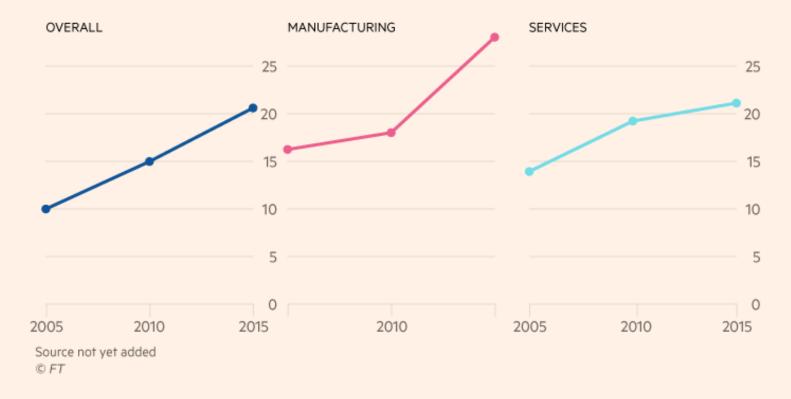
SHARES IN WORLD GDP AT PURCHASING POWER PARITY (IMF, WEO database)



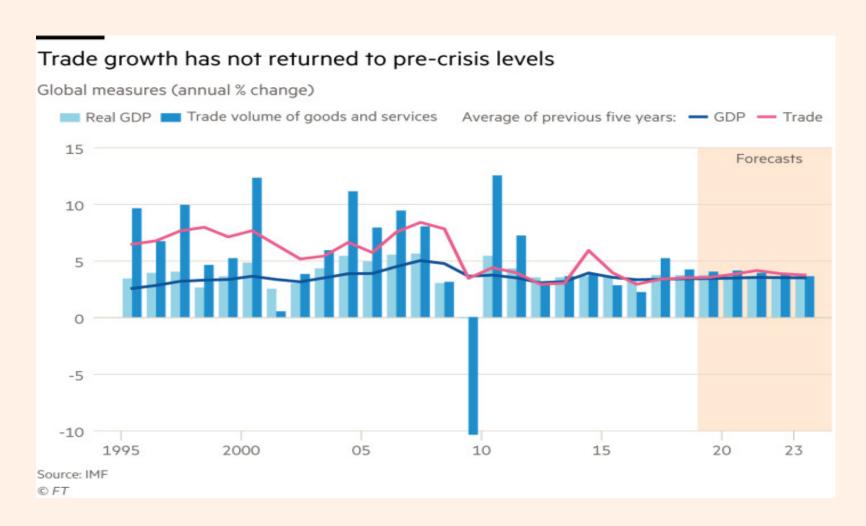
1. Transformation: China's rise

China's labour productivity is increasing, with manufacturing driving the rise

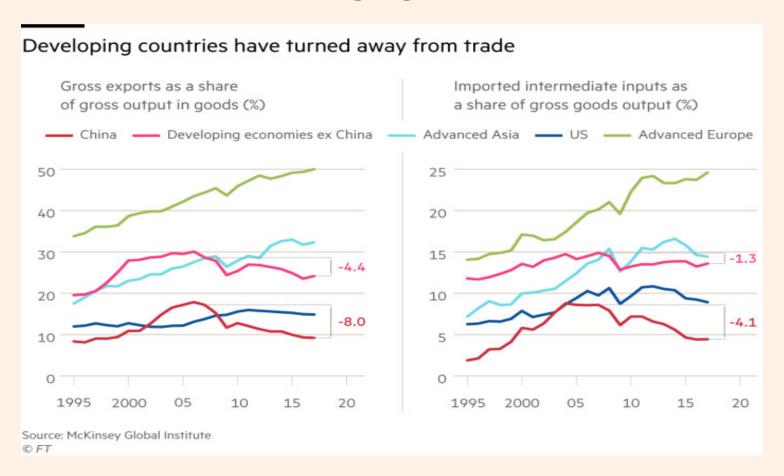
As a % of US level



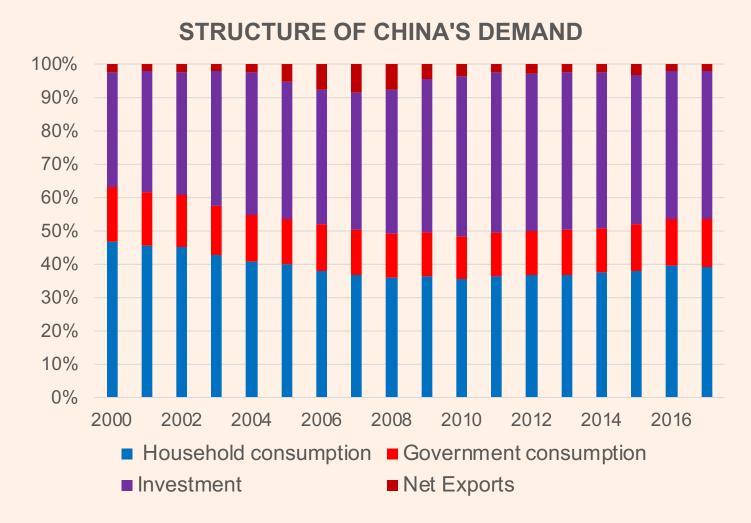
