



Does Comprehensive Geriatric Assessment have a role in Care Homes?

Adam Gordon

*Consultant & Honorary Associate Professor in Medicine of Older People
Division of Rehabilitation & Ageing, University of Nottingham*

E-mail: adam.gordon@nottingham.ac.uk



adamgordon1978





This presents independent research commissioned by the National Institute for Health Research (NIHR) under its Programme Grants for Applied Research funding scheme (RP-PG-0407-10147).

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The Care Home Workstream Researchers



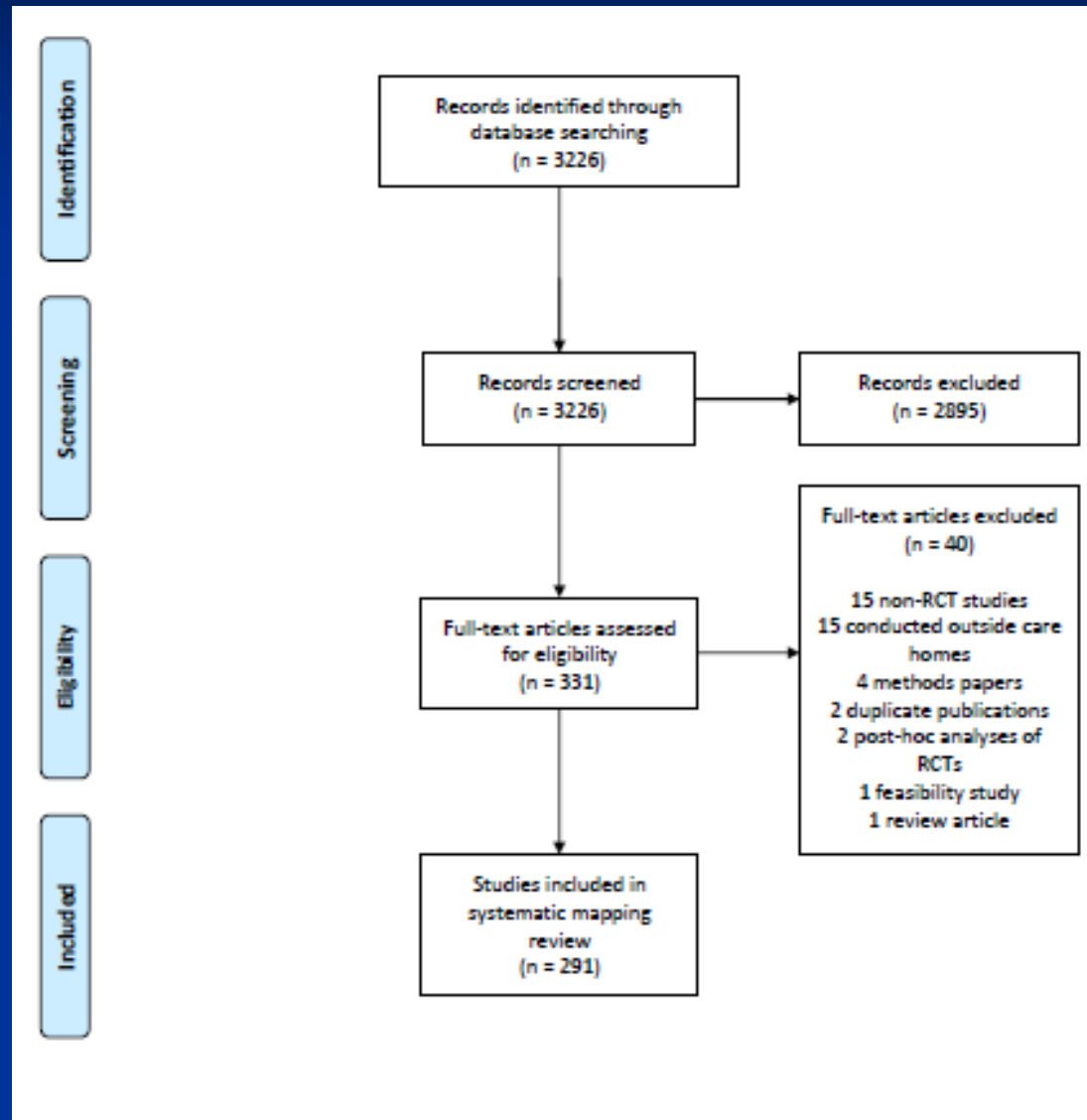
The University of
Nottingham

Isabella Robbins
Pip Logan
Jane Dyas
John Gladman
Lucy Bradshaw
Matt Franklin
Rob Jones

