Checklist

Potential housemates - check. An idea of where you want to live - check. Now you've got these covered you can start viewing possible new homes. We've put together a checklist of what to look out for with three rows to compare viewings.

Before you go	
Who manages it? Landlord/letting agency	
Rent per person? £ per	
Agency fees? [box]	
When you're there	
Location	
How long does it take to get there?	
Are there shops and services nearby?	
The house	
Does it come furnished?	
Is there any damage?	
Signs of mould or damp?	
Are the windows double-glazed?	
Are the rooms a good size?	
Is there enough shared space?	
Safety and Security	
Working smoke detectors?	
A working burglar alarm?	
Safe external doors?	
Lockable windows?	ппп
Car/bike storage?	
Money	
Are bills included in the rent?	
Is it worth the agency fees?	
Are fees negotiable?	
Is it a joint or individual contract?	

Step 1 When do I start looking?

You've probably heard it lots already but we can't stress it enough, take your time!

It's tempting to start looking now as the first houses start appearing on websites and especially if others around you are, but you really don't have to. In fact we recommend you don't start looking until after your January exams.

There's nothing wrong with starting to consider what it is you may want, but take the time now to be clued up on your options, what to avoid, and in January you can be fully prepared for your new, dream accommodation.

Step 2 Who do I live with?

This is a big one and probably one of the hardest decisions to make when considering your home for next year.

Alongside the buzz of who gets the larger room with the en-suite you may want to have discussions about how you will get along... After all we all live differently and nothing proves this more than living together. Are you an early-night kind of person in a group of nocturnal owls? Prefer silence when your housemates are forming a house band? Compromise is key, so use your experience of living with new people in halls to guide you.

It's important to consider your budgets too, can everyone in your group afford where you're hoping to live? Remember you'll likely have bills on top too. Once you've signed a tenancy agreement it can be difficult to get out of it, so make sure to consider all possibilities before putting pen to paper.

live with? Check-out the SU's Nottingham Flatmate Finder Group on Facebook Please consider others before knocking on doors, especially during exam period.



Step 4 How do I find a property?

There are lots of websites where you can search for accommodation.

Good places to start your search are:

- accommodationforstudents.com
- unipol.org.uk/nottingham/accommodation
- student.spareroom.co.uk
- Rightmove

Word of mouth is also really important speak to second and third year students about their experiences in areas you're considering.



Step 5 The Legal bit

It doesn't have to be scary! Some things to look out for though are:

Who will be managing the property - the landlord or a letting agent? Who will you be paying your rent to? Who will you report disrepair to? If it's managed by an agent, you should still ask for the landlord's full name and address.

What type of contract are you going to be signing? Joint or individual? Most student contracts are "joint", meaning that you are all responsible for the total rent for the property (not just your share). With an "individual" contract, only you would be named on the agreement and you would only be responsible for your share of the rent

Living with your landlord? Your rights and the landlord's responsibilities will be different. Ask SU Advice for details.

Do you need a guarantor? (many landlords/agents will require one). Can everyone in your group provide one? In most cases your parents/guardians will be guarantors - have they seen a copy of the contract, and are they happy to agree to it?

What fees are payable and when? Make sure you get a written receipt and it's clear what you are paying for. A £75 agency/administration fee may sound cheap, but times this by six and what are you getting for this money?

Your landlord must put your deposit in a government-backed tenancy deposit scheme (TDP). They must be do this within 30 days of getting it. Your landlord must use a TDP scheme even if your deposit is paid by someone else, such as your

Remember, all fees payable, including the rent are up for negotiation.

Make sure you get your contract checked with SU Advice before signing!



Step 6 Viewing properties

Just because its student accommodation doesn't mean you should accept sub-standard housing.

Take the attached checklist with you so you can compare the different houses you've viewed.

Is there any obvious disrepair to the house? Note this down to raise with the landlord/agent before signing.

Speak to the current tenants landlord? Are there any start and end? Ensure that issues with the property? everything agreed is in

"notice" before they come round? (They should 24 hours' notice).

Be safe. don't visit on your own.

Property not built/going t

be renovated/extended /redecorated? Can the work really be done in time? When are the current tenants leaving? When is the work going to take place? Discuss with the landlord/agent what happens if it's not finished

Visit the area both during the day and the evening, does it feel safe?