2. Weakening globalisation



2. Weakening globalisation



3. China's challenges

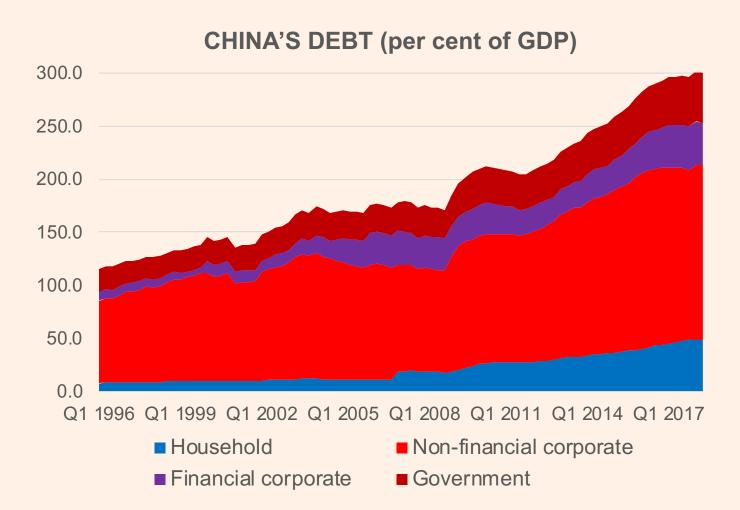


3. China's challenges

CHINA: FIVE-YEAR MOVING AVERAGE OF INCREMENTAL CAPITAL-OUTPUT RATIO



3. China's challenges

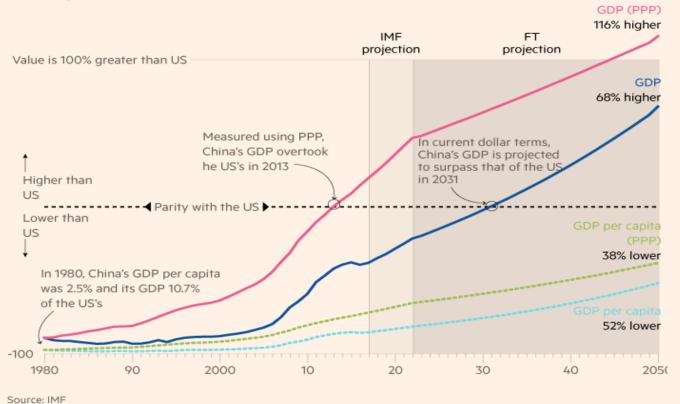


4. China-US tensions

China's GDP and GDP per capita