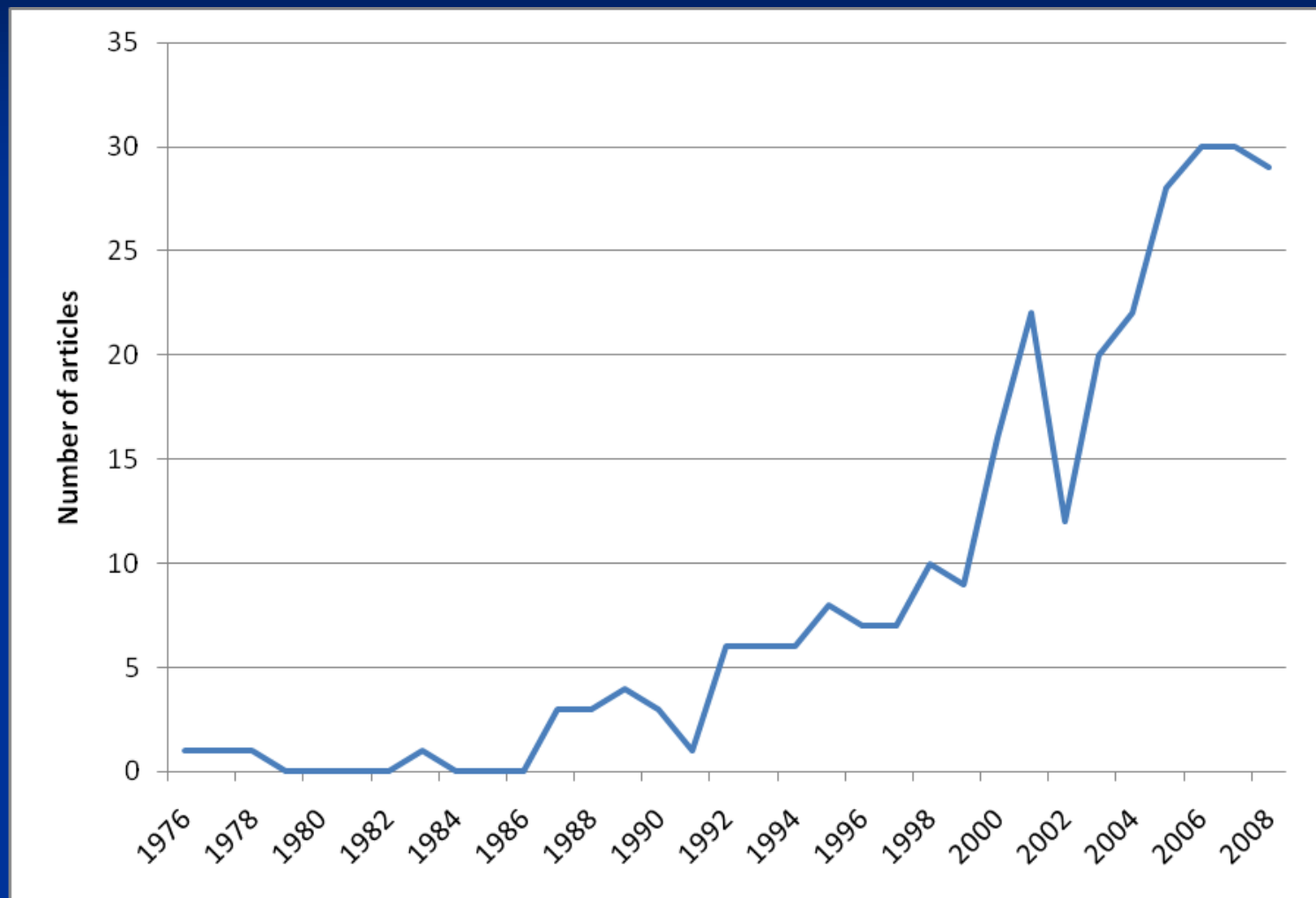
Tony Avery
Rachel Elliott
Justine Schneider
Davina Porock
Phillip Clissett
Yadiki Jayakumar
Claire Forster
Jonathan Mamo

Vladislav Berdunov
Mick Bachner
Liz Andrews
Claire Litherland
Calum-Forrester Paton

Care Home Literature Review



Care Home Literature Review



Issues....