Ask the current tenants how much the bills are. If bills are included in the rent ask the landlord if there is a cap on usage.

Make sure you view a selection of properties. but if you're on your 15th viewing, you may need to revisit your requirements.

Make sure you get your contract checked with SU Advice before signing!

The best houses go first - FALSE properties become available to rent all year round for lots of reasons.

e.g housemates don't renew their contracts, properties are being renovated...

TO LET

Finding a new place Your guide to househunting





You're starting to think about accommodation options for your next academic year and perhaps decided that private-rented accommodation is for you.

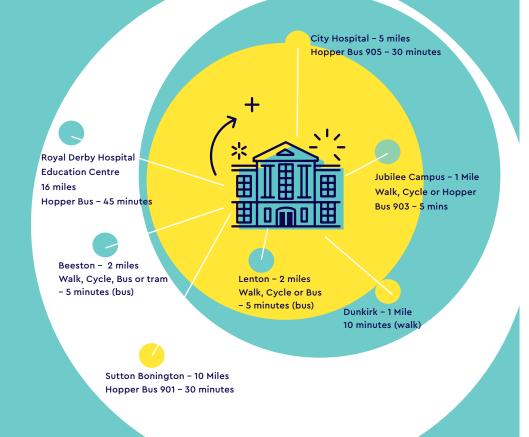
If this is the case then this is your SU guide of key information and things to consider as you start looking.

There's plenty of accommodation in Nottingham, in fact, there's more accommodation than students, so you're spoilt for choice! With this in mind, take some time to explore your options, areas of the city, find what's right for you, and most of all enjoy the experience.

You can find lots more information and tips from SU Advice at

su.nottingham.ac.uk/advice or by visiting Advice on C floor, Portland Building.





Additional considerations

Negotiations

What can you negotiate? Because there is a surplus of accommodation in Nottingham, we recommend you try to negotiate on the following:

The amount of rent payable

The summer retainer (if this is being asked for)

The length of the contract

Any administration costs

Bills included

Refurbishments/improvements

Furniture/appliances

Licensing and

All letting agents need to be members

International students

bills directly yourselves. Ideally, you should have viewed the property in person before you commit Be confident (not pushy) and ask,

Remember, agents/landlords are just as keen to let their properties as you are to find somewhere.

It is nearly always cheaper to pay

they can only say no.

ZaiT

You should negotiate a gap between tenancies to allow for cleaning/ refurbishments.

Know the market - find out average rents and administration fees.

Be able to justify your reason for asking for a discount/reduction.

When viewing as a group, you may want to nominate a lead negotiator.

Make a good impression - landlords want responsible tenants.

accreditation

Most properties in Nottingham fall under a licensing scheme, which sets our standards that your house has to meet.

All letting agents need to be members of a "property redress scheme". These are government authorised schemes which give you a way to escalate complaints if you're unhappy with they have been dealt

with by your letting agent. You should also

look for a property that s Nottingham Standard accredited.

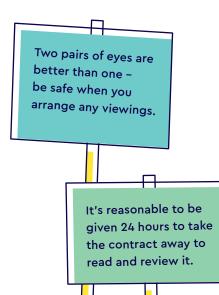
of a "redress scheme"

and pay any money.

If you need a UK based guarantor, and this is not possible, you may be asked to pay an increased amount of rent in advance. Try negotiating to minimise the upfront cost.

If you are bringing your family later in the year, don't make a long term commitment to a property that is not suitable for your family

It's not rude to ask questions and walk away if you need further advice and support before committing to a decision.



Checklist

Here's a checklist of what to look out for, with three rows to compare viewings.

Ask the landlord

See a copy of the HMO licence (if the property has more than 5 people)

Is the property part of the 'Nottingham Standard' accreditation

To see a gas safety certificate

Which deposit protection scheme do they use

Ask the current tenants

Are repairs completed in a reasonable time?

pes the heating work?		
ave they enjoyed living there?		
hy are they leaving?		
re there any issues with the house?		
ow is the local area?		
fter your visit		
ave you visited the area during the day and night?		
ontact the current tenants if you missed them earlier		

Viewing Notes

Do you require a guarantor?

Is there a 'holding deposit'?

Do you want to live there?

SU Advice can provide all the advice and support you need in finding the perfect home.