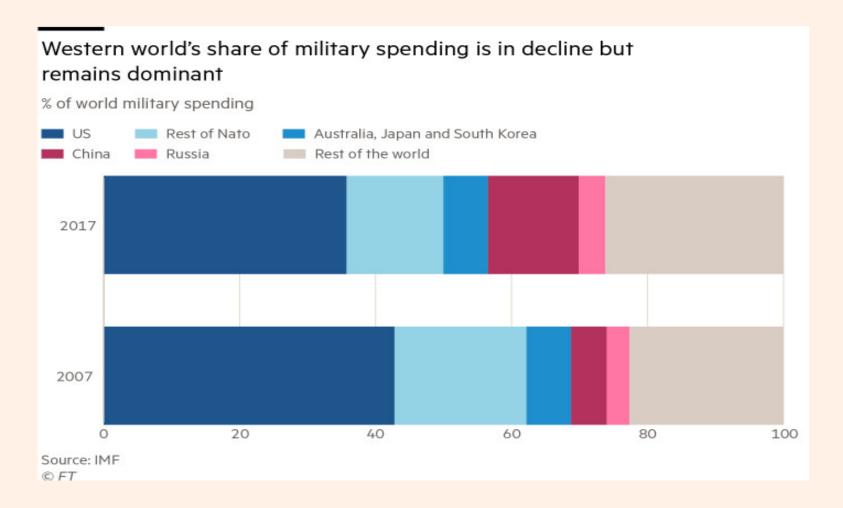
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Percentage difference to US GDP at current dollars and PPP dollars

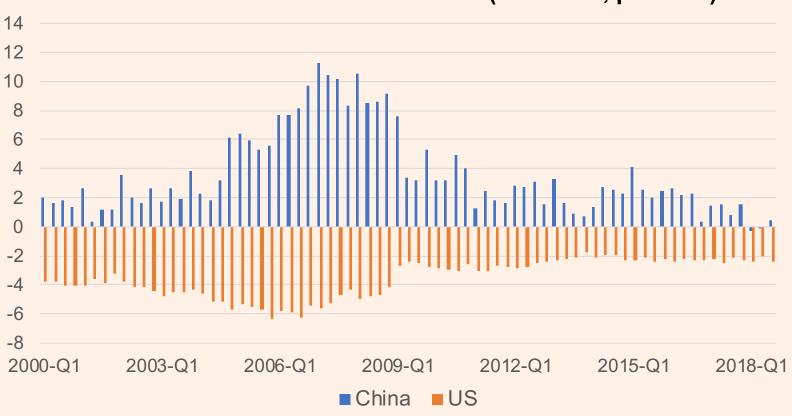


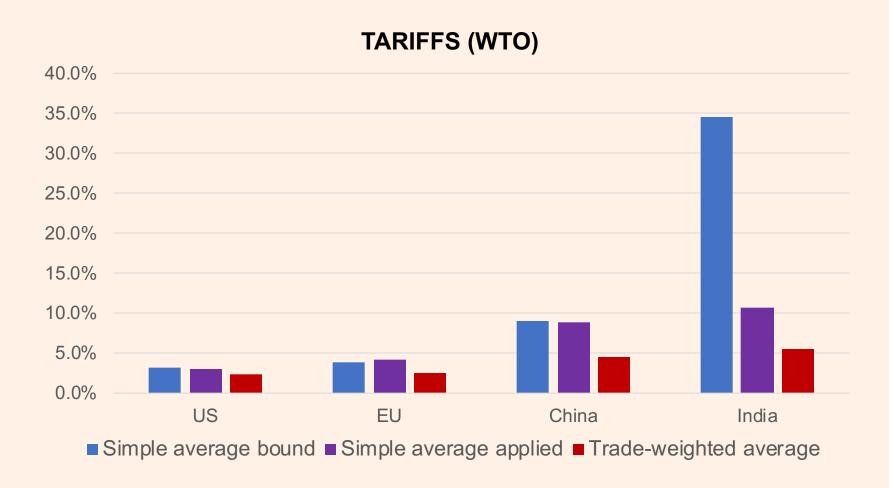
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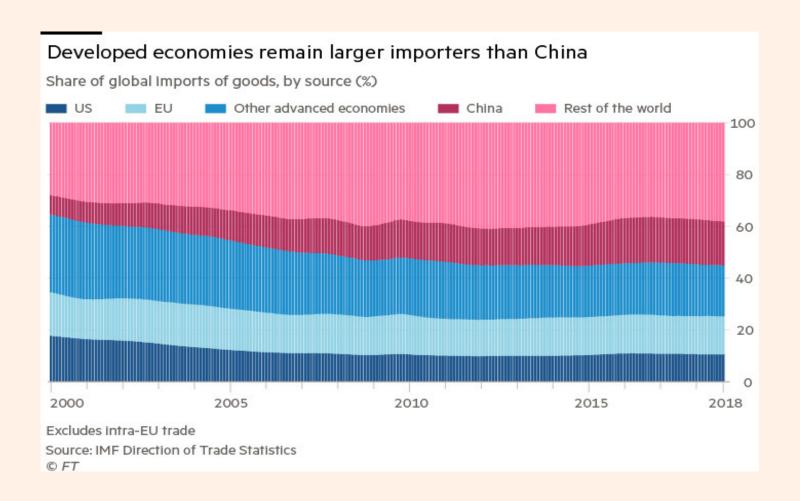
4. China-US tensions



CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES (over GDP, per cent)



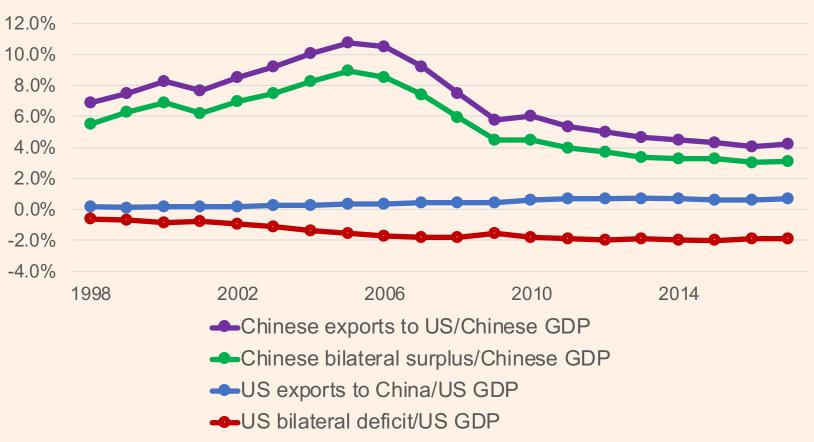


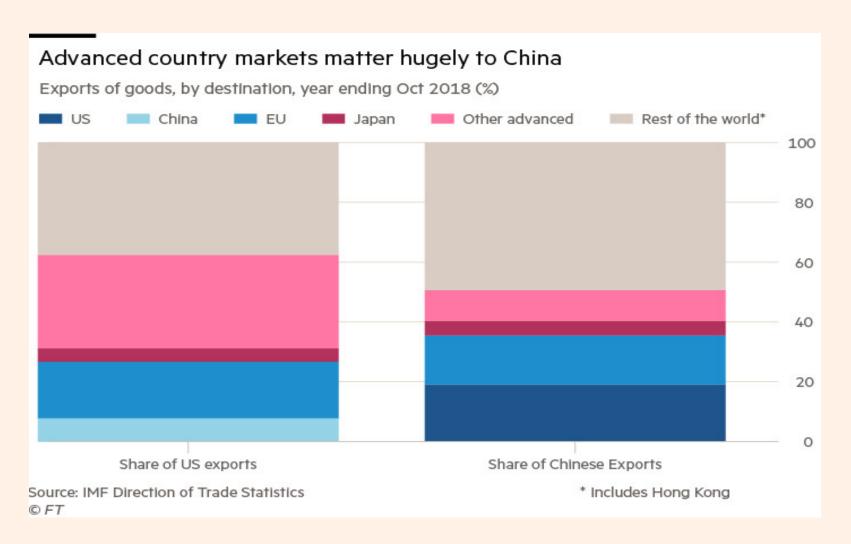


US TRADE BALANCE WITH CHINA (\$bn) (Refinitiv, US Census Bureau)