- Often very small studies.
- Often not adequately blinded.
- Often not accounting for cluster effect.
- Or where they did, the cluster sizes were all wrong....

Existing models of care were inadequate

- 57% of residents couldn't access all healthcare services required.
- One of more prescribing error in up to 80% of residents.
- Quality outcomes Framework:
 - 29% exception reported for CHD
 - 34% for stroke
 - 35% for diabetes

Care Home Outcome Study

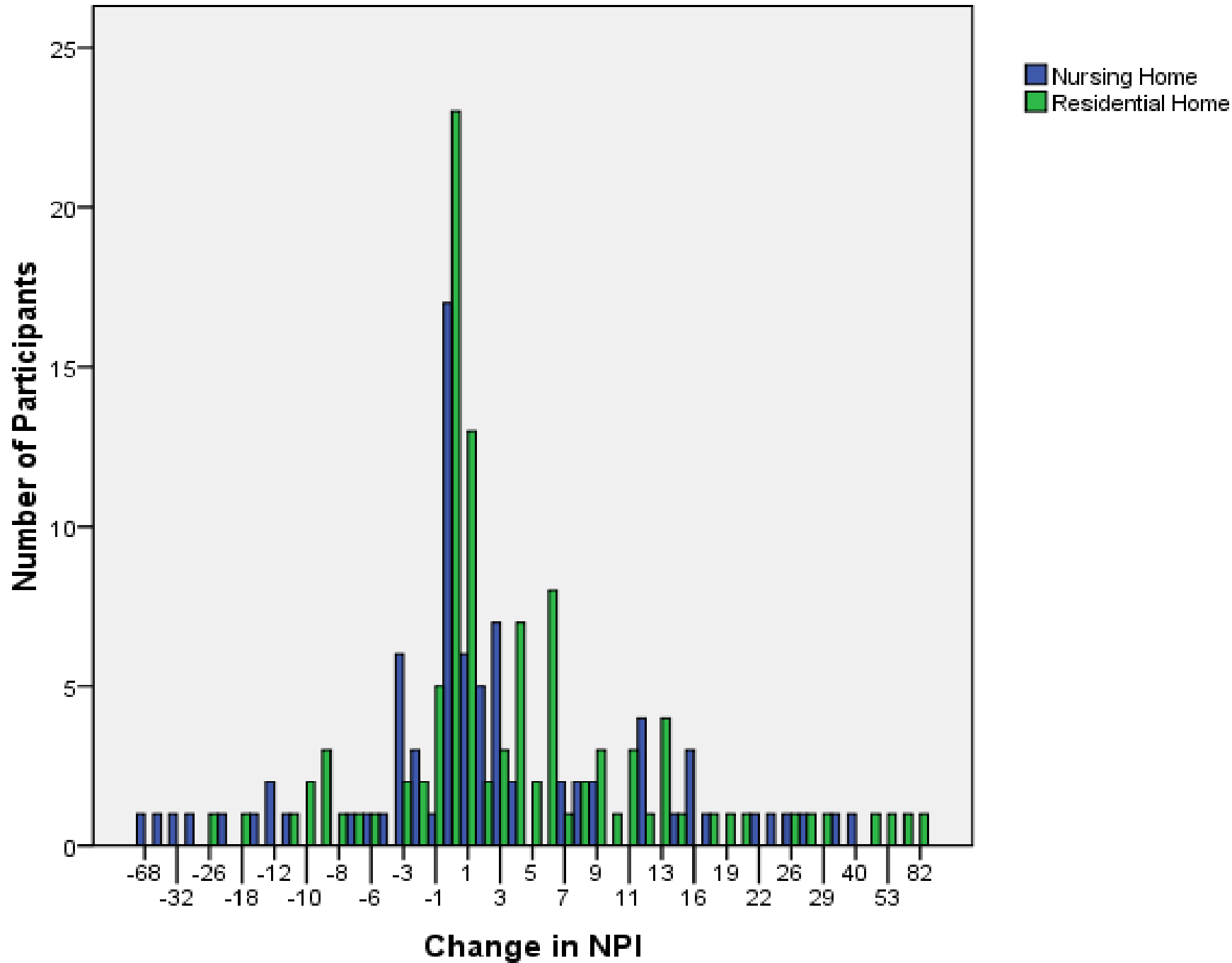
- Observational Cohort study
- Baseline data collection with 6 month follow-up
- Inclusion criteria:
 - Care home resident
 - Aged 65 years or over
- Exclusion criteria:
 - Actively dying
 - Short-term respite