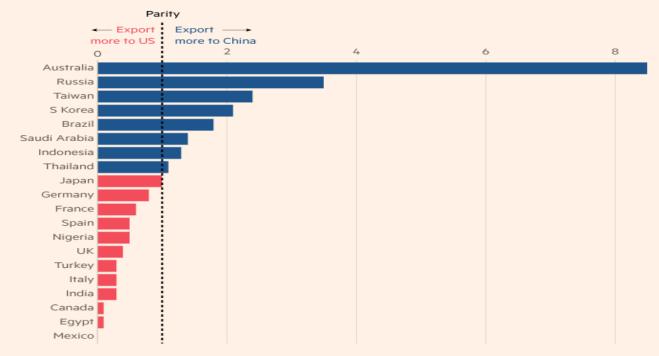
BILATERAL TRADE BETWEEN THE US AND CHINA



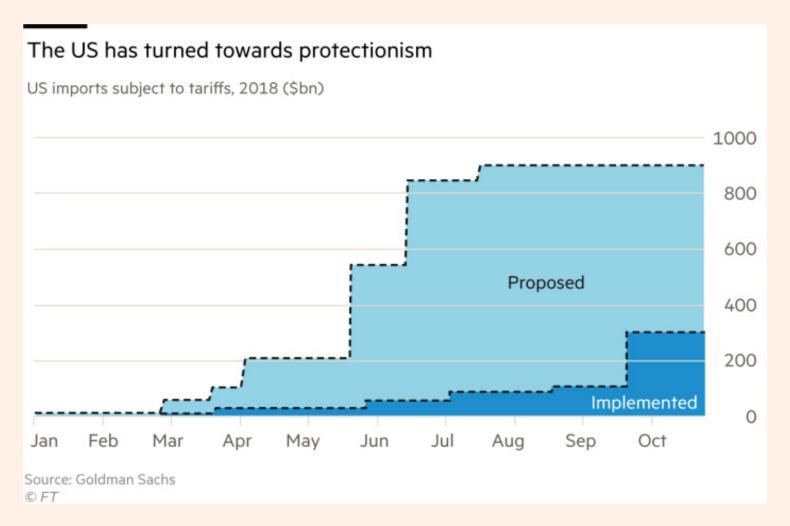


Eight of the world's 20 largest economies* export more to China than to the US

Exports to China over exports to the US, 2017 (ratio)



Source: IMF and national statistics for Taiwan *largest economies at PPP ${}^{\otimes}\mathit{FT}$



- US demands that China should:
 - Reduce US-China trade imbalance by \$200bn over two years
 - Eliminate all "market-distorting subsidies"
 - Strengthen intellectual property protection and eliminate technology requirements in joint ventures
 - Cease espionage, cyber espionage, counterfeiting and piracy
 - Forego all retaliatory actions, including any requests for consultations in the WTO
 - Accept US restrictions on Chinese inward FDI

- Afford US investors "fair, effective and nondiscriminatory market access and treatment", including removal of foreign investment restrictions
- Reduce tariffs in "non-critical sectors" to US levels and open access to services and farm products
- Accept quarterly monitoring.
- China "will not oppose, challenge or take any form of action against" any such US impositions.

- It is unclear whether a deal can be done on this basis. But it should be noted that:
 - Concern about the bilateral balance has no economic logic
 - China's tariffs are actually relatively low
 - Acceptance of US demands would lead to more entanglement of US business in China, while many Americans want less entanglement
 - All these actions are contrary to WTO rules
 - But the US is engaged in destroying the WTO.

6. Perilous world

- The world is in profound transformation, economically and politically
- This is leading to a rise of populism and protectionism in the West
- The US is moving towards a new "cold war" with China
- Globalisation is under threat
- Relations between the two superpowers are being re-defined, worryingly