Care Home Outcome Study

Variable	Whole Cohort	Residential homes	Nursing Homes
Number of participants	227	124	103
Mean Age (SD)	85.2 (7.5)	86.8 (7.3)	83.2 (7.3)**
% of residents who are female	78.9	80.6	76.7
Mean no of GPs per home (SD)	4.63 (2.73)	5 (2.60)	4.2 (3.11)
Median no. of days since admitted to home (IQR)	79 (148)	68 (157)	94 (132)
Median MNA Score (IQR)	20 (6.5)	21.5 (5.5)	17.5 (7)**
Mean body mass index (SD)	23.8 (5.9)	24.5 (5.9)	22.8 (5.7)
Median Barthel Index (IQR)	9 (11)	11 (8)	5 (7)**
Median MMSE (IQR)	13 (18)	16 (15)	10 (18)**
Mean SOF Score (SD)	0.9 (0.7)	1.1 (0.7)	0.8 (0.7)**
Median grip strength in PSI (IQR)	4 (5)	5 (2.5)	3 (6)**
Mean no of diagnoses (SD)	6.2 (4)	6.9 (3.1)	5.5 (2.4)**
Median no of medications (IQR)	8 (5)	7 (5)	8 (5)
Median NPI score (IQR)	3 (15)	2 (9)	6 (27)**
**Significant difference between residential/ nursing homes (p<0.01)			

Specific Dependencies from BI	Whole cohort	Residential Homes	Nursing Homes	<i>p</i> -value*
	%	%	%	
Incontinent of urine (regularly)	56.83	42.74	73.79	<0.01
Incontinent of faeces (regularly)	41.85	28.23	58.25	<0.01
Need help to wash/brush hair	59.47	45.16	76.70	<0.01
Need at least some help to use the toilet (help on off; wiping)	74.89	62.90	89.32	<0.01
Need at least some help with eating (food cutting; spreading)	45.37	29.84	64.08	<0.01
Need help of two people to transfer to bed/chair	38.33	18.55	62.14	<0.01
Have no mobility (cannot walk even with aids or help of one person; unable to be independent with wheelchair)	36.12	18.55	57.28	<0.01
Need at least some help to walk or wheel indoors	29.07	35.48	21.36	<0.01
Need to be dressed (unable to do half the task unaided)	86.78	81.45	93.20	<0.01
Unable to manage stairs	80.62	77.42	84.47	0.21
Needs help with bathing	93.83	91.94	96.12	0.19
* Calculated using Mann-Whitney U for difference between residential and nursing homes				

	Number (%) of respondents		
	Any Behavioural Symptoms	Severe Behavioural Symptoms	Frequent Behavioural Symptoms
Agitation	37.9%	16.7%	25.6%
Nervousness	33.5%	11%	27.1%
Irritability	30.4%	15.4%	21.1%
Depression	22.9%	8.4%	17.2%
Difficulty sleeping	20.3%	5.3%	14.1%
Appetite disturbance	17.2%	11.5%	15.0%
Motor behaviour	16.7%	11%	13.2%
Apathy	13.7%	7.5%	11%
Disinhibition	13.2%	10.1%	9.3%
Delusions	8.8%	5.7%	17%
Hallucinations	7.9%	3.5%	5.7%
Elation	2.6%	1.8%	1.8%



		MNA categories			Total
		Malnourished	At risk of malnutrition	Normal nutritional status	
Weight lost	No weight loss	23	97	28	148
	Weight loss	38	16	1	55
Total		61	113	29	203

Deaths

- Death rate over 6 months
 - 16% for whole group
 - Range 0-31% between homes
 - 21% for nursing
 - 12% for residential

- Mean no. of days to death
 - 83 for the cohort as a whole
 - 96 for residential homes
 - 72 for nursing homes

To summarise

- Care home residents:
 - Frail
 - Malnourished
 - Dependent
 - Effected by challenging behaviour.
 - Have multiple diagnoses.
 - Take multiple medications.
 - Are approaching death.

Effective healthcare responses will....

- Take account of the evidence-base.
- Have expertise in management of:
 - Multiple diagnoses
 - Immobility
 - Incontinence
 - Challenging behaviour
 - Polypharmacy
 - Manutrition
 - End-of-life care

Staff Interviews in Care Homes (STICH) Study

- 7 care home managers
- 2 care home nurses
- 9 care home care assistants
- 6 GPs
- 3 dementia outreach nurses
- 2 district nurses
- 2 advance nurse practitioners
- 1 OT

Important observation

- Care home managers are pivotal.
- Relationships between GPs and care home managers are pivotal.

Common problems

- Older people are very complicated.
- Trajectories are difficult to predict.
- Don't have the training.
- Resources are tight.
- Regulation is always present.
- Roles and responsibilities aren't clear.
- Communication is a problem.

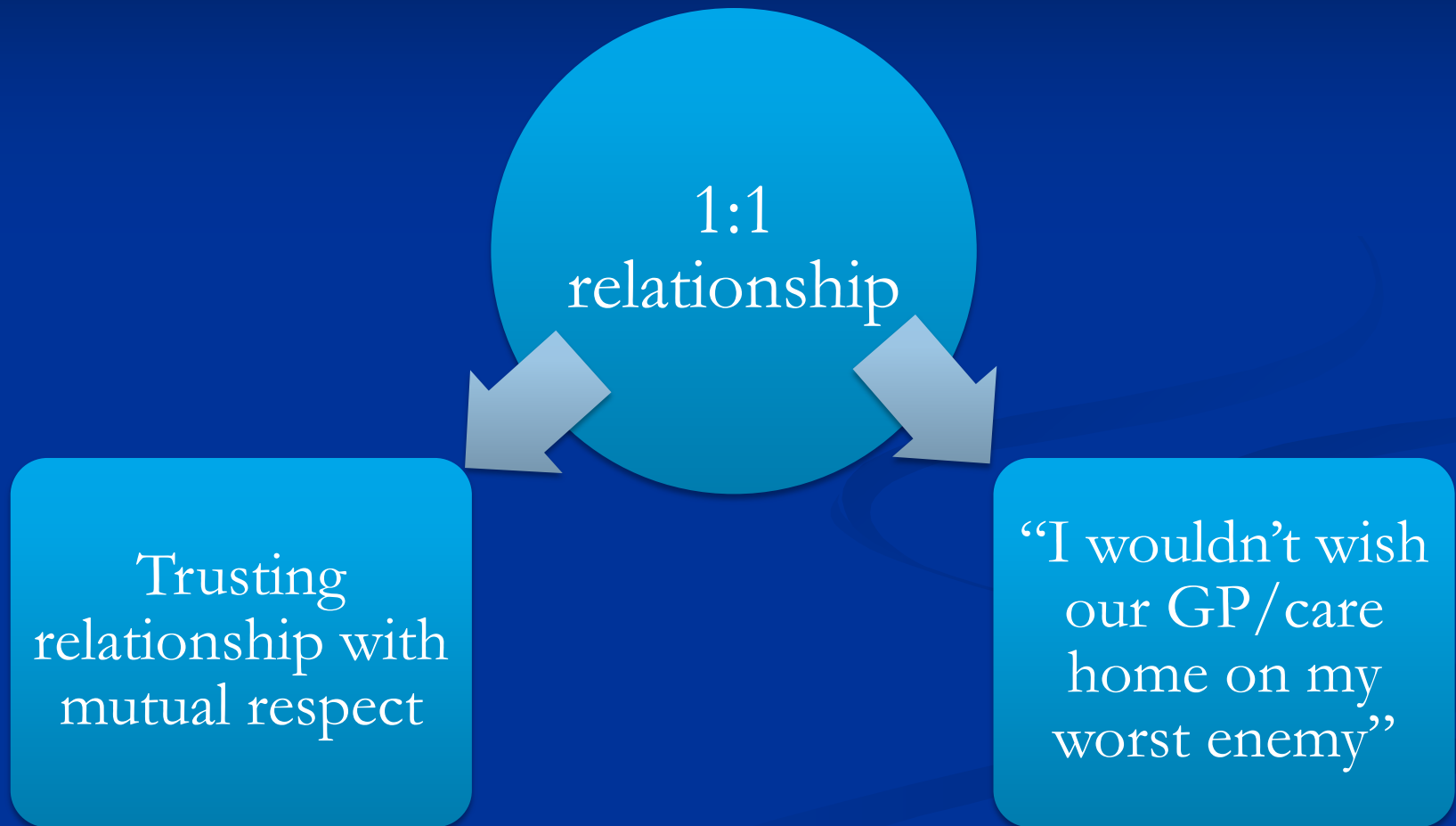
Identified responses

- Regulate (stick)
- Remunerate (carrot)
- Parachute in troops
- The social movement model.

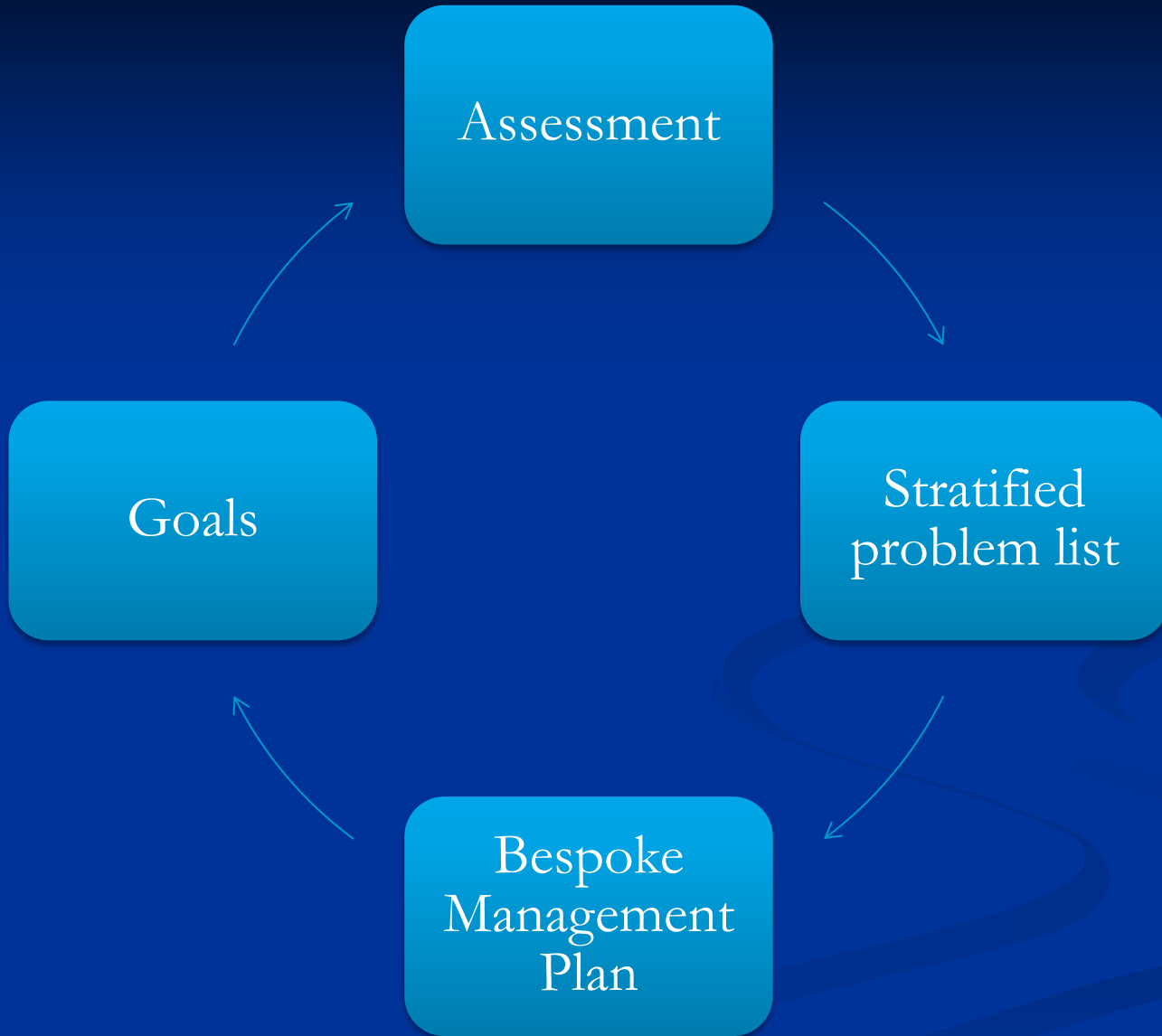
Mechanistic solutions – the “LES”

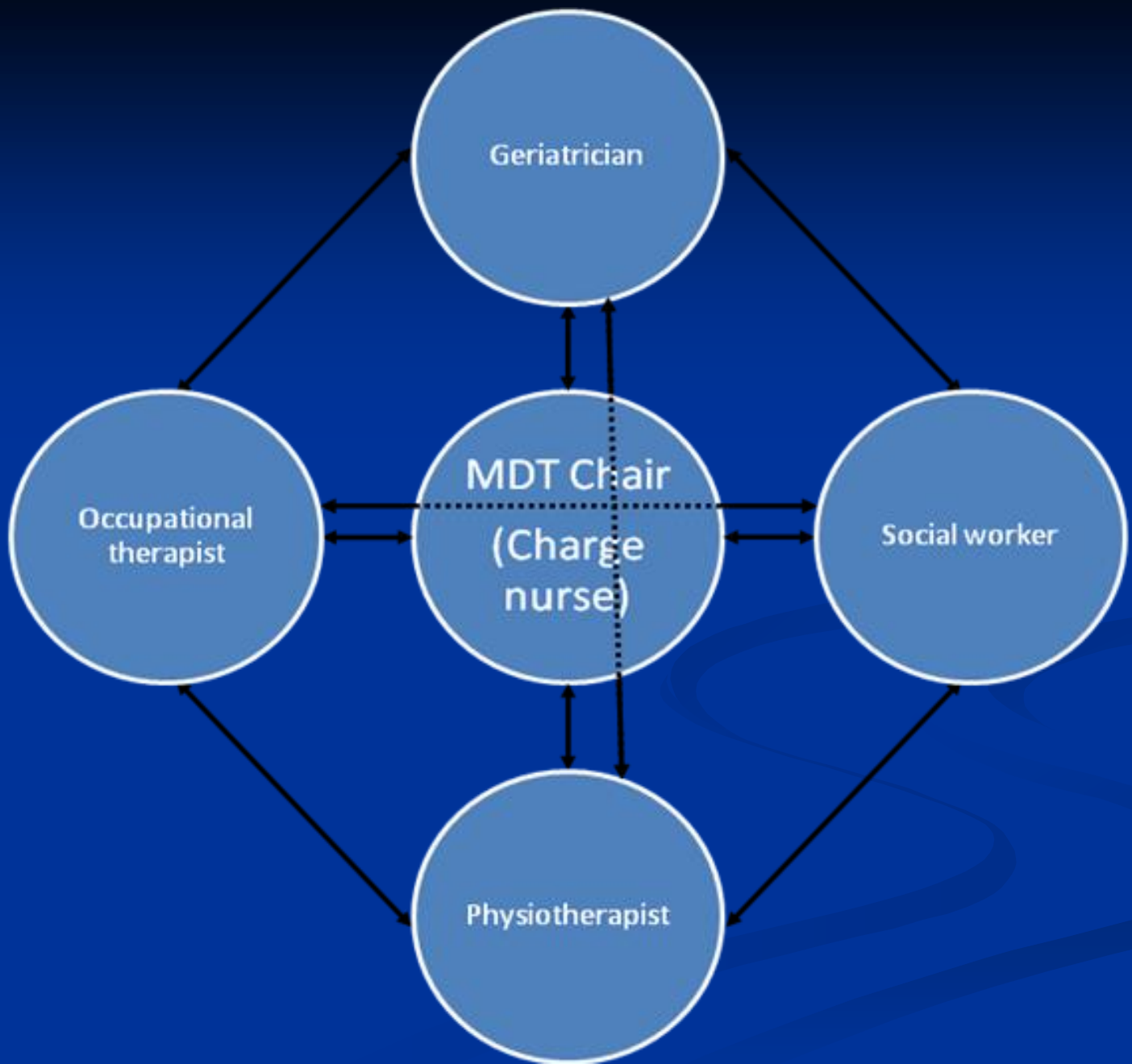
- Comprehensive assessment at the point of admission.
- Regular contact with home (at least two weekly).
- Regular review of resident (at least 6 monthly).
- 1:1 relationships GP:care home.

Necessary but not sufficient









References

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